THE WEATHER.

Fair Sunday; Monday fair and warmer.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

16 Pages To-Day
Two Sections

VOL. XCII—NO. 43. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1913. WHOLE NUMBER 13,321.

Library of Congress

CALIFORNIA LAND ISSUE UNSETTLED

Secretary of State Will Send Message to the Governor.

THE GOVERNMENT'S ATTITUDE

Bryan Confers With President Wilson and Ambassador Chinda—Japan's Protest to Anti-alien Bill Formally Presented

Washington, May 10.—Secretary Bryan tonight formulated a message to Governor Johnson, of California, setting forth representations of the Japanese government and views of the administration here as to what was considered discriminatory in the Webb anti-alien bill, passed by the California Legislature and now awaiting action by the Governor.

Mr. Bryan conferred with President Wilson an hour, discussing in detail the formal protest filed by Ambassador Chinda. It was decided the Secretary should frame a communication to Governor Johnson, but the nature of it was not disclosed. Mr. Bryan said the message would not be sent tonight. He probably will confer with the President tomorrow before dispatching it.

Mr. Bryan communicated with the Japanese Ambassador immediately after the conference with the President, but it is believed he merely advised him of the intended course of action. Formal reply to the Japanese protest probably will not be made by the State Department until some answer is received from Governor Johnson as to his action on the bill.

The impression that spread in official circles tonight was that Secretary Bryan would urge the California Governor to refer the bill back to the Legislature for modifications that would meet the Japanese objections. There is a well-founded belief that if Governor Johnson refuses either to veto the bill or recommend modifications, California friends of the Federal administration will attempt to invoke the referendum with the idea of nullifying the law until an election can be held, the interval being used to obtain a complete understanding diplomatically between Japan and the United States, or perhaps to frame a new treaty covering disputed points.

Secretary Bryan and Viscount Chinda, the Japanese ambassador got down to business today at an early conference over the California alien land bill.

Japan's protest already had been formally presented, and the Ambassador was waiting to learn what the United States proposed to do about the bill already passed by the California Legislature, and awaiting Governor Johnson's signature. It was evident that there was no disposition to delay the question and it appeared to be the intention of Secretary Bryan to give to the Japanese Ambassador a prompt assurance of what his government might expect the United States to do about the legislation Japan considers offensive.

The conference lasted an hour and at its conclusion Viscount Chinda paid a short visit to Councilor Moore. No statement was forthcoming as to what had taken place but it was known that having presented his views of his own government in objection to the California legislation, as well as that of Arizona, the Ambassador withdrew to await a formal answer from the State Department.

The President's return from Mount Vernon early in the afternoon afforded Secretary Bryan opportunity to confer with him on the views of the Japanese government regarding the California and Arizona anti-allen land legislation as presented by Ambassador Chinda.

VETERANS FIGHT.

Old Soldiers at Durham Engage in a Lively Bout.

Durham, N. C., May 10.—A sensational incident featured Memorial Day exercises here when Gen. Julian S. Carr, millionaire tobacconist, and Division Commander of the United Confederate Veterans, and Major Hamilton, commander of the Webb camp of Confederate veterans in Durham county, engaged in a fist fight in the court house. It seems that trouble between Gen. Carr and Maj. Hamilton grew out of differences of opinion concerning the line of march for the veterans. Following a meeting of the veterans at which Maj. Hamilton presided, Gen. Carr ordered the major under arrest. After the fight Gen. Carr picked up Maj. Hamilton's glasses and handing them to the major reminded him that he was still under arrest. The men later "made up."

"STONEWALL" JACKSON.

Memorial Service to Southern Hero Who Died Fifty Years Ago.

Lexington, Va., May 10.—The 50th anniversary of the death of "Stonewall" Jackson was observed today at the Virginia Military Institute, where he once was a professor when the battery used by the famous Confederate general in the Valley campaign of Virginia was trooped, and four of the guns were fired by Confederate veterans, members of the Rock Bridge Artillery. The first gun in the valley campaign fired by Sergt. Davis E. Moore was fired again by him today.

The gun caisson which bore Gen. Jackson's body to the grave was decorated with wreathes and escorted by the cadet battalion to the cemetery where appropriate ceremonies were held.

REPRESENTATIVE [illegible] RESIGN

In Speech Before House He Announced His Intention—Is Not Entitled To Seat Under Michigan Election Laws

Washington, May 10.—Representative Holin Young, of Ishpeming, Mich., announced in a speech in the House today his intention of resigning his seat. He discussed the contest instituted by William J. McDonald, a Progressive, saying 452 intended for McDonald had not been counted for him and he did not feel justified in holding his seat.

The State Board of Canvassers issued a certificate to Mr. Young, declaring he had received an apparent majority of 281, after 458 ballots cast by mistake for "Sheldon William J. McDonald," had been thrown out. Mr. Young declared the 458 electors intended to vote for McDonald and that he did not feel justified in holding the seat.

Mr. Young discussed at length the legal question involved in the canvass of the vote, saying the Board of Canvassers in throwing out 458 votes cast, and the State courts in upholding the decision, had acted in strict acordance with the Michigan election laws. He said he had delayed taking action to await a full investigation of the case.

"I am now convinced," he said, "that if the 458 votes in dispute were counted for the contestant the verdict would not be in my favor. I am convinced that these 458 electors intended to vote for William J. McDonald, and, while under the law, he is not entitled to those votes, I do not care to hold a seat that may be questioned by honorable and disinterested men. I will send my resignation to the Secretary of State of Michigan and will file a copy with the Speaker of the House."

In a husky voice Mr. Young reviewed his associations during his ten-year service in the House and expressed his regret at leaving.

Progressive Leader Murdock and Representative Hindebaugh, of Illinois, a Progressive, replied to Mr. Young and argued in favor of giving Mr. McDonald the seat. In the discussion several members declared Mr. Young's resignation would in no way affect the right of Mr. McDonald to prosecute his contest.

Mr. Young was a candidate on the Republican ticket.

HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE

Four Thousand Men Said to Have Been Killed in Battle

Nogales, Ariz., May 10.—After an estimated loss of 4,000 men on both sides in fighting which lasted from 3 o'clock yesterday morning until nightfall, 2,500 Federals were driven back into Guayamas, the California gulf port, by 6,000 Insurgent Sonora State troops. Heavy cannonading reported today from Ortiz the State troop base, indicated that the attack on Guayamas proper had begun.

The official Insurgent reports state that 150 Federal soldiers and 35 officers were captured and ten machine guns abandoned to the State troops. Among the killed was Colonel Martinez, chief of the Federal artillery. To assist in the actual attack on Guayamas, 250 cavalry are on the way from Agua Prieta, opposite Douglas, Ariz. All Sonora border towns today celebrated the victory.

The Federals were driven from their new advance trenches just out of Guayamas, leaving 200 dead in today's fighting, according to the latest reports from the front.

Evidences that still another war aeroplane is being smuggled over the border to assist in the attack on Guayamas, a huge roll was received by express today at Nogales, Sonora. Didier Masson, the French aviator, narrowly escaped arrest below Tucson, Ariz., where his aeroplane was held by the United States Federal authorities. Masson said the package contained the vital parts of an aeroplane but no engine. Then, with his mechanic he departed tonight for the south, taking the mysterious package with him. It was intimated that the packages held below Tucson are dummies.

NEW MARKET A FAILURE

Lack of Capital and Inability to Sell the Rough the Cause

The Citizens' Co-operative Meat Market, opened about a month ago for the avowed purpose of fetching down the high cost of living to some extent, has closed its doors. Mr. W. R. Applebury, manager, told a Star man yesterday that while he had done everything that he could possibly do to keep the undertaking on its feet, he had failed because of, first, insufficient capital, and second, the inability to sell the rough meats. His trade demanded the better cuts and the other spoiled on his hands. The market owed about $70, and Mr. Applebury has personally guaranteed the payment of same. The subscriptions paid in on the $1 a share basis, amounted to about $400. No disposition has been made of the fixtures of the market as yet.

CHARLESTON'S GUEST.

Josephus Daniels Visits South Carolina Port.

Charleston, S. C., May 10.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels accompanied by Mrs. Daniels and Lieut. Commander L. C. Palmer, his naval aide, left here tonight on the torpedo boat destroyer Reid for Port Royal and Savannah. Today the Secretary inspected the Charleston navy yard, and tonight he was entertained at a dinner by the municipal government and the commercial organizations of the city. Tomorrow, after inspecting the Port Royal navy yard, Secretary Daniels will make a short visit to Col. Pleasant A. Stovall, in Savannah. He will leave tomorrow night for Raleigh. North Carolinians of Savannah will give a dinner in his honor.

Brownsville, Texas, May 10. — A fierce battle is reported in progress at Reynosa, 60 miles west of Matamoras, Mexico. Six hundred Constitutionalists are said to have attacked a large force of Federals.

LOVING TRIBUTE TO SOLDIER DEAD

Confederate Memorial Day Generally Observed on Yesterday.

BEAUTIFUL EXERCISES HELD

Observance Locally at Oakdale Cemetery, Where Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton Made the Address—Graves Decorated.

Throughout the Carolinas yesterday Confederate Memorial Day was observed by Southern patriotic organizations and the public generally, and in city and town, village and country graveyard, the resting places of the men who wore the gray received the yearly offering of flowers and laurel wreaths while orators paid glowing tribute to their memory and brought again before the minds of young and old the story of the heroism and bravery and sacrifice and patriotism of that generation of magnificent young men who sprang to arms in the sixties and marched to the front in defense of principle, inalienable rights, their homes and firesides.

May 10th is observed as Memorial Day in North and South Carolina and a few other Southern States. Other States of the South have various dates for like observances. In Wilmington the day was generally recognized and observed. Many places of business were closed, including the banks and public offices.

The memorial exercises at beautiful Oakdale cemetery drew several hundred people of all ages and held the closest attention of all. At 4:30 o'clock the various organizations formed in procession at the lodge and marched to the monument. Leading were the Wilmington Light Infantry and Boys' Brigade who formed double lines at the entrance between which marched the old soldiers, 30 of them, in uniform, members of the Cape Fear Camp; the Daughters of the Confederacy, Cape Fear Chapter, and the members of George Davis Chapter, Children of the Confederacy, all of whom gathered in the enclosure around the Confederate monument which had been decorated with wreaths of laurel, flowers and the Stars and Bars until it presented an impressive appearance to any who looked upon it and coupled in thought the martial spirit of the sixties with the devotion of a people 50 years removed from the giant conflict.

A quartette composed of Miss Carrie Bowen, soprano, Mrs. Julian Taylor, alto; Mr. Jos. B. Fenley, tenor, and Mr. A. S. Holden, bass, opened the programme with "They Sleep." Rev. J. D. Bundy, chaplain of the Cape Fear Camp, spoke the invocation, and the choir and audience joined in singing Gen. Robert E. Lee's favorite hymn, "For All the Saints Who From Their Labors Rest," after which Capt. W. P. Oldham, chief marshal of the day, presented the orator, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, whose splendid address held the very large audience until the last word was spoken. Scholarly, abounding in richest philosophy, and eloquent to a degree, it surpassed any Memorial Day address that many had ever heard, and it was thoroughly appreciated and enjoyed because of its originality and admirable delivery. Upon its conclusion the speaker was warmly congratulated by many of his admiring auditors.

Dr. Milton also read the immortal roll of honor, the names of those who lost their lives in the service of the Confederacy, 1861-1865—names that people of this city hold dear. The list of those who have died since last Memorial Day was also read. It contained the following: Lieut. John D. Taylor, James A. Walker, Lewis Taylor James H. Hewitt, and Sergt. R. M. McIntire. This reading was followed by "Cover Them Over With Beautiful Flowers."

Rev. J. D. Bundy read the list of those to whom crosses of honor had been awarded, but only one veteran was present, he being Mr. N. P. Holland, Company C, First Regiment, N. C. Volunteers. The names of those who were to have been presented with crosses are: Owen Thomas Arnold, Private Company C, 36th Heavy Artillery; Noah B. Burnett, corporal Company K, 36th Heavy Artillery; W. P. Gore, corporal Company G, 20th N. C. Volunteers; J. H. White, corporal Company G, 20th Regiment; A. T. Williams, private Company B, 36th Heavy Artillery; John A. Brown, brigadier general, C. S. A.

"Soldiers of Christ, Arise," was sung, the Doxology given and Rev. J. D. Bundy pronounced the benediction, the soldier boys fired three volleys and the bugle sounded "taps", and Memorial Day, 1913, was added to the long list of such occasions when a whole people gather to honor their heroic dead and to keep green the memory of a race of men whose fame has reached into all countries because of their loyalty to a cause and their unsurpassed struggle against overwhelming odds.

The exercises, which included the decoration of the numerous graves, were notable because of their interesting character and the very appropriate manner in which every detail was carried out. The committee from the Cape Fear Chapter, U. D. C., having in charge the plans of the day, was composed of Mesdames Junius Davis, T. E. Sprunt, Gabriel Holmes, Lily Brown and Miss Margaret Price.

Dr. Milton's Address.

We are met together here today, Veterans and Sons and Daughters of the Southern Confederacy, in common with hosts of others of like sympathies and a like inheritance in every section of our beloved Southland, to lay our memorial wreathes upon the graves

(Continued on Page Four.)

T. P. A'S. AT GREENSBORO

State Association Adjourns at Greensboro to Meet at Rocky Mount Next—Freight Rate Committee and Officers.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., May 10.—The convention of the North Carolina T. P. A., before adjourning this afternoon selected Rocky Mount as the next place of annual session. Invitations were extended from Asheville and Wilmington. Officers were elected as follows:

President—E. L. Clinard, Winston-Salem.

First Vice President—A. S. Byrd, Charlotte.

Second Vice President—G. S. Edwards, Rocky Mount.

Third Vice President—R. J. Corbitt, Durham.

Secretary and Treasurer—C. C. McLean, Greensboro.

Directors—R. N. Carrier, Greensboro; E. W. McNairy, Greensboro; W. H. Lea, Greensboro; C. F. Fordham, High Point; J. J. Norman, Winston-Salem; D. C. Crutchfield, Winston-Salem.

Fifteen delegates were also selected to attend the National convention to be held in Richmond June 9th to 12th.

The convention resolved to operate with all other associations in securing legislative action against the tipping evil.

A resolution strongly endorsing Governor Craig and the legislative freight rate committee in trying to secure equitable freight rates for North Carolina was adopted and the following were appointed to attend the freight rate conference at Raleigh May 15th: C. H. Ireland, Greensboro; J. Allan Taylor, Wilmington; George S. Edwards, Rocky Mount.

The various committees made excellent reports, showing progress along all lines during the past year and an increase of 40 per cent. in membership. During the year nearly $4,000 have been paid to members in accident benefits.

REAL "LIKKER" MIX-UP.

Raleigh Detective, Rev. R. L. Davis, and O. G. King Involved.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., May 10.—Evidence that fraud was practiced by detectives in supplying Rev. R. L. Davis, manager of the State Anti-Saloon League, with liquor alleged to have been purchased without prescription from J. C. Chappell, chief clerk in the Glenwood Pharmacy, owned by O. G. King, the dismissal of the [illegible] against Chappell and a fist fight between a friend of Chappell and Detective Green with intervention by Rev. Mr. Davis, who used one of the bottles of whiskey in evidence as a cudgel on the assailant of the detective, were features of the magistrate's court hearing of this sensational case this evening before Justice S. L. Rotter. Chappell's indictment was a sensational turn in the campaign against the election of O. G. King as commissioner of public safety. Rev. Davis having had Chappell arrested and his employer, King suspected of selling liquor in the unsuccessful effort to defeat King for commissioner of public safety for Raleigh.

At the trial there was evidence that the liquor turned over to Davis as purchased from King's drug store was really bought on a prescription by a young physician here and filled at a negro drug store, Jones, the negro druggist identifying the bottle and giving the details of the filling of the prescription for Detective B. M. Green. Green admitted getting a prescription filled for an aged aunt at the negro drug store, but insisted that he purchased whiskey from the Glennwood Pharmacy as well. After the case against Chappell was dismissed Wiley Straughn, a friend of Chappell, attacked ex-Detective Green in the corridor of the municipal building, beating him up considerably and receiving right rough handling by the detective.

Both men bled freely. It was in the midst of this fight that Rev. Davis went to the aid of Detective Green and is charged with having hit Straughn over the head with the quart bottle of whiskey that was evidence as alleged to have been purchased from King's drug store.

The detective and Straughn were both put under bond for appearance Monday to answer the charge of an affray.

NEGRO SHOT IN ROBESON.

Sheriff Lewis Leaves for Wakulla Section in Response to Summons.

(By Long Distance Telephone.

Lumberton, N. C., May 10.—Sheriff Lewis left at once in response to a telephone message at 10 o'clock tonight stating that in a drunken row in Wakulla township, in the upper end of the county, one negro had killed another. No names were given.

Berlin, May 11.—According to the Morgen Post, the Emperor was robbed of two alligator handbags while returning by train from his recent visit to Strasburg. The handbags contained articles of personal use.

OUTLINES

In the House yesterday Representative Young, of Michigan, announced that he would resign his seat because his election is in dispute.

President Wilson discussed yesterday with Majority Leader Underwood the general situation in Congress, and the prospect for currency legislation.

Secretary Bryan has formulated a message to Governor Johnson, of California setting forth the views of the Japanese government in regard to land legislation in that State.

Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance Committee, conferred with department officials yesterday, and discussed the proposed amendments to the Underwood tariff measures which are soon to be considered in the Senate.

New York markets: Money on call nominal; no loans; time loans easier. Cotton quiet; middling uplands 12.00; middling gulf 12.35, no sales. Flour steady. Wheat steady. Corn firm, 64 cents. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

SIMMONS FAVORS TARIFF AMENDMENT

Sees Merit in Plan Suggested by Department Officials.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE HELD

Valuations on Imports and Ad Valorem Rates Considered in Connection With Underwood Bill Now Facing Senate

Washington, May 10.—Chairman Simmons, of the Finance Committee sees merit in an amendment to the tariff bill suggested today by Assistant Attorney General Denison, and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Curtis to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to proclaim valuations on imports. It is claimed that would prevent under valuations and to avoid confusion resulting from fluctuating foreign market values and ad valorem rates.

After the department officials had explained their proposed amendment to the Senator today he declared it a worthy proposal, and that it would receive the most thorough consideration by the committee. The plan seemed to him to be of chief value as an absolute preventative of fraud on the part of importers in wilful undervaluations to reduce duties they would be required to pay.

Simmons on Tariff

"The bill as it is," said Chairman Simmons, "has many safeguards against under-valuations, but the proposal to empower the Secretary of the Treasury to fix important valuations in the American market would be an additional check. It would answer the principal objection advanced toward an advalorem tariff system. The suggestion will be given the most serious consideration." The plan will be taken up by the committee next week. Chairman Underwood, of the Ways and Means Committee, also was consulted by Mr. Denison and Mr. Curtis.

Public Hearings

Chief interest in the tariff now lies in the contest over the question of public hearings precipitated by Senator Penrose. There is a possibility that the Republicans may rally enough Democratic support to their plan to defeat the majority party in its tariff programme at this juncture. Such a development undoubtedly would result in slowing up consideration of the measure in the Senate. That is the Democratic chief objection to public hearings.

They feel that hearings would not result in material alterations of the bill and that the country is entitled to the new law as soon as it possibly can be made ready for the statute books.

Senators Ransdell and Thornton, of Louisiana, are openly in favor of the hearings. Senator Martine and others have expressed themselves favorably to them, but the Democratic leaders assert they will have enough votes to defeat the Penrose amendment when it comes up Tuesday. The bill then will be formally referred to the Finance Committee.

Proposed Amendments

Secretary Redfield suggested today to Chairman Simmons that the committee consider the advisability of changing the date that some of the schedules become effective. The textile industry is particularly desirous of gaining a little time to adjust itself to the new conditions and to get rid of valuable material upon which high duties have been paid.

Another suggestion made by Secretary Redfield referred to the advisability of having the income tax computed from July 1st, 1913, instead of January 1st, 1913.

Another amendment proposed would make it unlawful for any person to take up appeals from appraised valuations on a contingent fee basis. Assistant Attorney General Denison said today that the amendment with the provision already in the bill requiring a fee of $1 for all protests and appeals would curtail customs litigation 50 per cent.

The proposed amendment, which injects a completely new feature into the administration of the tariff law, was conceived by Assistant Attorney General Denison, who was chairman of the Presidential Commission that investigated the Board of General Appraisers several months ago. The recommendations of the commission for sweeping changes in the present methods of appraisement and classification recently were submitted to the Congress by President Wilson.

SLEUTH TRIED "THIRD DEGREE"

Tortured Negro In Effort to Secure Testimony

Asheville, N. C., May 10.—Claiming that he had been hung up by the thumbs and otherwise tortured by W. S. Adams, a South Carolina detective, in an effort to make him give perjured testimony against John Huff, a negro acquitted here today on the charge of murder, John Walker, a negro from Anderson, S. C., made a sworn affidavit before a local magistrate here today which resulted in the arrest of the detective. In his statement Walker claimed that he was called from church at Anderson last Sunday, taken to Star, a nearby town, and turned over to Adams who with two other white men took him into the woods, hung him up by the thumbs and beat him until he agreed to give the required testimony. The negro exhibited scars on his thumbs and head to confirm his statement. Adams will be tried here Monday.

Consult Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, about your eyes. You will save time and money. 25 years' experience. Eyes treated free. Masonic Temple. (Advertisement.)

CONGRESSIONAL SITUATION

President Wilson Discusses Prospect for Currency Legislation With Majority Leader Underwood—The Selection of Committees.

Washington, May 10. — President Wilson today discussed with Majority Leader Underwood the general situation in Congress, and the prospect for currency legislation, which the President is anxious to have passed at this session, if possible.

The President was particularly interested in the organization of the committees of the House. He was anxious to learn the complexion of the Democratic side of the banking and currency committee, which the Ways and Means Committee, acting as a committee on committees for the Democratic caucus, is now preparing to select.

Carter Glass Chairman.

Mr. Underwood told the President that Representative Carter Glass of Virginia, ranking remaining member of the Banking and Currency Committee of the last House, would be selected as chairman. Representative Glass was chairman of the Sub-Committee on Banking and Currency which made an extensive investigation last session of currency reform measures, with particular attention to the so-called Aldrich currency plan endorsed by the National Monetary Commission.

The President believes the make-up of the House Banking and Currency Committee should be finally decided upon as possible so that members may begin work on a currency bill to be brought in soon after the House resumes active sessions early in June.

Committee Tentatively Selected.

The committee has been tentatively selected by Mr. Underwood and his committee colleagues, but the names are still subject to shifting before finally announced. As now shaped up, these members who were on the committee in the last Congress will remain:

Representative Glass, Virginia, chairman; Korbley, Indiana; Bulkley, Ohio; Neeley, Kansas; Byrd, South Carolina; Brown West Virginia, and possibly Stephens, Mississippi, Democrats, and Hays, California, and Guernsey, Maine, Republicans.

Representative Talbott, of Maryland, prefers to remain on the Naval Affairs Committee, rather than sacrifice that assignment for a place on the Banking and Currency, and Taylor of Alabama prefers the Rivers and Harbors Committee, while Stephes of Mississippi is said to be slated for a place on the Good Roads Committee.

Petition for Early Caucus.

A petition for a call for an early caucus of the House Democrats to create the Good Roads Committee was circulated in the House today. The final approval of the new men on the Banking and Currency committee will not be vouchsafed, it is understood, until their currency reform views are made clear, the object of the leaders being to get effective currency reform legislation in the House as quickly as possible.

There will not be many changes in the important chairmanships in the House, though there will have to be new heads of Agriculture, for which Lever of South Carolina is slated, and for Immigration, in the event Burnett of Alabama elects to change to Public Buildings and Grounds.

THE MEXICAN REVOLUTION.

No Prospect of Peace—Former Governor Speaks.

New Orleans, May 10.—"Revolution in Mexico will continue until slavery has been wiped out and the people have established a government firmly grounded on the principles of social and political justice." This declaration was made here today by Alberto Fuenter D., former Governor of the State of Aguascallentes, who arrived here last night, en route to Coahuila to join Col. Venustiano Carranza, military chief of the Constitutionalist forces. He declared that a sentiment favorable to Americans is developing throughout Mexico because of the refusal of the American government to recognize the Huerta administration. Such a recognition, he declared, would help to fasten upon Mexico the most unpopular set of officials that ever attempted to control a republic on this continent.

"The recognition of Huerta's power," he said, "would be a blot upon civilization and a shame to humanity, because a power that is a consequence of a treacherous act and a double murder cannot but follow a course of crime."

He said a coterie of wealthy men of Mexico City had tried to defeat the campaign for justice inaugurated by Madero three years ago, but the effects of the brutal murders of Madero and Pino Suarez had proved that the flame had been kindled anew.

"Mexico is aflame and no power under heaven can stop the fight that will not end until Huerta and Diaz and all such conspirators either pay with their lives the penalty of selfishness and disloyalty, or are driven forever from the republic."

AT NATIONAL CAPITOL.

Proceedings of the House and Senate Told in Brief.

Washington, May 10.—Senate: Not in session. Meets Tuesday, 2 P. M.

Territories committee continued its hearings on Alaskan problems.

House: Met at noon.

Majority Leader Underwood, Progressive Leader Murdock, and Minority Leader Mann, conferred on committee appointments.

Passed bill to admit free of duty exhibits for San Diego exposition.

Bill appropriating $600,000 for the hire of clerks for the parcel post was passed.

Representative H. Olin Loung, 12th Michigan district, announced his intention of resigning.

Passed bill creating new district judgeship in Eastern district of Pennsylvania.

Adjourned at 5:45 P. M. until noon Monday.

Washington, May 10.—President Wilson was authorized to send delegates to the International Conference on Education at The Hague this year by a joint resolution passed today by the House. No appropriation was made for expenses.

ILLINOIS SENATE MAKES ACCUSATION

Lieutenant Governor Charged With Immorality and Improper Intimacy

COMMITTEE HEARS TESTIMONY

The Respondent, Barrett O'Hara, Flatly Denies Charges Preferred Against Him and Offers to Produce Witnesses.

Chicago, May 10.—Miss Robinson, accuser, and Lieut. Gov. Barrett O'Hara, respondent in accusation of immorality presented in the Illinois Senate against the latter today offered before the Senate investiagtion committee testimony which differed in one detail but agreed in essential matters.

Improper Intimacy Denied.

Both denied improper intimacy and differed in the single statement made by Miss Robinson that on the night of January 17th O'Hara visited the suites at the Hotel Sherman occupied by Miss Robinson and another woman. According to Miss Robinson, O'Hara called at the apartment after he, Thomas Vredenburgh, Harry Gibbons, a Chicago court bailiff, Miss Robinson and another woman had visited the cafe of the Hotel Sherman and the Lambs Cafe, across the street.

O'Hara's Testimony Supported.

O'Hara stated, and in this testimony he was supported by Frank J. Jacobson, an advertising man, that after leaving the Lambs Cafe, the second one visited that evening, he met Jacobson at the Press Club, took a midnight lunch with the latter, at a short order restaurant, and then went home, accompanied by Jacobson. In this connection he offered to produce as witnesses his mother and his father. He accounted in similar detail for his public appearance on the next day, January 18th, at a luncheon, a banquet, and at the theatre. He named numerous witnesses who would confirm his testimony on these points. The remainder of the 18th, he played poker with members of the Press Club, naming a number of them, until 6 o'clock Sunday morning. In support of this story, he offered to produce checks against him at the Press Club. This was the morning of the 19th. The most of the day he spent at his office, and the home of his parents. He attended the Olympic Theatre late in the performance, and sat in a box alone. His appearance at the theatre was explained by him as follows:

The manager of the theatre, a friend, had given him a box to attend the first performance of a play on the night in question. Not desiring to sit through a performance, he offered the box to Verdenburgh, who accepted it.

Introduction to Miss Robinson.

It was Viedenburgh who showed great courtesy in securing a home for him at Springfield, and who introduced him to Miss Robinson on a train coming from Springfield to Chicago on January 17th. O'Hara dropped in at the play late because the manager of the theatre desired to obtain his opinion of the production. Leaving the theatre, O'Hara met Viedenburgh and the two women, and being urged "took a sandwich" with them at a cafe. He then returned to his home.

Could Not Remember Woman's Name.

In his testimony O'Hara said he could not remember the name of the woman who was with Miss Robinson. He stated, however, that Viedenburgh had told him that he had registered the women as having husbands, at the request of the women, who had a parlor in common. Viedenburgh explained that this was because the women desired to receive their friends, including several men, without having their guests annoyed by possible questioning on the part of the hotel management. The Lieutenant Governor also stated that at no time during the period under investigation did he drink of anything intoxicating.

In interviews at Madison, Wis., with Miss Mabel Davidson Inbusch, daughter of former Governor James O. Davidson, of Wisconsin, whose name had been brought into the story as the companion of Miss Robinson, Mrs. Inbusch denied that she had ever met a Miss Robinson in Chicago.

TO MEET AT CHATTANOOGA

Grand Army of the Republic Accepts Invitation

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 10.—The reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic will be held in Chattanooga next September, the invitation having been accepted by the organization by telegraph tonight. The committee appointed a week ago to consider the advisability of inviting the veterans to meet in this city, this morning decided to extend the invitation and this was done by telegraph, the message being signed by ex-Senator Newell Sanders, chairman, the mayor, officials of all commercial bodies, and by Captain J. F. Shipp, of Baltimore, the Confederate Veterans' organization. Tonight the following message of acceptance was received:

"Bridgeport, Conn., May 10th, 1913.

"The Hon. Newell Sanders, chairman, Chattanooga, Tenn.

"Your telegram of invitation to the G. A. R. to hold its 47th National encampment at Chattanooga is received and is thereby accepted.

"The G. A. R. highly appreciates the patriotic spirit which prompted the invitation and trust that the encampment will redound to the credit of your beautiful city and be a source of lasting gratification to both hosts and guests.

"ALFRED BEERS,
"Commander-in-Chief."

Music by the Orchestra

The Grand's new orchestra is proving the amusement feature of the town just at present. Better drop around Monday and see the pictures, too.

(Advertisement.)

IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

BASEBALL - YACHTING - TENNIS - GOLF - MOTORING

WALTER JOHNSON FOREVER

Added Nine More Runless Innings to His Record in Chicago American Game Yesterday—Leaders All Win Their Games.

Walter Johnson, the speed king of the American League, added nine more runless innings to his record yesterday, the Washingtons defeating Chicago one to nothing. However, Walter has not yet broken the record of Doc White nine years ago, but it is agreed wherever baseball is known that the aforesaid Walter is pitching some and is liable at any moment to smash any old record that he cares to.

This feat was easily the feature of the games in the American League yesterday, though there was something doing also out on the Detroit lot, when New York finally prized out a victory in a ten-inning struggle 10 to 9. Ty Cobb, much cussed and discussed in fandom, popped up the sacrifice fly that tied the score in the ninth but Daniels brought in the winning run when Hartzell drove a savage single to centre. Cobb's sacrifice fly made it possible for Detroit to have a look-in for the game, and the pity is the New Yorks won in the tenth. The game is described as "Chance Day" in Detroit.

In the St. Louis game Plank was hit hard for the Athletics, but he finally won out his game, score 8 to 6. At Cleveland the locals made it three out of four with the world's champs, the break having come in the sixth when four hits, including a triple by Jackson, and an error, netted six runs.

Cobb to the Rescue.

Detroit, May 10.—Thrilling situations and awful errors reigned supreme in the last game of the series today—a ten-inning struggle—which New York took from Detroit by a 10 to 9 score. Ty Cobb's sacrifice fly in the ninth, bringing Vitt home, tied the score. Daniels brought in the winning run when Hartzell drove a savage single to center. Cobb, whose eyes have been bothering him, was sitting on the Detroit bench in civilian clothes in the sixth inning, when his club began to forge toward victory. Springing to the club house he donned a uniform and returned in time to bat for Louden in the ninth. He lifted a weak fly to Cree, but the fielder threw poorly to the plate and Vitt had no trouble scoring. It was "Chance Day" in Detroit.

New York	002	024	1001—10 13 8
Detroit	300	102	1020— 9 7 1

Fisher, McConnell and Sweeney; Dauss, Klawitter, Hall and Dondeau. time 2:35; umpires Dineen and Hart.

Runless Walter Johnson.

Chicago, May 10.—Walter Johnson, the speedy pitcher of the Washington club, added nine more innings to his record in holding his opponents runless, by shutting out the local team today 1 to 0. This gives him a total of 52 2-3 innings pitched in which his opponents have been unable to score. The record for runless innings is held by Doc White, pitcher of the Chicago American League Club. White pitched 56 innings without allowing a score, nine years ago. Johnson was opposed by Benz, who gave a fine exhibition.

Washington	000	010	000—1 5 0
Chicago	000	000	000—0 2 3

Johnson and Ainsmith; Benz, Lange and Schalk; time 1:50; umpires Evans and Hildebrand.

Plank Hit Hard, But Won.

St. Louis, May 10.—Philadelphia won from St. Louis today 8 to 6. Plank was hit hard by the locals and his wildness in the ninth inning almost caused his downfall. Philadelphia won out in the 10th, scoring two runs. Austin was put out of the game in the 10th for disputing a called strike by Umpire O'Loughlin.

Philadelphia	000	031	0112—8 12 4
St. Louis	200	100	0030—6 11 2

Plank and Lapp; Stone, Leverenz, Hamilton and Agnew; time 2:55; umpires O'Loughlin and Ferguson.

Cleveland Takes Third.

Cleveland, May 10.—Taking today's game from Boston 9 to 2, Cleveland captured three out of four from the world's champions in the first series. The game was almost even until the sixth inning when four hits, including Jackson's triple, and an error gave Cleveland six runs.

Cleveland	010	026	00x—9 9 2
Boston	110	000	000—2 5 3

Steen and Carish; Hall, Foster and Cady and Nunemaker; time 2:07; umpires Connolly and McGreevy.

ANNUAL TRACK MEET

Yale Defeats Princeton in Field Day Events

Princeton, N. J., May 10.—Yale nosed out Princeton by the score of 60 1-2 to 56 1-2 in their annual track meet on University Field this afternoon. The high wind and cold weather made fast work impossible, but the meet was characterized by a number of close races. Yale captured eight first places as opposed to five for Princeton.

Yale's greatest advantage lay in the field events where she captured all but one first. The visitors took all three places in the hammer throw and the 120-yard hurdles.

It was this latter event that proved the downfall of the Tigers. Bryan, Princeton's only representative to qualify for the final heat of the 120-yard hurdles, had the race well in hand and probably would have won but he tripped at the last hurdle and fell to the ground with the rustl that the three Yale men crossed the line first.

Princeton captured the two first places in the broad jump. Yale had been conceded this event. Stickney, of Princeton, ran a heady race in the mile and finished with a strong sprint.

INTERNATIONAL TENNIS.

Touchard and Pell, Candidates for the Team, Lose Out.

New York, May 10.—G. F. Touchard and R. L. Pell, candidates for places on the American international Lawn Tennis team, were beaten here today by William Hall, paired with Haggett, the English profesional, who replaced Karl Behr, in four straight sets.

The day was cold and windy which seriously interfered with good playing.

Before the trial match the Australian players who will meet the American team next month, held the courts, it being the first time they have played here.

∴ STANDING OF THE TEAMS ∴

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	16	4	.800
Cleveland	16	7	.696
Washington	13	6	.684
Chicago	15	11	.577
St. Louis	10	15	.400
Boston	8	14	.364
Detroit	7	17	.292
New York	5	16	.238

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	12	6	.667
Brooklyn	14	8	.636
Chicago	15	10	.600
St. Louis	13	10	.565
New York	10	11	.476
Pittsburg	10	14	.417
Boston	8	12	.400
Cincinnati	6	17	.261

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Chicago 0; Washington 1.
At Detroit 9; New York 10; (10 innings).
At Cleveland 9; Boston 2.
At St. Louis 6; Philadelphia 8. (10 innings.)
At Brooklyn 9; Cincinnati 3.
At New York 1; Chicago 2.
At Philadelphia 6; Pittsburg 0.
At Boston 1; St. Louis 1; (12 innings, darkness.)

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Washington at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at Detroit.
New York at Cleveland.

No games scheduled.

IN THE MINORS

American Association.

At Indianapolis 9; Louisville 1.
At Toledo 1; Columbus 11.
At Kansas City 2; Minneapolis 1; (10 innings.)
At Milwaukee 4; St. Paul 6; (11 innings.)

International League.

At Buffalo 14; Baltimore 4.
At Montreal 5; Newark 4.
At Toronto 6; Jersey City 5. (11 innings.)
At Rochester 8; Providence 6.

Southern League.

At Montgomery 5; Atlanta 2.
At Mobile-Chattanooga, rain.
At Memphis 3; Birmingham 1.
At New Orleans 2; Nashville 3.

Federal League.

At Pittsburg 3; Cleveland 6.
At Covington 7; St. Louis 15.
At Indianapolis 6; Chicago 5; (11 innings.)

South Atlantic League.

At Savannah 4; Columbus 2.
At Macon 0; Albany 8.
At Jacksonville 1; Charleston 1; (11 innings, darkness.)

Appalachian League.

At Bristol 3; Johnson City 2.
At Knoxville 9; Middleboro 1.
At Rome 3; Cleveland 4.

Virginia League.

At Norfolk 18; Newport News 4.
At Petersburg 0; Roanoke 4.
At Richmond 6; Portsmouth 5.

United States League.

At Lynchburg 4; Baltimore 7.

College Games.

At Ann Arbor, Mich.: Michigan 14; Syracuse 1.
At Durham: Trinity 8; Washington and Lee 7; (10 innings.)
At Athens: Georgia Techs 5; Georgia University 4.
At Philadelphia: Yale 4; Pennsylvania 2; (14 innings.)
At Lynchburg: Virginia Christian 5; Daleville College 3.

New York, May 10.—Charles H. Ebbets, of the Brooklyn National League Club, today celebrated his 30th year in professional baseball as an employe, secretary and club president, successively. He was the guest tonight at a dinner tendered to him by citizens of Brooklyn. Plates were laid for 800, the largest dinner ever given in Brooklyn borough.

Hanover, N. H., May 10.—Dartmouth defeated the University of Pennsylvania in the track meet here today by a score of 70 1-2 to 46 1-2.

Walter J[illegible] away for a [illegible] less innings, [illegible] rels in yeste[illegible]

CAROLINA LEAGUE

Results Yesterday

At Greensboro 6; Asheville 5; (14 innings.)
At Winston 17; Raleigh 4.
At Charlotte 2; Durham 1.

Standing of the Teams

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Winston	10	5	.667
Durham	8	7	.533
Greensboro	8	7	.533
Raleigh	7	8	.467
Charlotte	7	8	.467
Asheville	5	10	.333

SPECTACULAR GAME AT DURHAM

Trinity Defeats Washington & Lee in Spectacular Exhibition.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Durham, N. C., May 10.—Trinity defeated Washington and Lee in the most sensational game ever witnessed at Hanes Field, 8 to 7. Heavy and opportune hitting featured the work of both teams. Donohue, for the visitors, accomplished a feat done here only twice before in the history of the college, in putting a ball over centerfield fence. Not satisfied with doing this stunt once, the little Irishman attempted to duplicate in the eighth, but only succeeded in getting it over on a bounce. Other spectacular plays also staged were Spence for Trinity making a long run after a fly and holding it after presenting an artist specialty in juggling. Wagoner, of Virginia, stumped his toe, turned a somersault, but held on to the fly in center. Thompson sent Anderson home in the first on a hit, and Adams scored Thompson likewise. Trinity scored twice again in the fifth, twice in the eighth, tieing the score, and twice in the tenth, winning the game. For the Virginians, Brower scored in the second on Wagoner's hit. The bases filled in the same inning, and Lancaster cleaned them by a three-bagger to left. Donohue scored all three of the other runs, getting a homer in the third, duplicating it in the eighth and scoring on Terry's hit in the tenth.

Batteries: Fitzgerald, Maddox, Larrick and Donohue; hits off Fitzgerald, 7, off Larrick 13; fanned, Larrick 7, Fitzgerald 7. Umpire Forsyth.

WILMINGTON HIGHS WIN

Defeated the Wilson High School Baseball Team Yesterday Afternoon by Score of 6 to 1—Was a Splendid Game

The Wilmington High School added another to its long list of baseball victories for the season yesterday afternoon when the locals captured the game from the Wilson High School team by a score of 6 to 1. With the exception of the first inning, when Wilmington made five of the six runs, it was a splendid exhibition of baseball.

In the first inning Wray, pitcher for Wilson, was wild and lost the game for his team. He hit four men and passed two which coupled with a sacrifice by Burnett, C., and a hit by Williams netted five runs. In the fourth inning Wilson bunched hits, Dew, Herring and Fleming getting one each, and made their lone run. Wilmington scored again in its half of the fourth on a two-base hit by Burnett, R., who stole home, making the last score of the game. From that time on neither team was able to score.

The features of the game were the pitching of Canady, which was wonderful for a young boy and shows that in the future, he will certainly be heard of again; the batting of Herring, for Wilson, who got three hits out of four times at bat, and a sensational catch by Williams, of Wilmington, in the eighth.

The line-up was as follows: Wilmington, Burnett, R., 1b; Shepard, 2b; Hashagen, rf; Burnett, C., c; Palmgren, ss; Williams, 2b; Canady, p; Grant, lf; Thompson, cf. Wilson, Moss, rf; Andrews, 2b; Riley, 3b; Dew, lf; Herring, c; Fleming, 1b; Graham, cf; Davis, ss; Wray, p.

Score by Innings

Wilson	000	100	000—1 5 2
Wilmington	500	100	000—6 3 2

Batteries: Wilson, Wray and Herring; Wilmington, Canady and Burnett. Struck out by Canady, 1; Wray, 6. Base on balls, off Wray, 3. Hit by pitched ball, Wray, 6. Umpire, Shaw. Time of game, 1:45.

The first game between Wilson and Wilmington at Wilson last week was won by the Wilson team.

Tuxedo, N. Y., May 10.—H. H. Hackett and R. D. Little, together with N. W. Wiles and A. S. Dabney, the Boston pair, were the winners here today in the continuation of the round robin tennis doubles. The former pair, which is favored for a place on the American international team, defeated William A. Larned, former National champion, and R. D. Wenn. Then the Bostonians defeated W. J. Clothier, of Philadelphia and C. F. Watson, Jr.

NATIONAL LEADERS CLIMB

Philadelphia, Chicago and Brooklyn Continue Upwards—Boston and St. Louis Play Twelve Innings to Tie

All the leaders in the National League took a tighter grip on the topmost round of the percentage column yesterday, Philadelphia helping Pittsburgh to sustain its fifth straight defeat on its Eastern trip by a shut-out score of 6 to 0; Chicago having a rather harder brush with New York, winning, however, 2 to 1, and Brooklyn beaking it up with six doubles, three triples and a home run with Cincinnati, copping the game 9 to 3 and making a total of 14 hits.

Bston and St. Louis could not reach a conclusion in 12 interesting frames which made up a pitchers' duel, the game having been finally called on account of cold weather. Tyler and Perritt each did most effective work, Boston being held to seven hits and St. Lolis to five. The game at Philadelphia was played in raw weather, Rixey having made his debut in this game.

Batfest With Cincinnati

Brooklyn, May 10.—Six doubles, three triples and a home run were included in the 14 hits made by the Brooklyns off the Cincinnati pitchers today, the home team walking away with a 9 to 3 victory.

Cincinnati	200	000	100—3 7 3
Brooklyn	400	301	00x—9 14 2

Packard, Suggs, Harter and Clark and Kling; Ragan and Miller. Time 1:40. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.

Demaree's Fine Game

Chicago, May 10.—Chicago defeated New York today in a close game 2 to 1, both Demaree and Cheney pitching fine games. Only three hits were made off the New York youngster but he was poorly supported.

Chicago	000	001	010—2 3 1
New York	000	000	100—1 6 6

Cheney and Archer; Demaree, Wiltse and Myers. Time 1:47. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

Cold at Philadelphia

Philadelphia, May 10.—Pittsburgh sustained its fifth straight defeat on its Eastern trip when Philadelphia won today's game, which was played in cold, blustery weather, 6 to 0. Rixey made his season's debut and was hit for eight singles in the sixth, seventh and eighth innings, but the visitors were unable to score.

Pittsburgh	000	000	000—0 12 2
Philadelphia	210	000	03x—6 8 1

Hendrix, O'Toole, Ferry and Kelly and Simon; Rixey, Seaton and Killifer. Time 2:05. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.

Twelve Innings at Boston

Boston, May 10.—Boston and St. Louis played a 12-inning 1 to 1 tie game this afternoon, the contest being called on account of old weather. It was a pitchers' battle between Tyler and Perritt when the latter was taken out of the tenth inning to allow a pinch hitter to go in. Sallee finished the game and struck out four batsmen in three innings.

Boston	000	010	000 000—1 7 2
St. Louis	000	001	000 000—1 5 2

Tyler and Whaling and Rariden; Perritt, Sallee and McLean and Wingo. Time 2:40. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

CITY LEAGUE GAMES PLAYED

Giants Put It Over the Athletics and Rattlers Win from Co. B

Another double-header was played by City League teams on the Parsley diamond at Hilton Park yesterday afternoon, the first game being between the Athletics and the Giants, the latter winning by 16 to 11; and the second game between the Rattlers and Company B, the Rattlers winning 4 to 1. Heavy hitting featured the first game, both teams batting freely. The batteries were Hines, Walker and Bell for the Athletics, and Green and Moore for the Giants. The game was a good deal more interesting than the score would indicate. The second game was exciting throughout and was marked by thrilling plays. Boswell pitched for the Rattlers and did good work, while Wilson caught him; Register and Burnett made the battery for Company B.

The teams will play again next Saturday. Umpires yesterday were Dosher and Dushan.

Eddie Plank was hit hard by the St. Louis team yesterday, but he got away with his game after allowing 11 hits, his team mates securing an even dozen.

THE KENTUCKY DERBY.

Champion Three-year-old Breaks Track Record at Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., May 10.—A champion three-year-old of America leaped into prominence today and the Churchill Downs derby course record was broken before the largest crowd that ever witnessed a derby here, when Donerail, a Kentucky colt, nipped Ten Point at the wire and won the 39th annual of the Kentucky derby. The winner never having shown startling ability as a two-year-old paid $194.90 for $2 in the pari-mutual betting. The time was 2:04 4-5.

The field was larger than had been predicted, eight starters facing the barrier and spectators who have witnessed runnings of the derby for years, interested alike for its turf prominence and sentiment of Kentucklans, say it was one of the greatest exhibitions of a real horse race ever presented at a derby contest.

In their belief that the West would win from the East in this premier turf event of America, Westerners had pinned their faith to Foundation, believing the Nasturtium colt to have the best chance to beat the top-heavy favorite, Ten Point, A. L. Aste's Jack Point colt.

When the horses passed the grandstand after running a quarter of the mile and a quarter course, Ten Point had been hurried in a short lead with the others bunched closely behind him. At the next turn, Jockey Buxton had allowed his mount to take a commanding lead and at the mile, Ten Point was three lengths ahead with the others fighting hard and about even chances. As they rounded the last turn Jockey Goose began to force Donerail ahead of the crowd he had been running with and started after the leader. Whether a more determined ride by Jockey Buxton would have stalled off the fast coming Donerail was questioned, but the Kentucky colt steadily wore down the favorite in the stretch and just got up in the last few strides to win by a length. Gowell, a filly sired by Ort Wells, was third, and Foundation, second choice in the betting and pride of Kentucklans finished out of the money.

Anyone who wanted to see the Kentucky derby may do so free of charge as far as the Jockey Club management is concerned and never before had the "free field" been so popular. Early in the day country folk came from near and far, drove their vehicles to the field, encircled the track, spread their lunch and waited for the derby. On the other side of the track grandstand and betting shed were crowded.

Donerail is by McGree out of Algie M., and is owned and trained by T. P. Hayes. Other starters were Lord Marshall, Jimmie Gill, Yankee Notions and Leochaes.

The prices were: Donerail $184.90; $41.20; $13.20. Ten Point, $3.50; $3.30. Gowell, $14.10.

HARVARD DEFEATS CORNELL.

First Dual Track and Field Meet Was Held.

Cambridge, Mass., May 10.—Harvard athletes defeated the men from Cornell today in their first dual track and field meet. The score by points was Harvard 63; Cornell 54.

The Crimson's success was unexpected, Cornell having been the favorite since its victory over Michigan last Saturday.

A strong cross wind which blew into the stadium discouraged any attempts at record breaking and mediocre performances resulted.

Harvard's strength was in the field events in which T. Cable gathered two first places, the broad jump and hammer throw, and A. L. Jackson won by hurdles events.

Cornell's runners gave the Ithacans the bulk of their points. O. A. Reller obtained first places in the 100 and 220 yards dashed.

REGATTA POSTPONED.

Harvard, Princeton and Pennsy to Row on Monday.

Cambridge, Mass., May 10.—A high northwest wind on the Charles river made it improbable that the 'varsity race among Harvard, Princeton and University of Pennsylvania could be rowed today. The race was scheduled to start at 5 P. M.

Late in the afternoon the regatta officials announced a postponement of the race until 6:30 when it was thought conditions might be more favorable.

Announcement was made at 6:45 o'clock that the race would be postponed until Monday.

Uruguay will establish a public stockyard and 19 public slaughter houses.

SOLDIER BOYS TO PLAY

Fort Caswell Teams Have Arranged Series of Ball Games

The baseball teams of the 19th, 31st and 79th companies at Fort Caswell, have arranged for a number of baseball games and the schedule so far is as follows:

The teams of the 19th and 31st companies will play May 17th and 28th; June 7th, 17th and 28th; July 9th, 19th and 30th; August 9th and 20th.

The teams of the 19th and 79th companies will play next Wednesday and again on the 24th; June 14th, 24th and 25th; July 5th, 16th and 26th; August 6th, 16th and 27th.

The teams of the 31st and 79th companies played yesterday, and will play the 21st and 31st; June 11th, 21st, and July 2nd, 12th and 23rd; August 2nd, 13th and 23rd.

A series of three games may be played with the Fort Moultrie bunch July 3rd, 4th and 5th.

GEORGIA TECHS. WIN AGAIN.

Second Contest of Series With Cracker State University.

Athens, Ga., May 10.—Georgia Techs made it two straight today by winning the second contest of the series from the University of Georgia 5 to 4. Morris and Corley, pitching for Georgia, allowed the Techs eight hits between them, while Pitts, for the Techs, was rapped safely seven times. The Tech slabman kept Georgia's hits well scattered, however.

Techs	020	000	030—5 8 5
Georgia	010	111	000—4 7 3

Pitts and Atridge; Morris, Corley and Hutchens.

HARVARD AND HOLY CROSS.

Felton Lost His Own Game by Wildness in Seventh.

Worcester, Mass., May 10.—Holy Cross defeated Harvard 7 to 5 today in a poorly fielded game. Felton lost his own game in the seventh by his wildness. The score:

Harvard	003	002	000—5 10 3
Holy Cross	012	000	40x—7 6 7

Felton and Young; Murray, McManus and Murphy.

Swarthmore, Pa., May 10.—Swarthmore won the annual track meet from LaFayette here today by the score of 67 1-2 points to 44 1-2.

Coffee from the region around Oaxaca, Central Mexico, is said by experts to compare with the best Java.

This Interests Every Woman

A family doctor said recently that women come to him thinking that they have female trouble, but when he treats them for their kidneys and bladder, they soon recover. This is worth knowing, and also that Foley Kidney Pills are the best and safest medicine at such times. You cannot get better purer medicine for backache, weary dragged out feeling, aching joints, irregular kidney and bladder action and nervousness due to kidney troubles. Try them. They are tonic in action, quick in results. For sale by Robt. R. Bellamy. (Advertisement.)

Frank Chance, one of the American League magnates, who knows the game and is always an interesting character in the baseball gossip. Yesterday was characterized as Chance Day in Detroit when the New Yorks won a nerve-racking exhibition with Ty Cobb's team.

Orrine for Drink Habit

TRY IT AT OUR EXPENSE

We are in earnest when we ask you to give ORRINE a trial. You have nothing to risk and everything to gain, for your money will be returned, if after a trial, you fail to get results from ORRINE. This offer gives the wives and mothers of those who drink to excess an opportunity to try the ORRINE treatment. It is a very simple treatment, can be given in the home without publicity or loss of time from business, and at a small price.

ORRINE is prepared in two forms: No. 1, secret treatment, a powder; ORRINE No. 2, in pill form, for those who desire to take voluntary treatment. Costs only $1.00 a box. Come in and talk over the matter with us. Ask for booklet.

Rob't R. Bellamy, Front and Market.

¶ The race is not always to the swift—but most always.

¶ That hare and tortoise race would hardly be classed as a sporting event now.

¶ It is the man who delivers the goods who has the blue ribbon pinned on him in this year of our Lord.

¶ If you are running a square race young man, and the race goes to the tortoise, what you need is another job.

¶ Try the want ad way.

¶ Mr. Farmer:

¶ Why should you leave your farm work for one or two days at the busiest season, hitch up and go personally to look for help?

¶ Telephone a want ad to this office, and the next day you may choose from among several applicants the man you want.

¶ Try it.

For Everybody, Everywhere

For workers with hand or brain—for rich and poor—for every kind of people in every walk of life—there's delicious refreshment in a glass of

Coca-Cola

different and better in purity and flavor. The best drink anyone can buy.

Be sure to get the genuine. Ask for it by its full name—to avoid imitations and substitution.

Send for free booklet.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

New Town Administration—Mr. Caldwell to Lecture on Interesting Trip—Other Items of Interest in Robeson.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., May 10.—The newly elected town officers held their first business meeting last night and selected men for the different appointive offices. Mr. R. A. McLean was chosen as town attorney; Mr. G. T. Page, town clerk and treasurer; H. H. Redfern, chief of police at a salary of $100 per month. The chief's salary for several years has been $75.

Marvin Barker was elected night policeman to succeed Lloyd Roach; W. G. Pitman, superintendent of light and water plant, and J. P. Townsend, chief of fire department. Mr. Woodberry Lennon, who was appointed by the Legislature as prosecuting attorney in the Recorder's court, was an applicant for the position of town attorney, but Mr. McLean won out.

We do not think the town government has ever been in better hands than at present, and if there are those who think the law will not be enforced, they had just as well undeceive themselves. Blind tigers will do well to move away before it is too late. It may be a surprise to many to know that for the past year the town has really had no clerk and treasurer. Of course, the place was filled all right by Mr. Page, but he was not elected last year and has not been under any bond at all. The chief of police who did the tax collecting, was under heavy bond. Mr. Page, than whom there is none better for the position, wisely did not care to make a bond until he had been elected. This time he has been property elected and will, of course, make his bond. We heard one complaint this morning about the salary of the chief being raised, but right thinking people will endorse the action. When Mr. Redfern was chosen as chief of police three years ago that office paid $75 per month and the town also had a tax collector at a salary of $50 per month. The tax collector was cut off and the work of two thrown on one with no increase in his salary. Many will agree that when the tax collecting was put on the chief, he should at least had half the collector's salary added to his, which would have made just what he was given last night. "The servant is worthy of his hire."

Mr. R. D. Caldwell, who returned from Panama, Cuba and other places of interest a few days ago, will lecture on his trip at the First Baptist church tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, the exercises being held in the Sunday School auditorium. Mr. Caldwell has a way of telling things to make one think that they are right on the scene for the time being. All who attend are assured of hearing something interesting.

Prof. J. McCombie Murray, A. L. C. M., assisted by a first-class concert company, will give a farewell concert and dramatic recital at the Lumberton opera house Monday evening, May 12th. Prof. Murray has resided at Maxton for the past three or four years, during which time he greatly endeared himself to the people of that town. He has been a frequent visitor to Lumberton and has made many friends who will sincerely regret his decision to leave Robeson county. It is hoped he will be greeted by a packed house for his concert here.

Mr. Dennis Biggs, the hustling proprietor of the Lumberton Furniture Store, has been calling on the merchants on Elm street this week asking them to sign a petition to be presented to the town commissioners to pass an ordinance prohibiting the obstruction of sidewalks on that street by displaying goods of any kind on the sidewalks. In other words, to have the sidewalk clear. And while they are considering that proposition it is to be hoped that something will be done about cleaning Elm street Saturday night after business hours. This street presents its worst appearance on Sunday.

Mr. J. L. Stephens, undertaker and funeral director of Messrs. R. D. Caldwell & Son, attended the meeting of funeral directors and embalmers of the State at Durham this week. Mr. Stephens returned home today. It has only been a year or two that Lumberton had a regular undertaker, but the people can't tell now how they got along before.

Miss Learl Carter, of Lumberton, and Mr. D. G. Mook, of Tampa, Fla., were married Wednesday afternoon at 4:30, Rev. W. R. Davis, pastor of the Lumberton Baptist church, performing the ceremony. For some time the bride has been an efficient and clever telephone operator at the local office where she made many friends who will wish her and her husband long and happy lives.

Your correspondent was in error last week in stating that Mr. Wellington West, of Wishart's township, had died suddenly. It should have been his son, Mr. Colon West. As an evidence of the fact that The Star is read here Sunday, we got to 39 and then stopped counting the people who called our attention to the fact that we had the wrong Mr. West dead.

Mrs. Mary A. Smith, 80 years old, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Freeman, Wednesday evening shortly after 6 o'clock. Mrs. Smith had not been in good health for several months, but for a few days prior to her death had apparently been better than for some time. Mrs. Smith was a sister of the late Capt. Alex. Wiggs, who for many years was one of the most popular men on the Wilmington police force. Mrs. Smith was buried Thursday, her pastor, Rev. J. W. Bradley, conducting the services.

We are glad our business does not call us into many of the public and private offices of Lumberton. We actually feel ashamed sometimes to go into these places when we have a little business. There are a few gentlemen around town who seem to have a lot of time to kill and they seem to take pleasure in selecting places where they know the people are busy and had rather not be bothered, but hate to say so. During the last few days we have heard some of the busy ones wish that others would get busy or change their loafing places. It is not right to impose on county, town, telegraph, express or railroad employes by hanging around in the way and butting into the affairs of others.

In company with Mayor White we enjoyed a drive of several miles in the country one afternoon this week. In a distance of four or five miles we noticed the smoke from what seemed to be four different forest fires, and none of them seemed to be near a railroad so that it could not be said that the trains fired the woods. In all directions forest fires are reported and it is evident that it is the work of fire fiends who are a curse to any section. Mr. White, in speaking of the matter, said that just recently some one had set fire to a tract of land belonging to Mr. Gough and himself, that they would not have burned over for $1,000.

There is confined in jail here a Cherokee who is pitiful in the extreme. He is said to be over 50 years old, is crazy and blind. At times his cries and moans are terrible, but it is said there is no place in the insane asylum for him.

The pretty weather we have been having has put some of the heavy long-tail coats out of business and the short coats are now on duty where any at all are worn.

We are not told if the problem was solved by them, but were told that a prominent attorney and prominent banker spent half a day first of the week endeavoring to work out something like this: A father had 12 acres of land to divide equally among 12 sons, but one son died and another son died, leaving 12 acres to be divided among the ten living sons. The question was, what was the share of each one. This may not be just right but anyone interested may get it straight by calling on Mr. Stephen McIntyre.

It happened last night, the least thing since Christmas. It has been the custom of the picture show management, since there has been a picture show here, to give the old veterans and their wives a free show on memorial day. The most costly pictures that have ever been shown in Lumberton were secured for last night and today. On account of the high cost of the show, it was necessary to run the price of the show up to 20 cents for a four-reel show, three reels being a war picture less than 30 days old. Among those who started to the show was a gentleman with two or three ladies. When he was told the price, he reared up and declaring he would not be robbed in that manner, turned away feeling better, perhaps. The old soldiers saw and enjoyed the show just the same without his dime.

A colored man employed at the plant of the Kingsdale Lumber Co., was struck in the stomach by a board Wednesday evening and painfully, though not seriously injured. Dr. McPhaul attended him and he was sent home, being decidedly improved the following day. However, some one started a report that a man had been killed at the mill by having a board driven directly through his body.

Ira Wilkins, of Bellamy, and John Smith, of Allenton, are reported to have had a mix-up on the train near Allenton this evening while on their way to Lumberton. A door was smashed and some red juice spilled by both as the result of coming in contact with broken glass.

Dr. J. N. Britt, a student at an Atlanta college, is spending his vacation with relatives here and will be associated with Drs. Pope and McPaul during the Summer.

HAMPSTEAD SCHOOLS.

Closing Exercises Held on Friday Night—Delightful Affair.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Hampstead, N. C., May 10.—The closing exercises of the Hampstead public schools at Hampsted, Pender county, were held in the school building Friday night. The exercises, which consisted of choruses, pantomimes and readings were thoroughly enjoyed by an audience that taxed the capacity of the new building. The children, though small, acquitted themselves unusually well, and too much praise cannot be given the two ladies who have had charge of the school this session—Miss Maggie B. Johnson, of Ivanhoe, and Miss Mildred Moore, of Atkinson. The programme was featured by a scholarly address from Mr. L. W. McClammy, of Scott's Hill, who gave his audience some wholesome advice and encouragement as to present-day problems and the necessity for an educated citizenship to solve them properly.

IN GOLDEN AGE OF YOUTH

"College Life" a Thing Always to Be Regarded With the Tenderest of Memories.

The phrase "college life" is an Americanism and it has no equivalent in any other language but English. It describes, to those whose use with understanding and sympathy, an experience out of which grows a deep sentiment made up of pleasure, friendship, affection, loyalty and pride. It seems to them "a tender influence, a peculiar grace," that reaches out across miles and years, drawing them back to their Alma Mater, and the comradeship of their classmates. To most graduates their college life seems their golden age; through the mist of years the campus becomes an island of Utopia whose very tediums grow bright in the retrospect, the sting of whose sins and failures was always lessened by the power of the ideals and hopes that filled its air. No campus ever was a Utopia, and the most golden age of memory has doubtless been much alloyed with baser metal, but if there is not something very bright and beautiful in American college life it is hard to account for the feeling in thousands of gray-haired men that long ago in their youth, besides the education they got, they gained around the knees of Alma Mater lasting joy, strength and inspiration that was not entirely contained in the books they read and cannot be exactly measured by the knowledge they acquired.—Paul Van Dyke in Scribner's Magazine.

The New York Animal Rescue League befriended 2,117 homeless cats in March.

¶ Hear ye! Hear ye! ¶ The old town crier was in his day a most effective medium for distributing information. But he has been relegated to the scrap heap, along with the "Boy Wanted" placard. ¶ Our *want ads* are the official town criers of this community. ¶ The cost is little.

FISH THAT FELL UPWARD

Brilliant Colors Have Been Noted at a Depth of Three Thousand Feet.

According to Sir John Murray, one of the greatest authorities on oceanography, the bottom of the sea is a desert of pitch black darkness, penetrating cold and eternal silence, says the London Evening Standard. Worms, sea puddings and coral polyps sluggishly crawl or sway in the almost currentless depths, and only two species of fish, both of them small, with much head and little body, have been found deeper than a mile and a quarter down.

The range of fishes in the sea is as though it were divided into layers, one above the other, and no fish can live above or below his layer. Thus many of the deeper fish—three-quarters of a mile below the surface—have been found floating at the top; they had swallowed a fish as large or larger than themselves and its buoyancy had lifted them out of the strata to which they were accustomed.

The physiology of a bottom fish is almost impossible to know, because they are built to resist a tremendous pressure of water, and when this pressure is released—as when they are brought to the surface in a net—sometimes the fish has burst; the organs are crushed beyond reconstruction.

Similarly if a fish of a higher strata attacks a bottom fish in the neutral zone where both can live, and—as sometimes happens—his teeth become entangled so that he cannot let go and he is dragged into deeper water, he strangles instantly, for his breathing arrangements are of no use to him under the pressure of water in the lower strata of the sea. As a rule, however, the fish of the various depths rarely feed on those above or below them.

There have been brought to light an astonishing number of forms of fish, and especially of prawns of a brilliant red color, living in the ocean at a depth of 3,000 feet. But, astonishing as it may seem, there brilliantly colored fish and prawns, instead of being conspicuous in the water at that depth, are almost invisible when almost any other color could be easily seen.

MAKE SOMETHING OF LIFE

Not Without Reason Should Any Pass Through the Joys and Troubles of the World.

Thousands of men breathe, move and live; pass off the stage of life, and are heard of no more. Why? They did not a particle of good in the world; and none were blest by them, none could point to them as the instrument of their redemption; not a line they wrote, not a word they spoke, could be recalled, and so they perished—their light went out in darkness and they were not remembered more than the insects of yesterday. Will you thus live and die, O man immortal? Live for something. Do good and leave behind you a monument of virtue that the storms of time can never destroy. Write your name by kindness, love and mercy on the hearts of the thousands you come in contact with year by year, and you will never be forgotten. No, your name, your deeds will be as legible on the hearts you leave behind as the stars on the brow of evening. Good deeds will shine as bright on the earth as the stars of heaven.—Thomas Chalmers.

Rubber Plant Oil for Umbrellas.

A vegetable oil used in making paper umbrellas in Japan is pressed out of the seeds of the rubber plant. This oil is made in the various islands famed for oil and seeds from these plants. Sandy ground is favored for the cultivation of the plant, and the oil is extracted from the seeds by presses. The yield of seeds is estimated at 20 bushels per acre. The annual production throughout Japan amounts to 350,000 bushels, from which over a gallon of oil per bushel is extracted. The oil before it is used is boiled and then cooled until it can be applied by hand to umbrellas with a piece of cloth or waste. No machinery or tools are used in applying the oil. When the oiling is complete the umbrellas are exposed in the sun for about five hours. This oil is also used in making the Japanese lanterns, artificial leather, printing ink, laquer, varnishes, oil paper, and paints.

Modern Idealism.

Our intuitions of a goodness, a beauty, a truth, transcending anything that earth can show, our persistent devotion to ideals that actual life always disappoints, our postulates of a perfection that rebukes and shames our practice—what can these things mean save that . . . a refraction of the white light of eternity by life's dome of many-colored glass, a sequence of shadow pictures cast on the further wall of the dim cavern where we sit, our eyes . . . averted from the true light of the world?—Paul Shorey (on Plato).)

Telling Him.

A well-known Boston physician has the reputation of being exceedingly gruff, especially with those whom he thinks are trying to "beat" him. The doctor was present at a social affair the other evening when a "dead beat" whom the doctor knew of old approached. "Doctor," said the man, "what is the best thing for a cold?" "Competent medical advice," replied the physician shortly, as he turned on his heel.

"Look at the people in debt," counsels Mr. Brisbane, the well known inventor of brisbanality, "see their worry." They should worry.

CANADIAN MONEY A MENACE

New $10 Goldpiece and New Penny Look Much Alike, According to Banker.

Similarity in appearance of the new Canadaian $10 gold piece and the Canadian penny and the consequent danger of confusion of the two caused J. W. Spangler, vice-president of the Seattle National bank, to issue specific directions to the men at the windows to look out for the penny.

The coins are nearly alike in appearance, excepting that the penny is a trifle smaller than the gold piece. The obserse and reverse sides of both coins are similar, excepting that the lettering is respectively "ten dollars" and "one cent."

The penny is of unusually light copper color, the bust of King George being shown in relief on both coins, and the gold coin is the first ever turned out by a Canadian mint, paper currency having been the circulating medium above the value of 50 cents.

Business men have been warned of an attempted fraud on the part of men in Canada who have triple plated the new Canadian penny with gold and have floated the coins in this country as $10 gold pieces, relying on the hurry of business to successfully conceal the tell-tale lettering, and it is stated that such coins have been passed in the Pacific Northwest.

WANTED TO KNOW THE PRICE

Monte Carlo Visitor Had Learned Caution From the Size of His Bill at the Hotel.

Judge William H. Moore, at a horse show supper in Gotham's newest hotel, discussed hotel prices.

"They are worse at Monte Carlo, perhaps," he said, "than anywhere else in the world. The German tourist is sneered at in Monte Carlo because when he enters a barber shop for a shave he always asks what the charge is to be before he sits down in the chair.

"But what is a man to do in a barber shop where it is no uncommon thing to be charged two or three dollars for the simplest operation?

"And it's the same thing in the hotels. I know a man who took a suite at a Monte Carlo hotel without asking the price of anything—and in the restaurants of such hotels it's a common thing to find no prices even on the menus.

"Well, when this man came to pay his bill it was enormous. But he paid it. Then he said:

"'Have you any 25-centime stamps?'

"'Yes, monsieur,' said the clerk. 'How many do you wish?'

"My friend smiled blandly

"'Tell me first, please,' he said, 'what you charge for them here.'"

Balkan Ballads.

In the Balkan countries the ballad makers have certainly been at least as important as the makers of laws. Servia's national ballads, commemorating the glories of the Servian Empe Dushan, the fatal battle of Kossovo d the legendary exploits of the hero Marko Kralyevich and his horse Sharats, are of Homeric proportions, and, sung to the accompaniment of a guitar with cords of horse-hair tails, have kept national feeling warm for centuries. In recent years the Servian government published a popular edition. In Macedonia, Sir Charles Eliot heard a schoolboy recite a Bulgarian poem which took an hour and a quarter, with a simple but significant plot. The Pasha of Sofia summons a Bulgarian hero who is his friend and tells him he has orders to execute him. The Bulgarian asks why; the Pasha says he does not know, but he must do it; and he does.

Looking for Owner of Fingers.

A farmer near Kansas City, Mo., is looking for the owner of a couple of fingers he has in his possession. He went to market with a load of potatoes and started to sleep in his wagon during the night before market opened. He was disturbed by the moving of the canvas over the load and, waking, saw a hand slip beneath the canvas and abstract a couple of the tubers. The operation was repeated so many times that he could foresee nothing but the disappearance of the entire load unless he took summary action. Raising a sharp hatchet he had with him, the farmer smote the hand the next time it appeared and the next morning found two guilty fingers in the wagon. The remainder of his potatoes were not molested.

Twenty-Cent Shoes at Panama.

The rope-soled slippers, with cloth uppers, known as Spanish alpargatas, and worn by practically all the European and colored laborers in the canal zone, are imported all the way from Spain in such quantities that they can be retailed at the low price of 20 cents a pair. The European laborer wears them 12 months in the year on the isthmus, and over 1,000,000 pairs are sold annually by the commissary. Alpargatas are durable, and have been adopted by isthmian bathers as the most convenient form of beach shoe.

To Give Women a Broader Outlook.

It is not expected that women will make politics cleaner. But the broader outlook upon life that politics brings to women will make them worthier friends, wives, sisters, mothers and companions for the men and children of this state. That incidentally will react upon politics, and the participation of better men and women in politics will cleanse it.—Emporia Gazette.

"Lover by a Maori Chieftess"

Big two-reel special feature by Melies at the Grand Theatre on Monday. You ought to see it and so ought your friend. (Advertisement.)

Miller's

Everywoman's Store
Ladies Ready-to-Wear Apparel
FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

The Most Important Sale For Women

Ever Consumated in Wilmington!

We have made it a rule Not to Carry Over Any Merchandise from One Season to Another, No Matter How Big the Loss—hence, we offer our entire stock of

Women's and Misses' Spring Cloth Suits and Coats

That Formerly Sold at $15 to $30, at..... **$8.00**

About 50 Garments in Every Good Material and Style a woman can think of at this special festival price. Select yours tomorrow without fail.

Here Is the Real Dress Opportunity of the Season!

Silk Dresses at $15, $18, $22.50

For Morning, Afternoon and Evening Wear. Dozens of styles to select from, in all these new and fashionable silks: Crepe de Chine, Silk Broche Crepe, Silk Moire, Crepe Meteor, Charmeuse and Canton Crepe.

Dainty New Summer Dresses

In Juniors, Misses and Ladies' sizes; a fashionable gathering of handsome Dresses, foreshadowing the coming Summer styles, which will appeal to women of good taste and discretion. They are made in Linen, Ratine, Crepe, Voiles, Cotton Eponge and Silks. All are prettily trimmed with fine laces, embroidery and fancy buttons; $7.50 to $10.00 values, Special..... **$5.50**

The Handsomest and Dressiest Silk Coats and Wraps

Made of Charmeuse, Matelasse, Moire, Brocades and Eponges,

$18.00, $22.00 and $25.00

Women's Long Kimonas at $1.25

A variety of the Latest Models and Patterns in Square Neck, Turnover Shoulder and Finished With Belt at Waist. Of course there are plenty of models in V-Neck, trimmed with lace and a shirred waist line. Still others have Sailor Collar and are trimmed with Persian Bands.

Lawn Dressing Sacques, 35c

Good 50c values in these models, which represent a wide range for selection—square and V-necks, and some with collars.

Women's $1.25 Silk Stockings, 95c

Pure Silk thread, high spliced heel, lisle garter top, double sole, black, tan and white.

Auto Duster Coats

Newest creations in a wide variety of styles; specially priced from....$6 to $15

SILK AND LINGERIE WAISTS

hat we formerly sold at $1.95 to $3.00..... **$1.65**

he nifty new striped effects, plain white and smart styles. And he best of it is that the prices are so small for such good waists.

Newest $1.00 and $1.25 Blouses at - - - - - - 85c

ffectively trimmed with Val., Venise and Cluny laces, combined with dainty embroideries in all white and colored effects.

Women are Buying Muslinwear For All Year and Saving Money

Because they find in this sale that Desirable Combination of Style and Low Price which makes liberal purchasing wise.

Take advantage of the exceptionally favorable prices in this sale. Many women are doing so—providing themselves for some time to come.

Corset Covers, 50c, 75c and upwards.
Drawers, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and upwards.
Night Gowns, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and upwards.
Petticoats, $1.00, $1.50, $1.95 and upwards.
Princess Slips, $1.00, $1.50, $2.25 and upwards.
Combination Garments, 95c, $1.45, $2.00 and upwards.

THE STAR

WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

Sunday, May 11, 1913.

Order yours by parcel post if you do not live in town.

Disagreement among State Departments is what brings on war.

When a man is blinded by folly he can't see himself as others see him.

Even Wall Street admits that combinations to exploit the people are wrong.

The drift is towards and to Wilmington. Get into the swim by drifting to Wilmington.

Be careful or they will "gette" you with the pictures of some of their beauty poses.

Men may dodge an issue or a duty, but it is strange how they keep demanding better treatment.

Some of the new skirts worn by the ultra-fashionable look like a cross between a pair of pantaloons and an inverted baseball bat.

Capital is entitled to earn a profit, but not to exact tribute by illegitimate means. That is what the row's about.

With all the papers in New York down on Tammany, it would surely be put out of business if it weren't for the people.

Outdoor sport is a cure for that tired feeling. Baseball is an antidote for those who feel like they have lost their last friend.

Arizona is trying to get on the map. She proposes to adopt a more drastic anti-Japanese law than that which is hanging fire in California.

Everybody should realize the fact that Wilmington is the best city in the best portion of the best State in the best country on the globe.

"There are just as good fish in the sea as were ever caught," but somehow or other we had rather have those that slip off our hook.

When a woman's suspicions are confirmed, her gentlemen friends don't know any better than to give her credit for having remarkable intuition.

If some men could do what they think they could do the world would be turned bottom side up, and all the balance of us would fall off into space on a gravity scale.

Porto Rico's treasury contains a surplus of $2,000,000. Porto Rico is getting a great deal of publicity on that account, but it would be of a different kind if it had a deficit of that size.

President William Howard Taft, of Yale, is teaching things that Col. Roosevelt will sooner or later regard as a personal animadvertion involving the theory and practice of Progressivism.

With only three Democrats voting against the Underwood bill, the House Democrats seem to be in phalanx formation. They seem to be agreed upon one thing, and that is to cut privilege out of the tariff.

The Peace Society seems to have made a kind of war on its vice president. Disagreement among men is what causes a disturbance. Disagreement between State Departments is what brings on war.

The West produces beef, mutton and pork, and that is one of the reasons we are not producing meat to supply the West. Nevertheless, we ought to produce our own meats because we have such good customers at home.

It's curious how a man can stand around and run down another. Generally a fellow ought to be running in order to run down another. As a matter of fact, however, both are apt to be running for the same office.

Some people are always urging that part of our burdens be shifted to posterity, but it should be remembered that posterity will have burdens of its own. As the posterity of our predecessors, we are justified in saying that they were somewhat careless about leaving a lot of things for us to do.

Republican papers are accusing the Democrats of destroying the principles of civil service. An inquiring public is anxious to know how the Republicans managed to keep from doing the same thing while they ignored the examinations and filled 95 per cent. of all the Federal offices with loyal Republicans.

General J. S. Carr is taking the right view of the new revision of the tariff. It may be that the Underwood schedules are not the best for the cotton and other industries of North Carolina, but even if such is the case, it only makes the situation worse to be an obstructor. General Carr is an optimist and such men are the ones who give us all the prosperity that we ever enjoy.—Durham Sun.

The peace advocates ought to camp in Europe a while. No doubt the people would like to see the universe settle down to peace, for it has cost the great powers $3,000,000,000 within a year to get ready to fight if it should come to it. It costs some families nearly $300 a year to give up one son to the army in Germany. Two or three able-bodied sons in the army or navy at the same time means ruin to the peasant farmers who are the real victims of militarism.

SOUTHERN POWER DEVELOPMENT

Some idea as to the enormous extent of the hydro-electric power development in the South can be gained from a veritably illuminating article in the Manufacturers' Record of April 8th. According to a census just completed by that great Southern publication, nearly one-third of a billion dollars is represented in existing plants, in expenditures now being made, and in definitely planned investments for the development of hydro-electric power in the South. Altogether there are 200 projects looking to the development of more than 3,000,000 horsepower from streams in fifteen States.

That staggers the ordinary conception of power units. It is a force of inconceivable magnitude, which not many years ago went to waste, as the waters of many Southern rivers roared over shoals and plunged over falls, now converted into an energy that is transmitted hundreds of miles in all directions. A large amount of that wasted power has been harnessed at a cost of about $350,000,000 or more and is operating hundreds of cotton mills and industrial plants within the zone of transmission in those fifteen States—a veritable empire of electric power.

From the Record's story it is learned that 54 hydro-electric plants, already completed, or now under construction, have developed or will develop 1,185,330 horsepower with 975,250 additional horsepower available for them, while 36 definitely planned undertakings will develop 915,545 horsepower, with 51,000 additional horsepower in sight. There are about 100 more projects which have not yet reached the stage permitting an estimate of the aggregate power to be developed.

Many millions of dollars are invested in power plants in North Carolina. The Southern Power Company, of Charlotte, is distributing 130,300 electrical horsepower in North and South Carolina, serving a manufacturing and industrial territory extending 315 miles and containing 420 cotton mills, operating 6,000,000 spindles and 125,000 looms. The company supplies power to more than 160 of these mills with about 2,375,000 spindles and 71,000 spindles, besides various lighting plants and industrial establishments. It transmits electric power to Charlotte, Durham, Greensboro, High Point, Winston-Salem, Salisbury, Lexington, Concord, Burlington, Rock Hill, Gastonia, Chester, Spartanburg, Greenville, Gaffney, Easley, Greenwood, Newberry, Union, Lancaster, Monroe, Albemarle, Lincolnton, Shelby, Hickory, Statesville and various other cities in the two Carolinas.

The capital stock of this North Carolina company consists of $6,000,000 preferred stock, all issued, $5,000,000 common stock, of which $4,000,000 has been issued; and a bond issue of $10,000,000, of which $5,000,000 has been issued. Messrs. B. N. Duke, J. B. Duke, W. G. Wylie and R. H. Wylie, of New York, and Mr. W. S. Lee, of Charlotte, and associates, own and control the company. Mr. Lee is vice president and engineer in charge. The company, besides its several completed plants, is developing other hydro-electric projects, and in addition to those already in operation it has auxiliary steam plants that generate 30,000 horsepower, the steam plants being at Greensboro, Mount Holly and Greenville, each producing 10,000 horsepower.

Another great North Carolina development is that of the Southern Aluminum Company which has awarded the contract for construction of its dam and power plant at the narrows of the Yadkin river, where it expects to develop 120,000 horsepower to be transmitted for the manufacture of aluminum. This company will use the electricity for its power and lighting at its proposed aluminum works which are planned for an annual capacity of 25,000 tons of metal. The company is capitalized at $8,000,000 and is being financed by French capitalists, the understanding being that $10,000,000 will be the cost of the waterpower development, aluminum works, industrial city and accompanying improvements.

There are other power developments in North Carolina, all adding largely in the aggregate to the available transmitted power in the State. Raleigh is one of the cities that gets the benefit of power by transmission, and many other cities will have that advantage as soon as they can be reached by the construction forces of the power companies.

DOUBLE STANDARD EDUCATION

Practical and really double standard education, like that which young men are now receiving at the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, at the capital of the State, is what has been needed all over the South for a half century. While the students at our A. & M. are having their mental faculties cultivated according to the best educational and scholastic methods, they are having their genius expanded and their hands trained along eminently practical lines. Education and technological training go hand in hand at the State's great Raleigh institution, and it is doing a work that not only fills us with pride but inspires us with hope. That is one Southern College that is turning out young men for the purposeful duties of life—perhaps for a business, professional or industrial career. It matters not what it is, an A. & M. student is educated for a purpose, and many leave that institution with that purpose in view. How much more successful would the average man be if he were equipped and ready to take up his work the day he lays down his books and begins life, either aimlessly or in earnest?

The best thing about the education which the great State of North Carolina is furnishing to her young men at her institutions for higher education is that they are both prepared and equipped for the battle of life. It is elective with them whether they shall be educated or both educated and trained. Under any circumstance, it is a young man's fault if he quits that institution without a helpful point of view, a high and useful aim, and a fixed purpose. We say this because we have kept an eye on many of the A. & M. boys. We know many who have left college one day and reached out for success the next day. They had a fixed purpose in what they intended to do, and they immediately left college to do it. We have also noticed that they do it.

Without referring to the various courses in the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, we want especially to refer to the textile education and training being given there. Mr. Thomas Nelson is director of the textile department, and The Star really thanks him for fourteen samples of beautiful textiles, designed and developed into commodities by the handcraft of the students in that department. The samples, as a matter of course, represent that many textile products turned out in commercial and merchantable shape. They represent that many kinds of cloth, and while all of them are thoroughly excellent and pretty, some of them are particularly handsome. They not only do credit to the students, but they reflect the standard in that line at the A. & M.

We confess to high appreciation of Director Nelson's work, for we judge it by the samples he has sent us. He writes us that a specially pretty product of the students is to be made up into vests and worn by them at the approaching graduation exercises of the Senior Textile Class. Those vests will have some class to them, but, best of all, those boys will go forth with their diplomas and at once find their way to places that are crying aloud for just such Southern talent We set a high value on the young men, for their technical knowledge guarantees them success and promises fine results for the State.

MORE INLAND WATER ROUTE OPENED

The Star rejoices to see the links in the great intra-costal Waterway being completed and opened to traffic, such as happened when the cut near Beaufort, N. C., opened a large portion of the waterway to traffic. Now comes that portion of the route between Charleston and McClellansville, which is coming this way from the South Carolina port. That work was begun in 1906, and its completion means an inside navigable route of 49 miles. The cut is 60 feet wide and the least depth anywhere is 4.6 feet, giving a depth of from six to eight feet at high water.

The total cost of the channel was $191,000 and it is certain it will make the government a big return on its investment. The commerce through that partially improved waterway in 1911 was 44,267 short tons of miscellaneous freight valued at $924,876. It consisted of cotton and cotton products, fertilizer and other plantation supplies, naval stores, timber, oysters, truck products, etc. Certainly, a waterway that will carry nearly a million dollars of commerce in a year, at a constructive cost of $191,000, is an important feeder to the commerce of Charleston.

CURRENT COMMENT.

If the Democratic party cannot win by keeping its platform pledges it can hardly hope to make much in the way of real progress by ignoring them. —Durham Herald.

The women suffrage advocates are now preparing to push their campaign in the South. We are curious to see what North Carolina women will take the lead in the movement here. It's bound to come and we don't believe we have much longer to wait.—Charlotte Chronicle.

The Democrats are still in control at Washington [illegible] to introduce [illegible] conditions. It would [illegible] the tariff [illegible] away [illegible] —Norfolk Virginian-Pilot

THE TRUCKING SITUATION

Interesting Review Given by Truckers' Journal Yesterday—Berries and Other Truck Shows A Shortage

In its issue of yesterday the Carolina Fruit & Truckers' Journal of this city, carried a most interesting review of the trucking situation, not only in the eastern North Carolina territory, but throughout North and South Carolina and Virginia, covering the shipments of strawberries, lettuce, vegetables, etc., accompanied with a survey of the Irish potato, snap bean, canteloupe, peach and watermelon outlook.

Special reports were printed from Wilmington, Charleston, Burton, Beaufort, Meggetts, McColls, Frogmore, Sheldon and other South Carolina points; Maxton, Laurinburg, Laurel Hill, Hamlet, Pembroke, Riddle, Mt. Olive, Goldsboro, Newbern, Oriental, Elizabeth City, Edenton, Clinton, Manns Harbor, Red Springs, Lumber Bridge, Indiantown, Chadbourn and other North Carolina points, besides Norfolk, Va., and Eastern Shore, Md.

Altogether yesterday's paper was one of the most interesting ever gotten out by the Truckers' Journal. Closing its interesting review on strawberries, lettuce and other vegetables out of this territory at this time, it says:

"Up to and including yesterday the carload movement had only footed up 716 cars by the Fruit Growers' Express under refrigeration, while the express movement showed up with a total of 40,607 crates. Reduced to cars this would make about 200, or making the grand total for the season thus far of 916 cars. Of these shipments Chadbourn has moved 468 cars under refrigeration, while the W. & W. Railroad has sent out only 248. In the matter of movement by express the W. & W. Railroad has shipped 25,329 crates, the Chadbourn section 2,352 crates and the A. & Y. Railroad, 1,922 crates. Of the express movement over the W. & W. Railroad, Washington, D. C., has received 5,000 crates, Baltimore 6,531 crates, Philadelphia 7,168 crates, Newark, N. J., Chester, Pa., and Wilmington, Del., 2,539 crates, New York city, 3,442 crates, Boston, 1,190 crates, Richmond, Va., 1,451 crates, Norfolk and other scattering points, 2,882 crates.

"The vines are reported to be blooming freely and the favorable rains of yesterday and today should run the movement next week up to substantial increases. The growers all round, in fact, are feeling much brighter and more hopeful over the final result since the rainfall of yesterday. The Fruit Growers' Express, after a careful survey of the acreage, based the total movement this year at 1,200 cars under refrigeration, but Mr. Geeslin, the resident manager, now thinks the movement will hardly exceed 1,000 cars under refrigeration. He feels much better, however, over the outlook since the seasonable rains and says he is getting reports from all around that the growers are looking forward to next week for a heavy movement.

Lettuce and Vegetables

"The lettuce movement in car lots closed for the season around here last week, although daily shipments by express continue to go forward. The market went off last Friday in Baltimore, Philadelphia and elsewhere under the influence of heavy receipts from Norfolk. Prices are now ruling around $1 to $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 for best stock on fancy grades. The growers in this territory were peculiarly fortunate in the matter of prices, values ranging all the way from $1.50 to $3 and $3.50 per crate during the entire shipping season. Indeed, we have a few instances of prices reaching as much as $4 per package. These are the best and highest prices ever realized for lettuce in 15 years, or during the life of the industry in this section.

"The total shipments for the season aggregate 99,371 crates up to and including yesterday. To this total is to be added several thousand packages of peas, which likewise sold at good prices, averaging from $1.50 to $2.50 per package. These figures are in striking contrast with last year's shipments, when the total was only 29,641 packages, against 99,371 for this year and the returns are not all in yet. Prices this year were fully 50 per cent better than last and the net returns to the growers should have been in every way highly satisfactory.

"The Journal predicted early in the game that the New Hanover lettuce crop would distribute approximately a quarter of a million dollars in this city and county this year, and the above figures and totals bear out well our surmises. On this basis this is the equivalent of about $7 per capita for every man, woman and child in the city and county, from the receipts of one crop alone."

The correspondents of The Journal report that there is a heavy shortage in the canteloupe and melon acreage this year. The Irish potato crop will likewise be short all over this State and in South Carolina as well as Virginia.

Immanuel Defeated Delgado

In a spirited contest yesterday afternoon the Immanuel Sunday School baseball team defeated the Delgado team by a score of 8 to 5. Both teams played good ball and it was the first time this season that the Delgado team has been defeated. The line-up follows: Delgado, Caudle, 2b; H. Carter, 3b; O. Carter, 1b; King, p; Cook, lf; Holloman, rf; Wishon, cf; McCarthy, c; Holt, ss. Immanuel, Griffith, 2b; Sellers, F., 3b; Sellers, W., 1b; Lockamy, p; O'Sullivan, lf; Faulk, rf; Flora, cf; Todd, c; Farror, ss. The game was played in an hour and a half.

INVESTIGATING "NO TAX."

Bottled Drink, Poor Relation to Beer, to be Analyzed.

Solicitor Geo. L. Peschau is investigating a bottled beverage labelled "No Tax", manufactured by the Robert Portner Brewing Co., of Alexandria, Va., and sold by a number of dealers in the city; and is having the same analyzed. When asked about it last evening, Mr. Peschau stated that his investigations had not reached the stage where he could make any announcement of results.

The authorities believe that it is the purpose of some to later carry on the sale of the stuff as a blind for dealing in something stronger, and they appear to be determined to put the lid on "No Tax."

Samples of the stuff have been turned over to City Chemist George Catlett, who will make analyses Monday and report the result to Solicitor Peschau.

A Frenchman has succeeded in flying with an aeroplane driven by flapping wings instead of a propeller.

BEACH SEASON NEARLY HERE

Seashore Hotel Ready for the Opening—Many Improvements Have Been Made—Hotel Staff Was Announced Yesterday.

With the date of the opening of Wrightsville Beach only about three weeks distant, Mr. Edgar L. Hinton, who has managed the Seashore Hotel with such marked success for the past eight years, has been busy with a large force of carpenters, painters, plumbers and mechanics of all kinds for the past three months on extensive improvements made this season.

The most noticeable of these is the handsome dining room and lobby, each of these rooms having over 4,000 square feet of floor space, handsomely covered with gum flooring laid diagonally in light and dark strips which gives it a very attractive finish. The side walls and ceilings of these rooms are finished with beam panels and painted in a delicate pea green with white trimmings.

Double deck balconies have been built both on the ocean and the sound side of the house. From the front balcony guests can watch the bathers, mothers can keep a watchful eye on their children and at the same time enjoy the shade and breeze from their elevated position. Evening concerts will be given from the balcony on the sound side daily by the Jefferson Hotel Orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. Claud Elam, who has been engaged again for this season, and who will come to the hotel with an orchestra augmented by several additional musicians of note.

The kitchen and store room have also been enlarged, making it much easier to serve the great number of guests fed daily by the hotel.

There has also been added 20 new rooms, all of these being very large and handsomely furnished with private bath. This addition makes the Seashore the largest resort hotel in the State, having over 200 guest chambers of large proportion, more than half of them with running water and private bath.

Manager Hinton each season has enlarged and added attractions to the Seashore Hotel until it has become one of the largest and most popular hotels on the Atlantic coast. Not only does the Seashore attract patronage from the Southern States, but for the past several seasons has had as its guests families from practically all parts of the United States.

Mr. Hinton has this season already many applications for rates and reservation of rooms for families living thousands of miles from the beach and living much nearer to larger resorts, but they cannot boast of being free from flies, mosquitoes and many other pests not to be found at Wrightsville Beach.

The manager of the Seashore Hotel having spent the greater part of his life on the coast knows where to get and how to prepare sea food in a manner that brings guests back to his hotel who have ever once been registered there.

On account of the great popularity of this hostelry Mr. Hinton has declined to entertain any convention this season unless booked for the first two weeks in June or between the dates of August 15th and September 1st, at which time the hotel is not so much crowded and conventions with large attendance can be entertained without any inconvenience to or crowding of regular guests who are booked for long stays and patronize the hotel each year on account of the service and attention given them by its employes.

There will be few changes in the employes and working force of the hotel this season, as Mr. Hinton believes in employing only competent help and treating them in a manner that makes them anxious to return each year for their positions. Those who will be at the head of the many departments of the hotel for the coming season are as follows: Bookkeeper, Mr. Julian R. Clements, for many years head clerk at The Orton Hotel, of this city, and now with the Metropolitan Hotel, of Washington, D. C.; cashiers, Mr. James F. Divine, now with the Guilford Hotel, of Greensboro, N. C., and Mr. W. W. Staniland, from the Pine Forest Inn, of Summerville, S. C. The day clerks will be Mr. George Strange, of this city, and Mr. J. O. Donnell, of Athens, Ga. The night clerk will be Mr. John K. Williams, of this city.

Mr. John W. Apter, of New York, will be steward of the Seashore again this season and bring with him a force of white bakers and cooks from that city. Mr. W. VanHarden will be in charge of the stock and store rooms. House electrician, Mr. George Hall; housekeeper, Mrs. Mary Christienburg; gentlemen's bath house, Mr. Thomas Dunbar; ladies' bath house, Mrs. Thompson; head bellman, George Williams; head waiter, Thos. J. Bullock; life guard, Mr. George Raducann, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

House officer, telegraph operator and other employes will be named later. The hotel employs 120 help during the season and all of these will be experienced men in their particular line of business. Dr. Morris M. Caldwell, of Wilmington, will be house physician and will make visits to the hotel at a given hour each day for the convenience of the guests. With this efficient staff and the great improvements made this season the Seashore Hotel should be fully up to the high standard of the past.

JUNIORS PLAN CELEBRATION

Will Picnic at Carolina Beach on the Sixtieth Anniversary

The members of the Junior Order, United American Mechanics, in this city, are planning an elaborate celebration on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the order, May 20th, at Carolina Beach, mention of which was made several weeks ago. At that time they stated that they intended to make May 20th a Junior Day at this place, so that it would become an event of State-wide interest and attract hither members of the order from all over the State. For the coming celebration, a prominent speaker will deliver an address, there will be music and a picnic dinner, and athletic sports. The crowds will be carried down to the beach on boats before noon and in the afternoon. Full plans will be announced later.

COURT OBSERVED HOLIDAY.

No Cases of Any Consequence on the Recorder's Docket.

The Recorder's court took holiday yesterday, it being a legal holiday. There were no cases on the docket, anyway. Tomorrow there will be several for trial, continued from last week. Ben McMillan will be tried for sticking a knife in the back of Jesse Spirman, provided Spirman is able to attend court. Thomas Nash Jones is to be heard on a charge of beating Emma Rogers, and Johnson Smith, for beating Ella Garrison. Other cases for settlement are those against Ben Lane, white, allowing stock to run at large, and Henry Benson and Son Sampson, larceny of a gold watch belonging to O. D. Holmes.

GIVE FLAG AND BIBLE TODAY

Juniors Will Make Presentation to Bear Memorial School This Afternoon—Will be Memorable Occasion.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock George Washington Council, Jr., O. U. A. M. assisted by Jeff Davis Council, will present to the Isaac Bear Memorial School a large and handsome flag and a Bible. The event is to be the most notable of a large number of similar occasions and the exercises will attract very many people.

The programme is elaborate. Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., will preside. Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor of Bladen Street Methodist church, will speak the invocation. Jos. W. Little, Esq., is the orator of the day. The presentation speech will be made by Woodus Kellum, Esq., and Master George King will make response. Three addresses will be delivered, the first by Rev. W. G. Hall on the subject of "The Bible"; the second by Mr. John J. Blair, subject, "The Flag", and the third by Rev. W. L. Rexford, whose theme will be "The School." Appropriate songs and music will be rendered by the students of the school.

In addition to the programme as prepared, there will be a talk delivered by Mr. C. B. Webb, of Statesville, State organizer of the Juniors, and Mr. John W. Ervin, of Newton, representative of the National Council and manager of the beneficiary degree in the Carolinas, will be present.

All Juniors are urged to be at Council Hall by 3 P. M., so as to be ready to start for the school by 3:30. The Cape Fear Independent band will march with them and furnish sacred music during the exercises.

EXCITING AUTOMOBILE FIRE

Car of Mr. J. L. Williams Damaged by Burning Gasoline

While employes of Mr. H. L. Fennell's garage were filling the gasoline tank on the motor car of Mr. J. L. Williams, in the door way of the garage, on North Second street, last night about 9 o'clock, the gasoline splashed over the tank and was ignited by the tail light of the machine. Instantly there was a big flash and in a twinkling the top of the car was all but burned away and other damage done, the extent of which could not be ascertained last night. The flames soared up to the ceiling and damaged the building about $100, it was estimated. The firemen quickly took care of the flames and the fire was soon over. The Saturday night throngs packed Second street to the number of several hundred. The knowledge that there was gasoline at the garage moved a goodly number of them to remark that they "hadn't lost anything" in the immediate vicinity of the place, and these early moved away. The burning car was pushed clear of the building.

Chief Schnibben, of the fire department, stated that the drawing of gasoline within dangerous proximity to an open flame or fire, or when artificial light other than incandescent electric light is being used in connection therewith, is expressly forbidden, and he referred a Star man to section 220, page 94, of the revised ordinances of the city, which was found to read as above, and the penalty fixed is $50 fine. Chief Schnibben said that the storage tanks, were absolutely safe, but the drawing of gasoline from them when there was a light around, after dark, should be stopped.

To Observe "Mother's Day."

Today will be observed at the First Baptist church as Mothers' Day. The musical programme, prepared by Miss Cannie Chasten, the organist and director of music, will be appropriate to the day. Mr. W. B. Muse will be the soloist at the morning service and Mrs. W. S. Till will be the soloist at the evening service. Miss Chasten now has a full chorus choir of 20 voices.

There is only one way to find out what your eyes need. A thoroughly accurate examination of your eyes. Accuracy is our specialty. Dr. Vineberg, the Eyee Specialist. Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. Spectacles from $1 up. (Advertisement.)

Do You Own Your Home? If Not, These Facts Are For You.

Have you stopped to think of the thousands of dollars rent you have paid? Then Think, of the rent you are now paying. Have you realized that every one dollars rent, pays for one share of Building and Loan Stock, for one month, and that on this one share, you can borrow One Hundred Dollars. On 25 shares $2,500.00 and so on, and that if you have title to a lot you can borrow on this lot to build your home.

All of the Seven City Building and Loan Associations make loans in the City Limits, and on property such as Winoca Terrace Lots, on fifteenth between Princess and Rankin streets.

Then bring the question straight up to yourself—What others can do, I can do. Then talk with Wright's Agency—They have aided others and they want to aid you. It's their business and it's their pleasure.

By facing bravely the securing of a home, getting the facts and the figures—and thereby seriously tackling the proposition, just as many other things in life, you will greatly surprised to see how much easier it is to get your home, how much more pleasure it is when you pay out money each month to feel that it goes to buy a home—and you will say—"I should have done this years ago."

This is the experience of hundreds of your friends, and it will be your experience—with a lot, such as the lot at Winoca Terrace, high, healthy, large lot with good people, delightful neighbors around. You will begin really to live. Your lawn, your flowers, your fig tree, your chicken yard, your stable or garage—will make the word HOME have entirely a different meaning, than now, when your money, your work, and improvements go to benefit there.

The Winoca lots are Today about one-fifth the cost of other city lots (any where you would be willing to live) but the number is limited, and they are being brought up steadily. These purchasers will build homes and up the prices go. If ever you intend to own a home in Wilmington, Now while Winoca Terrace is being started, homes built, is the time to buy.

Monday, call by Wright & Son's office, No. 124 Princess Street and talk this over. They will be glad to see you and the few minutes time, will be well spent, and later you will thank them many, many times, as others have done. (advertisement.)

SUNDAY SERVICES

Announcements of Wilmington Pastors for Their Pulpits Today

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Whitsunday. Holy Communion at 7:30. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Organ recital at 7:45. Sunday school commencement at 4. Everybody cordially welcome.

Villa View Methodist church, Rev. Geo. B. Webster, pastor—Services today at 11 o'clock A. M. by the pastor. A cordial invitation extended to all to attend.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets—First mass 7 A. M. Last mass sermons 10:30 A. M. Vespers, sermon, 8 P. M.

St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Whitsunday. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion 11 A. M. Sunday school 4 P. M. Special services for the Sunday school 5 P. M. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

Brooklyn Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning subject, "When You Feel Your Greatness and the World's Smallness." Night subject, "Kadeshbarnea." Sunday school at 3:30 o'clock, Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Ladies' Missionary Society Tuesday 3:30. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. B. Y. P. U. Thursday night, and Bible class and Teachers' meeting Friday night.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor—Service with Holy Communion at 11 A. M. Subject of sermon, "The Christian Church." Service at 8 P. M. Subject of sermon, "The Angel in the Sun." Sunday school at 3:30. The public is cordially invited to all services. Business meeting of the Luther League Thursday 8:15 P. M.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. C. T. Rogers, pastor—Services Sunday 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school and Business Men's Bible Class 3:30 P. M. Epworth League Monday evening 8 P. M. Regular Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 P. M.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor—Services Sunday morning at 11 o'clock by Rev. A. J. Howell, and at 8 P. M. by Rev. J. T. White. Public cordially invited.

First Baptist church, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor—Today will be observed as Mother's Day. At the Sunday school there will be a special programme. Mothers are invited to come and bring their babies. There will be a committee of nurses to take charge of the babies and keep them during the Sunday school and church service. The subject of the 11 o'clock sermon will be "Our Mothers." There will be special music appropriate to the day. At 8 P. M. the subject will be "Christ in the Home." All are cordially invited to these services.

Grace Methodist church, corner of Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor—Sunday School 9:45 A. M. Preaching at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Epworth League Friday 8 P. M. A warm welcome for all at every service.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING.

Large Gathering of People at Brunswick Baptist Church Yesterday.

Mr. C. Y. Devaun, of this city, yesterday attended the Sunday School anniversary celebration at Brunswick Baptist church, Brunswick, Ela, Lebanon, Bethel, Forest and Town Creek Sunday Schools were represented at the meeting. The programme was of a most interesting nature, consisting of songs, recitations, readings, etc., and an address by Rev. J. C. Mizzell, pastor of the Brunswick church. The morning session lasted from 10 to 12 and the afternoon from 1:30 to 3:30 o'clock. Mr. V. C. Garner, of Funston, was re-elected president of the organization. The meeting came to a close with the singing of "Blest be the Tie That Binds."

One of the principal feature of the gathering was the singing, which is always of the first order at these annual meetings. There were about 300 persons in attendance and the gathering was one of great enjoyment to all. Dinner was served in picnic style at the door recess. It was a fine spread and the crowd greatly enjoyed the repast.

Heretofore the organization has been meeting only once a year, but yesterday it was decided to meet twice a year hereafter and the next meeting will be held with Town Creek Baptist church Saturday before the second Sunday in September.

ASK EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY

H. Mack Godwin Has Strong Support in Plea of Pardon

The matter of a pardon for Mr. H. Mack Godwin, who was convicted of violating the prohibition law and sentenced to 12 months, spoken of now and then for some time past, is to be pushed to a conclusion by his friends. He has the active support and endorsement of Representative Woodus Kellum, ex-Councilman Bernice C. Moore and Mayor P. Q. Moore, and it is stated that Solicitor Henry E. Shaw and Judge Oliver H. Allen will also endorse the application for a full pardon. The reason these prominent and influential gentlemen are willing to lend themselves to the effort to secure a pardon for Mr. Godwin is his conduct since his trial. He not only cut away completely from all connection with the illegal traffic which was carried on so extensively by many before Judge Carter's descent on the fold, but he has, without reward of a monetary nature, rendered valuable service to the police department in detective work for months past. His conduct has from time to time elicited very favorable comment. An appeal to the Supreme Court served to stay the execution of the sentence, and give Mr. Godwin an opportuity to "make good," so to speak, and to be in position to show Governor Craig that executive clemency in his case would not be misplaced.

NEW Y. M. C. A. PRESIDENT.

Mr. Daniel H. Penton Chosen Head of Institution and Accepts.

Announcement was made yesterday that Mr. Daniel H. Penton, one of Wilmington's best known business men, who is also active in church work of the city, had been elected president of the Young Men's Christian Association, and that after considering the matter for two days had notified the board of directors, which body elected him, of his acceptance. The board of directors feel that a wise selection has been made and that the association has cause for congratulation.

Mr. Penton is president of the Business Men's Bible Class of the First Baptit church, is otherwise prominently identified with the work of the church.

Dr. Joseph Akerman, the retiring president, has been at the head of the association for the past five or six years and made a splendid official.

The board of directors elected new members of that body as follows: W. P. Stacy, Esq., Dr. J. C. Wessell, Messrs. J. P. Whyte, D. L. Latta, L. Brown McKoy and W. D. MacMillan Jr. There are nine old members, making a total of 15.

Our Certificates of Deposit

Bear interest from date at the rate of 4% compounded quarterly. If you have funds to invest, try this form and be safe.

OLD AND STRONG.

The PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

The Big White Building — Front and Princess Sts.

Labor and Capital.

LABOR judiciously directed and CAPITAL intelligently employed form the bed-rock of private fortune.

We invite the attention of WAGE-EARNING PEOPLE to the advantages offered by this Bank. Here you will find a safe place for the accumulation of your savings, and your efforts in that direction will be assisted by our 4% **interest,** compounded quarterly.

$1.00 starts an account.

Let us help you GET AHEAD IN THE WORLD.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

110 PRINCESS STREET

25 Years Old. $2,400,000 Strong.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

Satisfactory Service and Absolutely Reliability of Merchandise Is Yours at Polvogt's

The natural result is the serious thought of comfortable attire, and the logical place to buy is at POLVOGT'S, the tempting display, the choicest garments and fabrics have been culled from the season's choicest offering. The pleasure of shopping here is only the result of our Modern Store Methods, the reliability of our goods and the moderate prices are the result of our efforts to show you at once just what is new and correct as to style.

We Announce Our

Mid-Summer Millinery Opening

Tuesday and Wednesday. May 13th and 14th.

When we will exhibit an entirely new line of Trimmed Hats.

Special White Millinery will be displayed.

Hat Styles That Sparkle with Summertime Attractions.

Ravishingly handsome, persistently modest in cost, these Newest Millinery creations that we will have ready for your approval should win the heart of Every Style Loving Woman in the City.

We are always doing our best, or trying to, anyway. But this "Best" is a little BETTER than Anything in a Millinery Way we have shown for some time.

The Time to Choose Your Summer Hat is Right Now.

Silks at Greatly Reduced Prices!

40-inch Brocaded Charmeuse Silks, extra fine quality, at a yard $1.50

36-inch soft, clinging Silk Messalines, all wanted shades; also black, at a yard 98c

36-inch Wash Pongee Silks, with neat pin stripes; something entirely new for waists and dresses, at a yard . 98c

Bulgarian Silks, 36 inches wide; just at present all the craze, at a yard . $1.25

36-inch corded Shantung Silk, in the natural color, at a yard 69c

24-inch colored brocaded Silks, full showing of colors; priced special at a yard 89c

This SPRING APPAREL is of TWO-FOLD CHARM

Its Extreme Beauty, Coupled With Its Unusually Low Prices, Make it Irresistible!

Every garment here is in a handsome and attractive style. Every garment here is perfect in workmanship and flawless in fit and finish. And every garment here is priced considerably below its former selling price—below its actual value.

Naturally, assortments are not so varied nor so complete as at the season's beginning. But you may be certain that you'll find here a Suit or Dress or other garment that will entirely please you.

It would be wisdom to buy Spring apparel now at Polvogt's. Our present prices make purchasing a splendid investment for you!

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIETY

Mrs. Beck Swann and little girls have gone to Sanford on a visit.

* * *

Mrs. M. A. Biggs, of Elkin, N. C., is visiting Mrs. E. L. Hart, No. 911 Market street.

* * *

Mrs. B. H. Stephens has returned to the city after a visit to friends in New York.

* * *

Miss Mamie Beckwith and little niece, Annabel Lee, who have been visiting in Charleston, S. C., have returned home.

* * *

Ex-Mayor Joseph D. Smith and son, Marion, left Wednesday morning for Harnett county, where Mr. Smith expects to spend most of the Summer on his farm.

* * *

Mrs. W. J. Fryar and family, of Clinton, N. C., have arrived at Wrightsville Beach for the Summer, occupying "The Wave Crest" cottage, formerly known as the Hicks cottage.

* * *

Miss Carrie Myers is in Charlotte, where she is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Armand DeRosset Myers, on North Church street. Miss Myers is a sister of Mr. Myers.

* * *

Tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock at St. James' Parish House there will be a meeting of the alumnae of St. Mary's school and all interested are cordially invited to be present.

* * *

In honor of Miss Madge Webb, daughter of Judge and Mrs. James J. Webb, of Shelby, Miss Mary Meares entertained a few friends Friday evening at bridge. There were three tables and all those present had a most delightful time.

* * *

The Children's Aid Society of the Temple of Israel will give a lawn party Wednesday, May 14th, at 5 P. M. on the lawn of Dr. and Mrs. S. Mendelsohn, No. 511 Orange street. The public is cordially invited to attend.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Brock, of Durham, are spending a few days as the guests of Mr. Brock's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Brock, Carolina Place. They are on their honeymoon and will return in a few days to Durham, where they will make their home.

* * *

Mr. Walter J. Bergen, who is connected with the cotton exporting firm of Alexander Sprunt & Son, left last evening for New York, whence he will sail Thursday for Havre, France, on the steamship "France," to be absent some six weeks.

* * *

Through Mr. R. N. Sweet, agent, the following passengers have been booked for Europe: Maj. Thos. R. Orrell and Mr. Walter J. Bergen, on steamship "France," French Line, May 15th, for Havre; Miss Georgina Reid, steamship "California," from New York for Glasgow, June 7th.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. N. A. Culbreth went to Petersburg, Va., last evening to visit Dr. N. M. Culbreth, who his friends will regret to learn continues quite ill. Dr. Culbreth, Jr., will return tomorrow evening but Mrs. Culbreth will remain in Petersburg for ten days or two weeks.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Wessell have received handsomely engraved invitations to the graduating exercises and reception of the Curry School of Expression, Boston, Mass., in which their daughter, Miss Florence M. Wessell, is a student and from which she will graduate, receiving diplomas for the teacher's course and gymnasium.

* * *

Miss Lillian Williams is in Spartanburg, where she is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. E. C. Yarborough. In honor of Miss Williams a delightful porch party was given by Mrs. Yarborough Wednesday afternoon. The porches were made attractive with ferns and growing plants, hammocks and rustic seats. Refreshments were served during the afternoon.

* * *

Lieut. H. W. Stovall, of Fort Caswell, entertained a number of young people of Wilmington at a house party at the fort for the week-end last week and it proved to be a most enjoyable affair for all fortunate enough to be numbered among the guests. Those who enjoyed the hospitality of Lieutenant Stovall were: Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Brown, Miss Ernstine Bridgers, Miss Routh Bridgers, Miss Nora Corbett, Miss Juliet Albright, Messrs. H. V. Hines, H. L. O'Neil, R. H. Grant.

* * *

At the regular meeting Friday afternoon of the Tongue and Needle Circle at the home of Mrs. W. T. Atkinson, No. 303 North Second street, announcement was made of the approaching marriage of Miss Lucile King and Mr. Bryan Newkirk, which will take place some time in June. The color scheme of white and green was carried out in the dining room, where a delightful ice course was served. At the table all were asked to write advice to the bride which was formed into a booklet and presented to the bride-to-be. The members present were: Miss Lucile King, Mrs. C. A. Rourk, Mrs. Lewis Williams, Mrs. W. T. Atkinson, Mrs. J. R. Kelly, Mrs. Sherrock, Mrs. Lacy King, Mrs. I. W. Craig and Mrs. J. T. King.

* * *

LADIES INTERESTED IN OFFER OF DR. C. W. STILES

The ladies of North Carolina Sorosis, an organization composed of the leading women of the city who are deeply interested in all matters of public improvement, read with more than ordinary interest the proposition of Dr. C. W. Stiles, in charge of the U. S. Marine Hospital here, as set forth in Thursday's issue of The Morning Star, relative to the medical examination of school children. The ladies of Sorosis have been working along this identical line for a long while past, and have appeared before the County Board of Education and the City Council in the interest of this work. They want Dr. Stiles to know that they fully appreciate the value and importance of his offer and that he will have their most cordial and enthusiastic co-operation and support.

* * *

ENJOYABLE DANCE IN HONOR OF MISS TIENCKEN.

Friday evening a delightful dance was given by the Germania Club in honor of Miss Anna C. Tiencken, who in June will become the bride of Mr. W. C. Cronenberg. Music was furnished by Dock's Orchestra and refreshments were served at midnight. Those dancing were Miss Gesine Mohr, Mr. L. W. Wessell; Miss Lucile Polvogt, Mr. Will Bellois; Miss Marguerite Duls, Mr. Herman Gerdes; Miss Gesine Haar, Mr. J. G. Oldenbuttle; Miss Vasti Pigford, Mr. C. B. Wessell; Miss Louise Vollers, Mr. D. L. Struthers; Miss Mattie McEachern, Mr. Henry Gerdes; Miss Merle McEachern, Mr. F. J. Duls; Miss Louise Fick, Mr. H. M. Tiencken; Miss Katherine Nurnberger, Mr. Geo. Nurnberger, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Wessell, Jr.

Stags—Messrs. C. J. Fick, F. W. Ortman, O. Johnson and Will Bornemann.

Chaperones—Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Bellois, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Tiencken, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Polvogt.

* * *

GOLF SEASON CLOSES AT CAPE FEAR COUNTRY CLUB

As far as regularly scheduled events are concerned, the golf season at the Cape Fear Country Club was brought to a close yesterday afternoon by the playing of the finals in the presence of a large crowd of enthusiastic spectators.

Mrs. A. B. Skelding won the ladies' championship and the Captain of the Greens Cup, defeating Miss Mildred Smith, 8 up and 7 to play.

Mr. T. W. Strange won the men's championship and the President's Cup, defeating Mr. F. W. Dick, two up. This was a very close and exciting struggle and any one's match until the very end.

Mr. W. A. French won the Vice President's Cup, second flight, from Mr. C. VanLeuven, two up and one to play. The cups were presented with appropriate remarks by Mr. John J. Blair.

The personnel of the club team which is to go to Columbia and engage in the inter-State tournament this week, has not yet been announced but the prospects are that it will be composed of a very strong combination.

* * *

LADIES OF ST. PAUL'S PLANNING OLD TIME BAZAAR.

Great efforts are being made preparatory to the giving of an old-time bazaar by the ladies of St. Paul's Lutheran church congregation, at their memorial building at corner of Sixth and Princess streets next Wednesday afternoon and evening.

As is customary at entertainments of this kind quite a number of booths are being constructed and at their respective counters will be sold flowers, candies, fancy work of a variety of descriptions made by members of the seevral societies of the church and there is to be a suitable corner set aside for the serving of lemonade and ice cream. One of the principal features of the occasion will be the "Old Curiosity Shop" and this is expected to create considerable comment and pleasant surprises by its patrons.

The entertainment will be given under the auspices of the Dorcas Society but the entire congregation is looked to to take part and it is understood that there will be an early supper served for any and everybody at a nominal cost. The proceeds will be devoted to needs about their church properties.

* * *

COMMENCEMENT OF PEACE INSTITUTE AT RALEIGH

An invitation has been received by The Star reading as follows:

The Faculty and the Students
of
Peace Institute
request the honour of your presence
at the
Commencement Exercises
May the eighteenth to the twenty-first
nineteen hundred and thirteen
Raleigh, North Carolina.

The senior class is composed of the following young ladies: Misses Nellie Hamilton Graves, full diploma, Carthage; Mattie Estor Hill, literature and science, Raleigh; Bessie Faye Jackson, Tarboro; Annie Reade Lewis, literature and language, Whiteville; Mary White, literature and language, Raleigh. Special diplomas will be awarded as follows: Misses Clara Bell Armstrong, piano, Gastonia; Elizabeth Ruth McGee, piano, Mount Olive; Mabel Pugh, art, Morrisville; Sue Thackston, piano, Raleigh; Sarah Eleanor Tillar, piano, Emporia, Va. Certificates will be awarded to Miss Jean Gales Ward, Franklinton, in English, French, history and philosophy.

Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, this city, will deliver the baccalaureate sermon in the First Presbyterian church, Raleigh, on Sunday, May 18th, at 11 A. M. Monday, May 19th, at 5 P. M., class day exercises will be held on the campus, and at 8:30 the annual play will be given in the chapel, followed by art reception in the studio. Tuesday, May 20th, 5 P. M., alumnae meeting in parlors; 9:30 P. M. annual concert in chapel. Wednesday, May 21st, 10 A. M., commencement exercises in chapel. Address before graduates by Hon. P. P. Claxton, United States Commissioner of Education, Washington, D. C.

* * *

DELEGATES RETURN MEETING AT NEWBERN

Enthusiastic in their praise of the unsurpassed hospitality and generous entertainment of the Newbern people and declaring that the meeting was the most profitable from every standpoint that has ever been held by the organization, the Wilmington delegates to the annual meeting of the State Federation of Women's Clubs, held at Newbern last week, returned to the city yesterday morning. The next meeting will be held at Fayetteville, as stated in the telegraph columns of yesterday's Star. The meeting just ended was a most harmonious one and there was not a semblance of a disturbance of any kind in any of the sessions that were held.

The delegates who returned yesterday were: Mrs. M. L. Stover, who has been chairman of the educational department for several years and who was elected treasurer of the Federation for the ensuing term; Mrs. J. P. Whyte, Mrs. W. L. Beery, Miss Margaret Gibson, Mrs. Adolph Goodman, Mrs. Horace Springer and Mrs. J. A. Brown and Mrs. Spencer, of Chadbourn. Mrs. Ingram, of Wadesboro, accompanied the Wilmington delegates here, leaving in the afternoon for her home.

The new officers of the Federation were given in yesterday's Star, but the chairman of the several departments for the ensuing term have not been published locally and are as follows: Mrs. Ingram, Wadesboro, chairman household economics; Mrs. J. A. Brown Chadbourn, chairman music department; Mrs. C. C. Hook, Charlotte, chairman of educational department; Miss Mabel Chadwick, Newbern, chairman literature department; Mrs. Long, Statesville, chairman of art department; Mrs. Irving Paylor, High Point, chairman of publicity; Mrs. Al. Fairbrother, Greensboro, chairman membership; Mrs. Parham, Hendersonville, chairman finance committee.

The Wilmington delegates had a prominent part in the deliberations of the Federation. Miss Gibson was a member of several important committees; Mrs. Stover made one of the feature reports of the session, was also on several committees, and other local delegates had prominent parts in the discussions.

One of the real features of the meeting was the establishment by the Federation of a loan fund to aid needy girls in college, which scheme was proposed by Mrs. Stover, chairman of the educational department, in her annual report. As stated in dispatches to The Star and other daily papers of the State, Mrs. Stover suggested in her report that the Federation raise $250 as a nucleus for this fund. Within a few minutes $1,000 was subscribed and the amount could easily have been carried considerably above that sum. The fund is to be known as "The Sallie Southall Cotton Loan Fund," in honor of Mrs. Robert R. Cotton, of Bruce, the retiring president of the Federation, who is an honorary member of the Wilmington club of Sorosis.

In reference to the report of Mrs. Stover the Newbern Sun of Thursday had the following that will be read with much interest locally, as the account is fuller than that sent out in the dispatches:

"This report was in many ways the hit of the convention, in that it proposed a loan fund for college girls to be known as the Sallie Southall Cotton Loan Fund, in honor of the retiring president. The report showed a careful and conscientious study of the big subject of education, not only in North Carolina but in other States. The comparison was not entirely favorable to our own State, being of the sort to inspire women of the Federation to still put forth greater efforts in their valiant and determined fight against illiteracy.

"Mrs. Stover advocated the conducting of a campaign of publicity until the authorities agreed to enforce the educational laws through sheer weariness. The subject of education touches upon a great variety of social questions, such as prison methods, women in industries, and all sorts of social and civic problems looking towards the America of the future.

"The Federation has in the past occasionally lent money to deserving girls to help them through college. Of this fund, $132 was recently returned to the Federation, and is at present available. It was recommended that this be used as a nucleus for a loan fund for needy girls, this to be known as the Sallie Southall Cotton Loan Fund, in honor of the retiring president, Mrs. Cotton, who was paid a very high tribute in the report—among her many services being mentioned the fact that she was the first woman in the State to call upon the women's clubs to federate.

"The resolution in respect to this loan fund was passed unanimously amid great enthusiasm."

The Sun says that Mrs. Cotton was exceedingly affected by this totally unexpected testimony of the high esteem in which she was held, and in voice which almost broke with emotion, said: "I can best show my appreciation by working to increase this loan fund so long as I am with you, and this I assure you I will do, that the memorial may go to work for the girls of North Carolina."

Mrs. Wiggins, of Boston, promptly pledged $500 to this fund on behalf of the children of Mrs. Cotton. "Nothing,' smilingly remarked Mrs. Cotton, when this gift was announced, "has ever paid me but my motherhood."

The Sun says that subscriptions to the fund flowed thick and fast and there is no telling where it might have gone, had somebody not suggested that in order to get through with the business before the convention they simply must hear the report of the committee on the legal status of women in North Carolina.

The Civic Department of North Carolina Sorosis will be hostess the third Thursday in this month to the entire club in the Masonic Temple, at which time reports will be received from the delegates who attended the Newbern meeting. The meeting will be held at 4 o'clock.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Moore, of Atkinson, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Among the guests at The Orton yesterday was Mr. J. D. Thompson, of Sanford.

—Mrs. Carrie Clark and Miss Myrtle Clark, of Beaufort, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Messrs. M. C. Guthrie and R. M. Potter, of Southport, were registered at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. W. E. Yopp returned yesterday morning from Durham where he attended the State meeting of the funeral directors and embalmers.

—Arrivals at the Southern Hotel yesterday included F. W. Becker, Newberlin; J. H. Falsom, Savannah; W. R. King, Top Sail; G. A. Ray, New Orleans; L. M. Porter, P. S. Porter, Kelly; C. A. Daniels, Newbern; C. Bradshaw, Hamlet; Geo. W. Flut, Dunn; S. L. Williams, Castle Haynes; F. A. Moore, Currie; A. V. Cline, Greensboro; L. H. Wher, Rose Hill; L. S. Foster, Rocky Mount.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The British steamer Knockwell, 2,202 tons, arrived yesterday from Shields, and will receive cargo of cotton for export from Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son.

—The General Orrd, mine planter, left Southport yesterday at noon for Fort Monroe, and after undergoing repairs there will go to New London station for the Summer.

—The tug Columbia, with barge Lynn in tow, arrived yesterday from Chisholm Island, S. C., with cargo of phosphate rock for the Virgina-Carolina Chemical Co.; vessel to Tidewater Grocery Co.

—Through the Wright Real Estate Agency C. B. Parmele has sold to Thos. A. Smith and wife, for $1,000 and other considerations, lot on the northeast corner of Sixth and Wright streets, 33x79 feet in size.

—On account of unforeseen circumstances, yesterday's issue of the Live Wire was delayed a few hours in arrival, but Editor Ramos assures his friends that it will be on the streets this afternoon as usual.

—Mayor Moore yesterday received from Mr. O. L. Browne, 916 Market street, a communication calling attention to the fast and oft times reckless driving of automobiles in the city, citing instances of narrow escapes of pedestrians from serious injury or death. He also furnished the Mayor with the number of one of the machines said to have been going at a speed greater than is allowed by the city ordinance. Mayor Moore notified Chief of Police Fowler immediately of the receipt of the communication and instructed the officer to have his men make a special effort to enforce the law with reward to the speed of automobiles.

Funeral of Mr. Hewlett Today

The funeral services of Mr. Charles W. Hewlett, who died Friday night at Harper's Sanitarium following an operation, will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at Masonboro Baptist church, where interment will be made. The remains will leave the residence, No. 1015 Market street, at 9 o'clock. Rev. E. J. Harrell, pastor of the Masonboro church, will conduct the funeral, and the Jeff Davis Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., will have ritualistic ceremonies at the grave. Mr. Hewlett is survived by his wife and two daughters, who have the tenderest sympathy of their friends.

..Theatrical..

The Grand Theatre is never satisfied unless it is providing something new, something just a little bit better for its thousands of enthusiastic patrons and friends. The six-piece orchestra during the past week proved most attractive and the music each evening was listened to and appreciated by everyone.

Tomorrow for the new week there is going to be still something just a little bit better and it is nothing more nor less than the second release of a second great multiple reel feature by Nelies, "Lover by a Maori Chieftess." It is produced in New Zealand and enacted throughout by Moaris—aboriginal natives of the island—under the personal direction of Mr. Gaston Melies. It is the first of the New Zealand pictures to be released and typifies the lives, manners and customs of a strange, but wonderful people in a story of compelling interest. It has to do with the Maori uprising of 1870, when the feeling against the British was bitterest.

A young English trapper was taken prisoner by a tribe. He escaped the fate of a prisoner of war—being burned at the stake and eaten—only through the influence of the chief's daughter, who recognized in him the man she is predestined to marry.

There will be one other picture and the music by the orchestra will be of especial interest each day.

Monday at the Bijou.

Thrills, fun and novelty will all be gloriously mixed in the great bill to be presented tomorrow at the popular Bijou and with which this favorite amusement spot will inaugurate one of the most delightfully artistic weeks in its entire history. And the topliner tomorrow will be another special release film. It will be a great thrilling two-reel subject, "The Toll of Fear," which is the best thing the Lubin company has yet manufactured. It is really a massive film sensation and is presented in most elaborate manner. It tells a story of a young deputy sheriff's efforts to capture a band of desperate cattle rustlers. There are many thrilling spectacles, and the film should not be missed by the ardent devotees of the movies.

There is also a swell fun film on tomorrow in "A Farm House Romance." It is another one of those mirth provoking "Max" films and this is the blue ribbon winner of them all. It is a laugh all the way through.

There is also a great novelty picture on in "The Dionnes on the Horizontal Bar", showing a team of daring acrobats whose work on the bar is nothing short of sensational and hair-raising.

All in all, there will be four big films plus new music and solid comfort at the Bijou tomorrow. The price of admission remains the same—5 cents, afternoon or night.

Pictures for the Academy

The Academy of Music will offer the moving picture patrons a big treat in the way of feature films. Tomorrow they will offer the sensational Western comedy, Frank Merriwell in Arizona, or "The Mystery of the Mine." This is said to be one of the most sensational of all Western films and it is promised to be a big feature. In addition to the big feature there will also be shown three other reels. There will be a continuous show; doors will open at 7:30. Prices are only 10 cents to any part of the Academy. The pictures will be changed every day.

GREGORY NORMAL INSTITUTE

Commencement Exercises Will be Held Next Week—Programme

Invitations have been issued by the faculty and class of 1913 of Gregory Normal Institute, colored, for the commencement exercises, which will be held Monday, May 19th, at 8 P. M. at Christ Congregational church, this city. On Thursday evening of this week there will be a public meeting of the alumni with an address by Rev. A. J. Wilson. The class day exercises will be held Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, and on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock the baccalaureate sermon will be preached by Rev. J. A. Bonner. The commencement exercises will be held Monday afternoon of next week.

The programme for the class day exercises follows: Song of welcome by class of 1913; class history, Nada P. McDonald; class prophecy, Fannie P. Sampson; song, "Plantation Lullaby," Gregory Quartette; class will, Snowdrop E. Bailey; class poem, Hattie Freeman; song, "Fairy Land," class of 1913.

For the commencement exercises the programme will be as follows: Invocation, Rev. A. J. Tate; chorus, "Revel of the Leaves," school; salutatory, Rena St. George; address, J. T. Newsome; chorus, "Good Night, Good Night, Beloved," school; valedictory, Armita B. Whiteman; presentation of diplomas; class song; chorus, school; benediction.

The graduating class is composed of Armita B. Whiteman, Rena St George, Hattie L. Freeman, Nada R. McDonald, Fannie P. Sampson, Snowdrop E. Bailey, Zoa C. Sullivan, William A. Sykes, Martin L. Jones, John H. Jones.

NEW CITY MAP.

Makers Meeting With Eucouragement in Canvass for Orders

The advance canvass that is being made for the new city map of Greater Wilmington by Messrs. Pruden and Battle, map makers, is meeting with liberal support from the real estate men, bankers, insurance agents, architects and others interested in the many new buildings now in course of construction, but as stated by one of the gentlemen yesterday only about one-half the necessary number of orders have been given so far to meet the necessary expense of this publication.

So a further canvass will be made among the manufacturers, wholesalers and men of other lines to ascertain if all interested in seeing Greater Wilmington as it is today represented on a map, will not subscribe for one, thus making this meritorious work possible.

OPEN AIR MEETINGS TODAY.

Four Will be Held in as Many Places This Afternoon.

The Ministerial Association will hold open air meetings this afternoon at 5 o'clock at four different points in the city—at Fourth and Bladen streets; Sixth and Castle streets; Fifth and Nixon streets, and at Greenfield Park. The Yoke Fellows' Band will assist in the services, rendering music and songs. The public is extended a cordial invitation to attend these meetings, which are designed to carry the message of the Gospel to people who do not ordinarily attend services at the various churches. All are asked to come and participate.

Hufham-Green Nuptials

Mr. John A. Hufham, son of Mr. F. P. Hufham, and Miss Mildred Green, daughter of Mr. Rowan Green, were married last evening at 7 o'clock by "Judge" Bornemann, in his office on Princess street.

Skin Soothed and Healed by D. D. D.

Itching skin, ugly eruptions, scaly scalp, Eczema and its allied diseases, all yield instantly to the soothing influence of the mild, simple wash, the **D.D.D. Prescription for Eczema.**

From our experience with skin sufferers, we are convinced that skin disease is caused by germs beneath the outer skin that spread and multiply until they become a mass of gnawing animals. D.D.D., a penetrating liquid, destroys these germs and washes them away, thereby relieving that awful itch immediately. A 50c bottle will prove this much to you.

We are so confident that D.D.D. can reach all cases that we offer you the first full-size bottle *free* if it does not do as we say. You, alone, to judge. D.D.D. Soap aids in keeping the skin pure; ask us. Rob't R. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C.

Last Call!

Your Last Chance, Your Last Opportunity

To Show Your Colors and Do Something to Let the Outside World Know What Wilmington Looks Like—The Roll of Honor of Wilmington's Public Spirited Merchants, Mill Owners, Bankers, Officials and Progressive Men Will Soon be Published.

GRAND RUSH TO GET IN OUT OF THE WET BEFORE THE DOORS CLOSE FOREVER.

You will have to Hurry! Hurry!! Hurry!!! if you wish to get into The Wilmington Star's Magnificent Progress Edition. Most of the leading concerns are in it. There will not be another publication like it for years, so it's **Now or Never.**

The books will close within a few days. Show that you are willing to help Wilmington.

Dead men never advertise. Don't draw the line on the best thing of its kind ever published here. Give your order at once. **Do it for Wilmington!**

KODAK

Get Out in the Open With a KODAK.

There's health and recreation for those who answer the call. Kodaks and Films and Supplies

C. W. YATES & CO., 117 Market St.

FARM WAGONS
SPRING WAGONS
OPEN WAGONS
COVERED WAGONS
LUMBER WAGONS
ONE-HORSE WAGONS
TWO-HORSE WAGONS
FOUR-HORSE WAGONS

City Livery Company

Get Our Prices!
112 No. 2nd St.

Special Two-Reel Feature—The Toll of Fear
A Farm House Romance—Comic
Performers on the Horizonal Bars.

BIJOU
MONDAY.

ACADEMY
SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
EVERY NIGHT
Grand Opening Monday Night, May 12
Most wonderful feature motion picture ever shown in Wilmington.
Opening night the sensational Western comedy.
Frank Merriwell
—IN—
ARIZONA, or the MYSTERY MINE
and 30 other reels
Admission 10 Cents
Change of Programme Daily
Continuous performance. Doors open at 7:30. 3t.

RICE REDUCES HIGH COST OF LIVING. It is the cheapest and best food, 100 ways of using it at every meal every day. 100 POUNDS $4.75 direct from where it is grown. Nice, clean, whole grains. Send check or money order. JAMES HORE, New Orleans La.

New Elevator!

Is now in operation. The Insurance Inspector has pronounced it Absolutely Safe. Several tests have proven the Impossibility of its ever dropping.

Use it for Inspecting the Great Stocks of Goods on the Second and Third floors.

Those who feared the old elevator and disliked steps will be surprised to see the vast amount of goods these two floors contain, and to learn of the many Rich Bargains in various articles to be found there.

New Things in Summer Goods for This Week.

Porch Screens, 98c, $1.38, $1.68.

Mosquito Nets, ready for instant use, $1.18, $1.48 and $1.65.

Hammocks, from 98c to $3.85.

All kinds of Chair, Couch, Settee, Lawn and Boat Pillows, 25c to $2.00.

Splendid Double Bed Mattress, for $4.85.

30c grade of Matting, for 22 1-2c, by the Bolt.

Window Shades in Holland Cloth, standard size, 25c.

Standard size shades, in Moire, 50c.

Shades made to any size required.

Best 75c. Sheet, for double bed, on the market.

Pillow Cases, 10c.

New Ratine Hats, for grown people and Children. All the latest styles, shapes and shades, 50c to $2.50.

Crepe Paper, in all colors, 5c Roll.

We carry the Best 50c. Corset on the market, and we also sell the two Best styles made. The La Grecque and the La Reine, and we can give you any price, any quality, any size and any form, for less money than you can buy the same class and quality of Corset elsewhere.

Gaylord-Platt-Haar Co.
North Front Street

Financial and Commercial

COTTON MARKET NOT ACTIVE

Buying Not Aggressive—Close Was Firm at a Net Gain of From Four to Eight Points.

New York, May 10—The cotton market was not active today, but prices advanced on a scattering demand which seemed to come partly from some of yesterday's late selling, and the close was firm at a net gain of from 4 to 8 points.

The opening was steady at unchanged prices to an advance of two points on covering for over the week-end and a moderate demand from trade sources. The buying was not particularly aggressive, and the market did not seem to be attracting much fresh outside demand for long account, but prices worked gradually higher, and there seemed to be very little cotton offering. The close was within a point of the best. Owing to the holiday there were no cables from Liverpool which will be closed again on Monday and also on Friday and Saturday of next week, but mail advices confirmed recent cables indicating a much more favorable view of trade conditions abroad and there was a little buying here which was attributed to the continent.

Reviews of domestic goods trade conditions also read rather favorably as Western distributors reported more than a seasonably active business in the interior, while sales of print cloths at Fall River howed a distinct improvement. These considerations and talk of further shipments from the local stock probably accounted in part for the steadier tone of the market, but the covering movement was more generally attributed to the failure of weather reports to indicate any additional rainfall of consequence in the Eastern belt, and the official forecast for continued clear weather with lower temperatures in that section.

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 12.00; middling gulf 12.25; no sales.

Cotton futures closed firm.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	10.95	11.00	10.95	11.00
Feb	10.94	.....	.....	10.92
Mar	11.04	11.04	11.04	11.03
May	11.35	11.43	11.42	11.48
June	.....	.....	.....	11.58
July	11.54	11.60	11.52	11.59
Aug	11.30	11.30	11.34	11.37
Sept	.....	11.00	11.00	11.10
Oct	10.96	11.03	10.95	11.03
Nov	10.95	.....	.....	.....
Dec	10.98	11.03	10.98	11.04

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Quiet, 12 3-16; net receipts, 3,294; gross receipts, 3,867; sales, 268; stock, 74,702; France, 1,219; continent, 100; coastwise, 123; Mexico, 21.

Mobile—Nominal, 11¾; net receipts, 204; gross receipts 204; stock, 9,214.

Savannah—Quiet, 12.00; net receipts, 2,463; gross receipts, 2,463; sales, 543; stock, 62,335; coastwise, 200.

Charleston—Quiet, 11¾; net receipts, 375; gross receipts, 375; stock, 16,320; Great Britain, 3,975.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 50; gross receipts, 50; stock, 20,244.

Norfolk—12.00; net receipts, 627; gross receipts, 627; sacks, 543; stock, 45,567; coastwise, 2,998.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12½; stock, 4,308.

New York—Quiet, 12.00; gross receipts, 329; stock, 114,345; coastwise, 140.

Boston—Quiet, 12.00; gross receipts, 998; stock, 10,038.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.25; net receipts, 340; gross receipts, 340; stock, 2,025.

Texas City—Net receipts, 318; gross receipts, 318; stock, 8,494.

Brunswick—Stock, 8,731.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 4; gross receipts, 4; stock, 544; constwise, 57.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 9,114; Great Britain, 3,975; France, 1,219; continent, 100; Mexico, 21; stock, 495,200.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 9,114; Great Britain, 3,975; France, 1,219.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 9,439,232; Great Britain, 3,257,243; France, 938,066; continent, 3,138,864; Japan, 338,698; Mexico, 10,160.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Holiday; net receipts, 938; gross receipts, 938; shipments, 2,740; stock, 85,638.

Augusta—Steady, 12.00; net receipts, 63; gross receipts, 103; shipments, 144; sales, 274; stock, 44,053.

Memphis—Quiet, 12¼; net receipts, 134; gross receipts, 388; shipments, 2,165; sales, 600; stock, 73,121.

St. Louis—Dull, 12¼; net receipts, 50; gross receipts, 366; shipments, 414; stock, 29,773.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 360; gross receipts, 360; shipments, 195; sales, 400; stock, 27,272.

Little Rock—Quiet, 11¾; net receipts, 80; gross receipts, 80; stock, 26,193.

Greenville—Quiet, 11¾.

Total today—Net receipts, 1,625; gross receipts, 2,235; shipments, 5,638; sales, 1,274; stock, 280,060.

WEEKLY COTTON GOODS REVIEW

New York, May 10.—Cotton goods markets touched a low point and reacted during the week, closing steadier than they have been for some little time. About 400,000 pieces of print cloths were sold, 170,000 at Fall River. Prices advanced 1-8 cent a yard from the extreme low points. Business in prints has revived in the past few days.

Drills and sheetings did not decline as print cloths did, but are gradually settling to a more attractive trading basis. Ginghams are quiet. Bleached cottons rule steady. Fancy cottons are being bought only for delivery for Fall. Stocks of cotton goods in leading jobbing houses are the lowest carried in several years at this period. A similar condition exists in most mill warehouses. Prices rule as follows:

Print cloth 28 inch 64x64s, 3 3-4c; 64x60s, 3 1-2 cents; 38 1-2 inch, 64x64s, 5 and 5 1-8 cents; Southern sheetings standard 7 3-4 cents; denims 9 ounces, 14 cents; tickings 8 ounces 13 3-4c; standard staple prints 5 1-2c; standard staple ginghams 6 3-4c; dress ginghams 9 1-4 cents.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET

New York, May 10.—Flour quiet and steady.

Wheat—Steady; No. 2 red 1.10 and 1.11; No. 1 Northern Duluth 1.00.

Corn—Firm 64c.

Hides, Petroleum, Rice and Molasses—Steady.

Leather—Firm.

Wool—Quiet.

Sugar—Raw, barely steady; refined steady.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Easier.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio No. 1, 11 1-2; Santos No. 4, 13 1-2; mild, dull; Cordova 14 1-2 to 17 nominal.

Freights, Potatoes, Cabbages and Peanuts—Steady and unchanged.

Cottonseed Oil—Dull and featureless with closing prices showing very little change from last night. Sales 2,900 barrels. Tenders on contract 1,000 barrels. Prime crude 600 nominal. Prime Summer yellow spot 6.92 to 6.98; May 6.93; June 6.94; July 6.96; August 7.01; September 7.02; October 6.69; November 6.40; December 6.30; prime Winter yellow 7.00 to 7.60; prime Summer white 7.00 to 7.50.

Liverpool, May 10.—No market. Holiday.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW

Markets of the World Feel Benefit Caused by Settlement of European Difficulties. —Situation

New York, May 10.—New York in common with all world markets, felt the benefit of the smoothing difficulties in the way of European peace by Montenegro's submission of Scutari to the disposal of the powers, but this particular step was not considered conclusive was shown by the moderate effect produced on markets and by the renewed hesitation later. Engagements of gold in New York for shipment to Paris was made to the amount of $8,000,000. The Bank of France's holdings, despite New York's shipments earlier in the year, still remain lower than in January. French rentes also have sold lower than since 1889. The coming issue of a large government loan is the depressing influence. Flotation of a Brazilian loan in London involves withdrawals from that market and Berlin is engaged with further preparation for the addition to the "War Chest."

The indications of restricted money supplies in the future are little calculated to relieve the prostration of investment demand for new security issues, which is keeping up with the difficulty for railroad and corporations of procuring needed capital. Relations of government to business were kept in view by the explanation given for closing down of textile mills and for some industrial dividend reductions. This explanation involved the uncertain conditions under prospective tariff changes.

A decrease in specifications on steel contracts to a rate considerably below shipments was reported, following the entry into force of higher contract prices. A falling off in the United States Steel Corporation's tonnage, disclosed in the monthly statement, had been generally forseen. Coppers were helped by the April decrease in stocks of the metal.

The government's estimate of a bumper Winter wheat crop is supplemented by reports of forward conditions for all crops. This is expected to prompt a liquidation of grain reserves which would effectually relieve the heavy loan expansion of Western banks.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Knockwell (Br.), 2,202 tons, Shield, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Tug Columbia, Connelly, Chisholm's Island, towing the barge Lynn, 1,829 tons, Redman, Tidewater Gro. Co.

Cleared.

Str. Asloif (Span.), 2,192 tons, Coll, Henry Whyte, agent Seaboard Air Line, light, for Tampa.

Str. Carib (N. Y.), 2,280 tons, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

St. Nicolas (Br.), 2,284 tons, McClean, Heide & Co.

Auchencraig (Br.), 2,539 tons, Reed, Heide & Co.

Str. Knockwell (Br.), 2,202 tons, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulburn, Maffitt & Wood.

Schr. Stephen G. Loud, 495 tons, Graham, Maffitt & Wood.

Barges.

Linn, 1,829 tons, Redman, Maffitt & Wood.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, May 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady, 37 cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Steady; $4.25 per barrel.

TAR—Firm, at $2.20 per barrel; in casks 9c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $2.50 per barrel for hard; $3.50 per barrel for dip, and $3.75 per barrel for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 46½; rosin, $6.00; tar, $1.90; crude turpentine, 3.50 per barrel for hard; 4.50 for dip; 4.50 for virgin.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	3
Rosin	11
Tar	(—)
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, — casks; rosin, — barrels; tar, 12 barrels; crude turpentine, 27 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year—11½ for middling.

Receipts, 52; same day last year, 59 bales.

Total receipts, since Sept. 1st, 336,450 bales.

Total receipts same time last year, 506,340 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, May 10.)

CORN—Firm, 75c. per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 85c. to 90c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 75 to 80c.

PEAS—Dull. White, $2.00@$2.25 to $2.40; cow peas, $1.50 to $1.75 per bu.

BEEF—Native, dressed, 8c.

PORK—9 to 11c.

WOOL—Burry, 10 to 14c. per lb.; free of burr, 20c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 10c. per lb.; dry, 17c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 18 to 19c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13 to 14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm, 4½@5c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, dull. Grown, 45@50c.; Spring chickens, 20@30c. per head.

EGGS—Good Demand. 20c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.) Wilmington, May 10.

Market—Weaker.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock prime hand-picked, 65c.; machine picked, 60c.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.15 to $1.20; machine-picked, $1.20.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 85c.; machine-picked, 80c.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at the Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., May 10th.

Atlantic Coast Line—50 bales cotton.

Clyde Line—2 bales cotton.

Schr. Addie May—3 casks spirits turpentine; 11 barrels rosin.

Total—52 bales cotton; 3 casks sprits turpentine; 11 barrels rosin.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, May 10.—Money on call, nominal. No loans. Time loans, easier. Sixty and ninety days, 3@4 per cent.; six months, 4¼@4½. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easier, at 4.83 for sixty day bills, and at 4.86 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.82½. Bar silver, 60⅝. Mexican dollars, 48. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, steady.

In an average year the Mississippi carries out to sea 136,000,000 tons of mineral or earth salts in solution and 340,000,000 tons of mud.

Anti-Trust Legislation Against Coal-carrying Railroads Have Tendency to Lower Stocks—Bonds Are Steady

New York, May 10.—The decision of the Department of Justice as reported from Washington to institute further proceedings under the anti-trust law against certain of the coal-carrying roads made the stocks of these companies the target of speculative attack today. Bear traders succeeded in hammering down the coalers to a materially lower level, the declines ranging from 1 to 15 points. The effect on sentiment of this movement was increased by continuation of liquidation of investment stocks, some of which touched the low point of several years. New York Central sold under 99. Low records for the year were made by nearly a dozen stocks.

In the face of these influences the active stocks in general held up fairly well. The foreign markets were closed, and the lack of London buying tended still further to restrict activity here.

Predictions of a heavy falling off in United States Steel monthly statement of unfilled tonnage were fulfilled, in fact, the decrease of nearly 500,000 tons was considerably more than generally had been expected. The total at the end of April, however, was over 1,300,000 tons in excess of that of the corresponding period of the previous year. While the banks did not make the expected cash gain a cut in loans of $17,000,000 reduced reserve requirements sufficiently to add nearly $4,000,000 to the excess reserve. Bonds were steady. Total sales par value $420,000. United States 4s registered advanced the 4s 1-4 coupon 1-2 and the Panama 3s 1-8 on call on the week. Total sales were 66,800 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	74⅝
American Agricultural	49
American Beet Sugar	30¼
American Can	32⅝
American Can, pfd	92½
American Car and Foundry	48¼
American Cotton Oil	42
American Ice Securities	25¼
American Linseed	9⅝
American Locomotive	32
American Smelting and Ref	66⅝
Amer. Smelting and Ref., pfd	101½
American Sugar Ref	110½
American Tel and Tel	127⅜
American Tobacco	231
Anaconda Mining Co	37⅝
Atchison	99⅜
Atchison, pfd	99¼
Atlantic Coast Line	120
Baltimore and Ohio	97½
Bethlehem Steel	32½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	80½
Canadian Pacific	241⅝
Central Leather	22¼
Chesapeake and Ohio	63½
Chicago Great Western	13¾
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	100¾
Chicago and North Western	129⅛
Colorado Fuel and Iron	31
Consolidated Gas	130
Corn Products	10¾
Delaware and Hudson	159½
Denver and Rio Grande	19
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	33½
Distillers' Securities	15¾
Erie	28⅛
Erie, 1st pfd	43
Erie, 2nd pfd	34½
General Electric	137⅝
Great Northern, pfd	126
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	34
Illinois Central	113½
Interborough Met	14½
Interborough-Met., pfd	49⅜
Inter Harvester	101
Inter-Marine, pfd	17
International Paper	8⅜
International Pump	7
Kansas City Southern	123¾
Laclede Gas	92
Lehigh Valley	154¼
Louisville and Nashville	131
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	131½
Missouri Pacific	34⅜
National Biscuit	112
National Lead	47
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	22
New York Central	98¾
New York, Ont. and Western	28¾
Norfolk and Western	105½
North American	73
Northern Pacific	114
Pacific Mail	22
Pennsylvania	111⅞
People's Gas	109
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	91
Pittsburg Coal	17⅝
Pressed Steel Car	24½
Pullman Palace Car	153
Reading	160⅜
Republic Iron and Steel	23
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	81½
Rock Island Co	19⅝
Rock Island Co., pfd	32⅜
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	20⅜
Seaboard Air Line	17⅛
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	42
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	25⅛
Southern Pacific	95⅜
Southern Railway	24⅞
Southern Railway, pfd	76½
Tennessee Copper	34⅜
Texas and Pacific	15⅞
Union Pacific	148½
Union Pacific, pfd	81⅜
United States Realty	65⅜
United States Rubber	62
United States Steel	70½
United States Steel, pfd	105⅜
Utah Copper	51⅞
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	28
Wabash	5
Wabash, pfd	9½
Western Maryland	39
Western Union	64⅜
Westinghouse Electric	61⅛
Wheeling and Lake Erie	5½

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, May 10.—Determined bull leadership in the face of several strong bearish factors today advanced wheat ½ to ⅝@1⅛. Corn finished ¼ to ⅜c. up, and oats, ⅜@½ to ⅝@⅞ higher.

Provisions closed a shade to 5@7½c. off.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.00@1.03; No. 2, hard, 90½@92½; No. 1, Northern, 91@92; No. 2, Northern, 89@91; No. 2, Spring, 89@91; velvet chaff, 87@92; durum, 94@98.

Corn—No. 2, 56¾@55; No. 2, white, 56@59½; No. 2, yellow, 56¾@57.

Oats—No. 2, white, 31½; standard, 37¼@37½.

Closing quotations:

Wheat—May, 94⅝; July, 89⅞@90; September, 89⅝.

Corn—May, 55⅝@55¾; July, 56¼; September, 57@57½.

Oats—May, 36⅝; July, 45⅝; September, 35½.

Pork—May, 19.25; July, 19.22½; September, 19.02½.

Lard—May, 10.87½; July, 10.75; September, 10.80.

Ribs—May, 1,140; July, 1,095; September, 1,085.

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Clearing House Banks and Trust Companies Show Increase.

New York, May 10.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $19,802,600 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $3,846,950 over last week.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, May 10.—Cotton goods markets were steadier. Jobbers report a moderate demand for wash fabrics. Silk ribbons and underwear and hosiery are active. Linens are quiet.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

May 11, 1913.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday.

Temperature at 8 — M., 63 degrees; at 8 P. M., 60 degrees; maximum, 72 degrees; minimum, 60 degrees; mean, 66 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .03; rainfall for the month, to date, .06.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 4.8 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday; Monday, fair, warmer.

The Port Calendar—May 11.

Sun rises	5:13 A. M.
Sun sets	7:03 P. M.
Day's length	13 hrs. 50 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	1:39	2:00	9:20	8:54
Southport	11:29	.....	5:53	5:53
Masonboro Inlet	11:18	.....	5:33	5:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.
May 10, 1913.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest last night.	Precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	84	64	.0
Asheville	clear	66	48	.0
Atlanta	clear	80	60	.0
Augusta	cloudy	84	60	.0
Birmingham	clear	82	58	.0
Boston	clear	50	44	.0
Charleston	clear	86	62	.0
Charlotte	clear	70	58	.0
Chicago	clear	44	38	.0
Galveston	clear	76	70	.0
Jacksonville	raining	80	62	.04
Memphis	clear	76	60	.0
Mobile	cloudy	84	62	.26
Montgomery	clear	84	62	.0
New Orleans	pt cldy	84	68	.0
New York	clear	52	42	.0
Oklahoma	pt cldy	80	60	.50
Pittsburg	clear	48	32	.0
Raleigh	clear	66	60	.0
Savannah	raining	86	64	.08
Shreveport	clear	88	62	.0
St. Louis	cloudy	58	42	.0
Washington	clear	58	48	.02

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW

Dull Week in Market But Good Trade Displayed in Futures

New York, May 10.—It was rather a dull week in the cotton market although a good trade was displayed by the future department and the net results of the week's trading was an advance of 15 to 20 points. The high prices were made on Friday and the low prices on Monday. At the highest the trading months were 17 to 21 points over last week's close; at the lowest they were 3 to 7 points under. The range was 23 to 28 points.

At the beginning of the week the market had an oversold appearance and leading bull operators played against this technical position steadily although there was nothing spectacular about their trading. Outside of the demand for covers from shorts the main bullish influences were the lack of rains in the eastern half of the belt and the steady low night temperatures over a large part of the entire belt. The fact that exports of American cotton were again larger than in the corresponding week last year excited favorable comment but mill takings were bearish and so was the variation in the visible supply.

I nthe spot department prices lost 1-16 of a cent, middling closing at 12 3-16, against 12 1-4 last week, and 11 15-16 this week last year. Sales on the spot amounted to 854 bales, against 2,314 last week and 1,398 this week last year. Sales to arrive amounted to 896 bales, against 1,930 last week and 3,160 this week last year.

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

New York, May 10.—Turpentine, steady. Rosin—Quiet.

Savannah, May 10.—Turpentine, firm, at 37½; sales, 400; receipts, 9,460; shipments, 85; stocks, 21,350.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 708; receipts, 585; shipments, 19; stocks, 57,749. Quote: A, B, C, D, 4.55; E, F, 4.65; G, 4.75; H, 4.85; I, 5.05; K, 5.50; M, 6.00; N, 6.10; W G, 6.35; W W, 6.60.

Germany needs $250,000,000 to increase its army. After all, isn't America a fine place to live in?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

¶ Get the exchange habit. It's an economical one.

¶ Tired of your camera?

¶ Before you buy that guitar, suppose you find the fellow who has a guitar enjoying the same leisure your camera is.

¶ We Americans buy right and left as the impulse moves us, a little forethought and a want ad will get what you want, and good as new—nearly always.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, at Wilmington, N. C.

In the matter of Robert C. Sloan, one of the firm consisting of himself and J. N. Sweeney, and transacting business as Sloan & Sweeney, Voluntary Bankrupt; In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Robert C. Sloan, one of the firm consisting of himself and J. N. Sweeney and transacting business as Sloan & Sweeney, of Wilmington, in the County of New Hanover and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of May, 1913, the said Robert C. Sloan, one of the firm consisting of himself and J. N. Sweeney, and transacting business as Sloan & Sweeney, was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the United States Court Room, in Wilmington, North Carolina, on the 22nd day of May, 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

GEORGE H. HOWELL,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Wilmington, N. C., May 10th, 1913.
my11-1t

Ford Automobiles

In Wilmington

Backed by a service unequaled, and a line of repair parts complete. But you would better get your Ford NOW. Our factory refuses to accept another order until August 1st. We have alredy sold more than a third of what we have assured, and that without a line of advertising.

We say buy a Ford, because it is a better car—better because it will last more years, run more miles with less up-keep expense; better because it has more power to pull in sand and mud and on hills; better because of its simple construction and operation, because it is the lightest, rightest, most economical car.

PRICES:

$560 for the 2-passenger Runabout

$635 for the 5-passenger Touring Car

F. O. B. Wilmington.

Ask Us for Demonstration

Temporary Location: 8th & Princess

'Phone 508

Ford Auto Co.

EVERYBODY WANTS THE BEST DENTAL WORK WITH THE LEAST PAIN POSSIBLE

We make no big claims; we can't do the Impossible. But we do give you the BEST in Everything. Ask any Dentist if they Have the Cleanest Office in the Carolinas. A Graduate Nurse, to keep things Clean, nstruments Sterilized After each Patient, Porcelain Bridges, no gold showing, Nitrous Oxid Gas, to relieve the pain of Dental work.

Our Aim is Not the Cheapest Man—BUT THE BEST.

DR. J. W. POWELL, Dentist

GARRELL BLDG.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, at Wilmington, N. C.

In the matter of Robert Charles Sloan, Voluntary Bankrupt, of Wilmington, North Carolina; In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Robert Charles Sloan, of Wilmington, in the County of New Hanover and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1913, the said Robert Charles Sloan was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the United States Court Room, in Wilmington, North Carolina, on the 22nd day of May, 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Wilmington, N. C., May 10th, 1913.

GEORGE H. HOWELL,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

my11-1t

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY

Office of the Treasurer

Wilmington, N. C., May 1st, 1913.

The board of directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of that company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, Wilmington, N. C., on and after May 10th, 1913. The transfer books are closed from the 29th day of April, 1913, to May 10th, 1913, both inclusive.

JAMES F. POST,
Treasurer.

Hsan

WANTED:

Young men and women for positions of trust, where intelligent service will be appreciated nad paid for—

Experienced men and women for positions requiring ability and tact—

People of all ages, of all talents, of divers abilities, for suitable lines of employment—

Used things—such as pianos, organs, every sort of musical instrument, writing machines, cash registers, store and office fixtures, talking machines, books, engravings, post cards, stamp collections, rugs, carpets, furniture of every kind—

Horses and carriages, trucks, business wagons, bicycles, guns, cameras, fishing tackle, automobiles—

Real estate—lots, plots, acres, leaseholds, equities, houses, flats, apartments, stores—

Instruction in painting, singing, the violin and piano, shorthand, accounting, languages, correspondence, dancing—

Places to live -houses, apartments, furnished rooms, boarding places—

These are some of the thousands of people and things that are "wanted" in this city just now—and if you can fill any of these wants,

Inquire of the Public

THROUGH A STAR BUSINESS LOCAL

LOVING TRIBUTE TO SOLDIERS DEAD

(Contined from page Four.)

can gain or keep alive the ideals and examples—without which she is dead while she liveth—otherwise than amid the circumstances and conditions of war.

Who doubts but that the great English preacher is right, when he says:

"There is one side, indeed, of the moral character of war in special harmony with the Christian type. I refer to the spirit of sacrifice which is inherent in the very idea of the individual encountering death for the sake of the body to which he belongs. Without it, indeed, what would war be but carnage? With it, war displays in spite of its terrible features, a solemn morality. The devotion of the individual to the community stands before us in a form which, while it appals and overwhelms, strikes us with admiration * * * Thus have the scenes of war figured as a kind of supernatural borderland of action, in human sentiment; they have left an impress upon the memorials of the city and the field, and as associations and memories their place would be missed in the roll of the past; while the self-sacrifice of war has also produced a class of virtues which cannot well be spared in the portrait of man."

Who doubts but that James Martineau also is right, when he says: "If we could cancel from the past those memorable men in whom effort reached its utmost intensity," (and where does effort attain such proportions as in war), "and whose whole existence was a struggle, we should leave human nature without a lustre, and empty history of its glory."

No; war is not altogether and wholly hell, save for those who make it so. War is the surgery of Nations; indefensible, or from where the body politic is healthy, the standpoint of tyrannical aggression; but defensible and inevitable for the removal of cancerous growth or deadly infection, or when, as with our Southland, its dread mandate to action is only obeyed as the last resort for the defense of a people's inalienable rights and for the protection of their homes and firesides; or when it brings to a nation, as it has brought to ours, the spiritual assets to be realized through the restoration of forgotten ideals, the reformation of degrading ambitions, and the reinvigoration of a manhood that has been softened by luxurious ease or spoiled by material success.

War is the Gethsemane of Nations; in which the Nation, though it sweat great drops of blood in mortal agony, yet finds anew the strength and vigor to bear the heavier burdens and to meet the more alluring temptations of a sleep-inviting peace. War is the Calvary of Nations; on which the individual, as the Nation's representative, is lifted up to die for those who come after him; that by his vicarious sacrifice he may draw all men to higher levels and endeavor, and revive in them the ideals of courage, fidelity, self-sacrifice, service for others than himself, which they "have loved long since and lost awhile."

What is all this, but to say, in the words of Marcus Aurelius, which Lee made the motto of his life during the trying years that remained to him after the war: "Misfortune nobly borne is good fortune"; or to say in words that are still more sacred to us, because they are the words with which the Savior of the world summed up the supreme motive of His sacrifice: "Except a corn of wheat fall into the ground and die, it abideth alone; but if it die, it bringeth forth much fruit."

I have tried to give you the chief lessons that we need to learn today from the examples of our illustrious dead. Whatever else we celebrate, we may not overlook these. And the truest memorial that we can offer them, is not the fading wreaths, which we lay today upon their graves, to wither and die tomorrow; but the fidelity, the consistency, the loyalty, with which we incorporate into our lives, the same ideals that were expressed in the chivalry and the gallantry of the gentleman and the soldier of the old South. So shall their best live again in us! so shall our peace, though it lack the "flaming pageantry of war", be ennobled by the virtues that are born chiefly amid the stress and struggle of war! So shall we learn and apply to our own experience the meaning of the contrast expressed in the stirring lines:

"For the men of small endeavor let the bed be made of wool,
Let flesh and mind and spirit have no traffic with the Night;
For such the bed is pleasant, and the fragrant pillow cool,
And they hear not in the heavens the trampling steeds of Light.

For the men of high endeavor the bed is built of fire;
They cannot sleep for anguish, so strong their spirit yearns
To climb God's topmost stairway in the heat of their desire,
And gather from the Tree of Night God's highest star that burns.

Which were better when the Night ends and there breaks the awful Dawn,
To have dreamed in fruitless slumber, to have lain supine and gross,
Or to have known the flame-wound, wherefrom the balm is drawn
That heals a multitude of men? The Palace or the Cross?

Who stands the highest in God's audit when the books are all made up,
He who spent his strength in pleasure, for whom the world sufficed,
Or he who dared to struggle and to drink the bitter cup?
The gold-crowned or the thorn-crowned—Caligula or Christ?"

Exercises at Lumberton.

Lumberton, N. C., May 10.—Memorial day was observed here by a goodly number of Veterans and visitors. The address of the day was delivered by Mr. H. E. Stacy, of the Lumberton bar, after which the veterans were served with dinner by the Daughters of the Confederacy. In the afternoon graves of dead comrades were decorated by the Daughters.

Exercises at Raleigh.

Raleigh, N. C., May 10.—Memorial Day opened here rather cold and with lowering clouds that constrained the ladies in charge of the dinner to the old soldiers to hesitate about spreading the feast out on the lawn in Capitol Square. However, the clouds lifted considerably and the dinner was spread on the lawn and greatly enjoyed by the veterans. This was the first feature of the day. The veterans assembled at their armony at noon and marched to the square. After the feed a big parade was formed under the direction of Dr. W. C. Riddick, of the A. & M. College, as chief marshal, and the march begun to the cemetery for the address of the day, and the decoration of the graves of the Confederate dead. In line were the old soldiers, the Regimental and the A. & M. College bands, the A. & M. cadets, the local military organizations, the Boy Scouts and many citizens in carriages and automobiles.

At the cemetery, Dr. Riddick, as master of ceremonies, introduced Col. J. Bryan Grimes, secretary of State, as the orator of the day. His theme was: "The Raleigh Boys in the Confederate Army." He told of the four fine companies that Raleigh put into the field and o fthe nineteen additional companies that Wake county provided for the "Lost Cause," and then paid special tribute to 25 or more individual Raleigh men who distinguished themselves by service.

Included among these were Dr. Charles E. Johnson, Confederate surgeon general for North Carolina; Dr. P. E. Hines, who did fine service in directing hospital work; Dr. Burke Haywood, who served equally as well for the relief of the sick and wounded here and at the front. He told of the enormous manufacture of Confederate uniforms here, there having been a stock of 92,000 suits on hand at one time ready for distribution to the men at the front. Then there wa sthe making of powder in large quantities, the making of spurs and other equipment. The address was full of most interesting features, and was listened to intently.

Following the address there was the decorating of the graves of the dead by a large company of ladies, and then the sounding of taps that marked the close of the ceremonies. This was a general holiday for the business interests of the city.

Greensboro, N. C., May 10.—Memorial day exercises here today were deeply impressive, a universally large crowd of veterans turning out. The service was under the auspices of Guilford Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy. Over 200 veterans were taken in automobiles to the cemetery where the soldiers' graves were strewn with flowers. Returning to the Auditorium, a very able address was delivered by Chief Justice Walter Clark, the youngest adjutant in the war. In the course of his address, Judge Clark criticised the Legislature for not providing funds to transport all Confederates to the Gettysburg celebration, saying that the State of Indiana had provided transportation and food for both Federal anr Confederate soldiers now living there. He also strongly advocated the government's paying pensions to ex-Confederate soldiers declaring that North Carolina for years was being taxed five million dollars annually to pay Federal pensions, and it was time some of the money was devoted to the relief of her old soldiers or their widows. Speaking of the cause of failure, he said that the inefficient civil government of the Confederate States was the chief one. He declared that when commissioners were sent to Europe to negotiate a loan of fifteen million dollars, they reported that they could get a loan of three hundred mulion from England and France, but not so small a loan as fifteen million. The government would not consider borrowing the large sum and nothing was accomplished. Had this big loan been authorized, he declared, the war would have ended in less than two years with complete victory for the Southern Confederacy.

Rev. Dr. Biederwolf, who is conducting a series of revival services here, by request preached a touching sermon, and music was furnished by the McDonell men chorus and the National quartette. After the exercises a sumptuous dinner was served by the ladies.

VIRGINIA SALESMEN MEET.

Officers Elected—Business Transacted. Request Vote by Mail.

Lynchburg, Va., May 10.—At its final session here today, the Virginia Division of the Travelers' Protective Association endorsed the draft of a bill to be presented to the next Virginia Legislature by which it is hoped to secure the privilege of voting for traveling men away from home by means of registered mail.

The next annual convention goes to Norfolk. The officers for the coming year are: President, W. H. Jones, of Danville; first vice president, Alvin M. Smith, of Richmond; second vice president, Horace L. Smith, of Petersburg; secretary and treasurer, H. L. Harwood, of Richmond; chaplains Rev. J. J. Gravatt, of Richmond; Rev. J. Cleveland Hall, of Danville, and Rev. J. P. McCabe, of Martinsville.

Committee chairmen: Railroads, A. D. Brockett, of Alexandria; press, G. W. Rogers, of Richmond; hotel, J. H. Grant, of Richmond; legislative, H. C. Featherston, of Lynchburg; employment, E. M. Stribling, of Norfolk; membership, R. D. Davis, of Norfolk; good roads and public utilities, T. H. Self, of Martinsville.

PRAISES THE SOUTH.

The Commoner Eulogizes Dixie and Lauds Southerners.

Washington, May 10.—"There is no place where the ideals of the people are so firmly fixed and so highly set as are the ideals of the people of the South," declared the Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan, in an address tonight before the Southern Society of Washington.

His speech throughout was eulogistic of the South and laudatory of the men of that section who have taken part in the formation and the affairs of the nation. He pointed to their ideals as an illustration of those whose "convictions are such that they don't stop to count how many stand with them."

"I hope the day will never come," he added with emphasis, "when a dollar bill will look so large that a man's good virtues are small in comparison."

Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi; Representative Hobson, of Alabama, and Claude N. Bennett, of Washington, also spoke.

CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY.

Generally Observed Throughout the State—Parades and Ceremonies.

Charlotte, N. C., May 10.—Confederate Memorial Day was generally observed throughout the State today by dinners to the veterans, addresses, parades and other ceremonies. In this city Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, widow of the Confederate veteran, who resides here, pinned a cross of honor on Confederate veterans. At Asheville, Mrs. Z. B. Vance, widow of North Carolina's War Governor, was presented with a cross of honor, her distinguished husband never having been given one of these mementoes during his life time.

CHARGES OF GRAFT.

In Present Method of Purchasing Government Supplies.

Washington, May 10.—Charges that the present methods of making purchases of supplies for the Federal government opens the way to graft "for parasites of large and small degree" were made in a letter which Representative Betherick, of Ohio, filed today with a plea for his measure, recently introduced, to provide authority for a special committee on buying and selling.

CHARLOTTE PLUMBERS STRIKE

Demand Four Dollars for Eight Hours' Work

Charlotte, N. C., May 10.—The local Charlotte plumbers, numbering approximately 50 men, went out on a strike today, the demand being made for a wage scale of $4 for eight hours' work. The local Master Plumbers' Association, the employing organization which includes in its membership all the shops in the city, refused to grant the increase demanded hence the strike.

WILL COME TO RALEIGH.

Assistant Secretary to Make Commencement Address at A. & M.

Raleigh, N. C., May 10.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, has accepted the invitation to make the commencement address before the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts, Tuesday, May 28th.

Mr. Roosevelt has not announced his subject. In coming to the State college here, he speaks to the boys whom his chief, Josephus Daniels, has taught for many years in the Sunday School department of the Methodist church. It is the first visit of the assistant secretary to a North Carolina college.

El Paso, Tex., May 10.—Parral, the rich mining centre of the State of Southern Chihuahua, is in the hands of Constitutionalists, the Federal garrison of 1,500 surrendering unconditionally

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bijou—Programme.
Garlord's—New Elevator.
Rehder's—Sale Continued.
J. L. Hazlehurst—Notice.
City Livery Co.—Wagons.
A. David Co.—Three Ways.
Academy—Moving Pictures.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Kodaks.
J. G. Wright & Son—Winoca.
Ford Auto. Co.—Announcement.
W. B. Cooper Co.—Mule for Sale.
Geo. H. Howell—Bankruptcy Notice.
Miller's—Spring and Summer Specials.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Mid-Summer Opening.
L. Southerland, Jr.—1 H. C. Engine for Sale.
Fidelity Trust & Development Co.—Big Contract.

Business Locals.

J. P. Futch—$25 Reward.
L. W. Moore—If You Have.
L. W. Moore—$1 650 Buys.
L. W. Moore—Investment.
For Rent—Nine Room House.
For Sale—Lot at Sunset Park.
James & James—$4,000 Buys.
L. W. Moore—Beach Cottage.
For Rent—Unfurnished Rooms.
For Rent—Building on Wharf.
W. G. Whitehead—Lots for Sale.
L. W. Moore—Ten-Acre Farms.
Wanted—Two Rooms at Beach.
For Rent—Furnished Apartment.
Clark-Lynch Lumber Co.—Build.
J. L. Memory—Your Automobile.
Johnson Social—Mid-Week Dance.
L. W. Moore—Fifth Street House.
Frederick Wagner—Be a Detective.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Last Sunday.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Timber Land.
Carolina Beach—Family Excursion.
Wanted—Eight or Ten Carpenters.
Geo. H. Ward—Home Site for Sale.
To Let—Board in Private Family.
Wilder & Metts—Thirty Acre Farms.
Wilmington Steam Laundry—We Do.
E. L. Mathews Candy Co.—For Rent.
Western Cider Co.—Salesmen Wanted.
J. G. Wright & Son—Beach Cottages.
Geo. W. Dawson—Wagan and Harness.
Scott's Hill L. & L. Co.—Mules for Sale.
Munnerlyn & Co.—Side-Wheel Steamer.
Munnerlyn Co.—Side-Wheel Steamer.
Allen-Snarks Gas Light Co.—Wonderful.
Wilmington Steam Laundry—Your Linen.
Clark-Lynch Lumber Co.—Talk Cypress.
Bradstreet System — Ambitious Young Men.
Wilmington Steam Laundry—Guaranteed Work.
Ideal Concrete Co.—Everything in Concrete.
J. H. Whiteman—One-Horse Wagon Wanted.
Clark-Lynch Lumber Co.—If You Haven't a Rock.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service; calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star Office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WANTED—Two rooms at beach coming Summer, with congenial parties. Address C. M. S., care Star. my11-1t

$4,000 BUYS well located home at Carolina Heights. Small amount of cash required. James & James, Insurance and Real Estate. 'Phone 163. Orton Hotel Building. my11-1t

REWARD—$25 will be given for the return of diamond stud pin, lost either on Red Cross street or in Atlantic Cafe. Deliver J. P. Futch, Atlantic Cafe. my11-1t

FOR RENT—Building we now occupy at No. 20 Market street; possession about June 1st. After that date we will be located in our new quarters in the North State Candy Co. building, corner Front and Hanover streets. Further announcement will be made later. E. L. Mathews Candy Co., Wholesale Confectioners. my11-1t

FOR RENT—Excellent building for wholesale or brokerage business. A. C. L. trackage facilities. We move into our new building about June 1st. Possession given then. North State Candy Co., corner Water and Chestnut streets, manufacturers for jobbers exclusively. my11-1t

WANTED—To buy one good second-hand single horse wagon. John H. Whiteman. my11-1t*

30-ACRE FARM—Will subdivide to suit purchasers. Located on Masonboro Sound road, five minutes walk from Winter Park; $75 per acre. Wilder & Metts, Agents. my11-1t

FOR RENT—Four unfurnished rooms upstairs, with gas, bath and electric lights, to couple without children, on car line. Address or call 414 South Sixth street. my11-1t*

EVERYTHING IN CONCERTE! Blocks, plain and ornamental, fence posts, designs of every kind, cemetery and garage work; in fact, let us talk to you about anything in this line. Special attention given to out of town orders. Ideal Concrete Co., Odd Fellows' Building, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 705 or 1895-J. my11-3su-tf

GUARANTEED work better than the "REST" and the most prompt service. OLDEST, LARGEST, BEST. 'Phone 29. Wilmington Steam Laundry. my11-3t

FOR SALE—On account of leaving city, will sell two most desirable lots in Sunset Park on any terms. Call 1026-W. my11-1t*

FOR SALE—Those two desirable lots, 33x165 feet each, situated on the west side Fifth street, between Nun and Church. Price and terms very attractive. W. G. Whitehead. 'Phones 229-J and 408-J. my11-2t

YOUR LINEN will last longer and look better if laundered our new way. Try us. 'Phone 29. Wilmington Steam Laundry. my11-3t

FOR RENT—Beautiful nine-room house, furnished, all conveniences, in best neighborhood. Few pieces nice furniture for sale cheap. 'Phone 1026-W. my11-1t*

WE DO laundry work in one Day's time; every day except Sunday. It's sanitary, too. 'Phone 29.—Wilmington Steam Laundry. my11-3t

BE A DETECTIVE—Big pay. Easy work. Travel. We show you. Write for free particulars explaining everything. Write today. Frederick Wagner, 1243 Lexington avenue, New York. my11su20t

FOR RENT — Furnished housekeeping apartment in Carolina. Fourth floor; southern exposure. Address P. O. Box 75, or call 'phone 1829-J. my11-su-tf

SALESMEN wanted for country towns. $25 weekly salary and $5 per day allowed for expenses when travelling. Western Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo. my11-1t*

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen. Hundreds of good openings. Write for particulars. Bradstreet Training System, Rochester, N. Y. my11-1t*

WONDERFUL, AMAZING INVENTION! Just out. Agents coining money. Lights the home brilliantly for one cent per night. Competent agents work into territorial managers quickly. Allen-Sparks Gas Light Co., Lansing, Mich. my11-1t*

BOARD in private family for two couples or young men. Call 422 South Fifth, or 'phone 197-W. my11-1t*

FOR SALE—286 feet front, 855 feet deep; 15 minutes from car line; Market street road. Geo. H. Ward, 808 N. Fifth. 'Phone 1503-J. my11-1t*

BUILD OF CYPRESS and build but once. Cypress defies decay. We are headquarters for dry cypress. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co., 17 Princess street. my11-1t*

FOR SALE—Six good logging mules, four logging wagons, good condition; harness, chains, etc. Call or 'phone. Scott's Hill Land and Lumber Co., Scott's Hill, N. C. my10-6t*

TIMBER LAND.—We have just had listed with us a tract of 1,718 acres, thickly wooded with gum and cypress. It is situated on Black River, near Wilmington and we can offer it at a very low figure. In fact, we do not think any one could offer a more attractive proposition. D. R. Foster & Co., Sole Agents. my11-1t

FOR RENT—Wrightsville Beach Cottage (furnished); two bed rooms, bath, kitchen, dining room, servants' quarters. Telephone 332 for particulars. L. W. Moore. my11-1t

$1,650 BUYS lot 44x165, on Princess, between 15th and 16th streets; can arrange terms and in section rapidly improving. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. my11-1t

HO! FOR CAROLINA BEACH — Jr. O. U. A. M. big celebration on May 20th. Music, dancing and other amusements. Take your family and enjoy the first excursion of the season. Three boats. my11-eod5t

13 1-2 PER CENT. investment; three new houses; only small amount cash required. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. my11-1t

WANTED—Eight or ten good carpenters. Apply Room No. 11, second floor Garrell Building, between 7 and 8:30 o'clock Monday morning. my11-1t

SEASIDE INN, Wrightsville Beach, opens for season May 20th, under new management. Thoroughly renovated. Reduced rates until June 28th. Address L. W. Warrock, proprietor, Wilmington, N. C. my11-1t*

10-ACRE FARMS cleared, Castle Haynes macadam road. Short distance from shipping station; $80 per acre. Good terms, after initial payment $100 per year. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. my11-1t

CALL AT NO. 7 MARKET STREET and let me tell you about your car. Information free. Polarine oil and greases for sale. J. L. Memory. my11-1t*

IF YOU HAVE $200, and 80 cents per week, can sell you good house worth $1,000. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. my11-1t

MID-WEEK DANCE at Lumina, under auspices Johnson-Scelzi orchestra Wednesday night. Special cars leave at 8:15 sharp. Everybody invited. my11-1t*

FIFTH STREET HOME, between Grace and Chestnut; nine rooms; good condition. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore. my11-1t*

LAST SUNDAY we advertised a lot for sale on easy terms, on Dock, between 15th and 16th streets. Although Monday was election day, our office had been opened only a very short time when we had several inquiries about same. One party, in particular, who took a great interest in the election, and was exceedingly anxious to be at the polls, insisted on seeing the property. He saw it, and bought it; and also wanted the lot next to it. We obtained that for him also, but it cost him $300.00 more than our lot. Tuesday he brought a friend to our office, who wanted the adjacent lot on 15th Street. It was impossible to get it for him without buying the remaining lots from the original owner. We did this, and are now offering the same terms or ten dollars per month on them. Our prices are from $350.00 to $400.00 per lot. Better see us early, if you are interested in property in this section, as lots in this vicinity are selling at $600.00 to $800.00. We are offering this exceptional bargain, as we must get rid of the property at an early date. D. R. Foster & Co. my11-1t

FOR SALE—A beautiful Hackney Pony English driving wagon and harness, cheap for want of use. Geo. W. Dawson, 1012 Market street, city. 'Phone 1404-J. my11-6t*

TALK CYPRESS with Clark-Lynch Lumber Co., 17 Princess street. In fact, see them about anything you need or will need in lumber, shingles or lath. my11-1t*

FOR SALE — Side-wheel river steamer "William Elliott," light draft, 85 tons net. Will sell cheap as owners have no use for her at present. B. A. Munnerlyn & Co., Georgetown, S. C. my11-8u, tu, th-2w

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH cottage for rent. The Irwin Cottage—ten rooms, furnished; make splendid boarding house, is offered at reasonable figure to good party. Also we have a beach cottage owner who will rent his home to approved party with small family. For prices, terms and particulars, see J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate, 124 Princess street. my11-2t*

IF YOU HAVEN'T A ROCK of convenient size to build your house on, build it of cypress. Ask Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. why. 17 Princess street. 'Phone 836. my11-1t*

HOT ROLLS FOR SUPPER; quick delivery to any part of the city. Farris' Bakery. Phone 626. ma 10-tf.

FOR THE CONVENIENCE of customers will be open Sundays from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. and 3 to 6 P. M. Those having repaired tires in shop may get them between these hours. T. D. Piner Vulcanizing Plant. Phones: office, 1193; residence, 1857. mb15-tf

FOR SALE—Near Winter Park, nice six-room cottage; price $2,200. If you want a nice cottage and a large lot, now is the time to buy. Address Box 438, City. ma 10-2t.

APARTMENTS in the comfortable Carolina Apartment House, is a saving in worry, health and money. There is a housekeeping (completely equipped kitchen), and a bachelor (no kitchen) apartment for rent. Apply to janitor or to J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. my10-2t

WANTED BY EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER, work to do at home, at night, or after regular business hours. Terms reasonable. Steno, care Star. ma 10-2t

ROOMS AND BOARD; also rooms for light housekeeping. New Hanover Boarding House, 225 Market street. Phone 819-W. ma 10-2t*

FOR RENT—Housekeeping apartment of five rooms and bath; all modern conveniences. Desirably located. Rent, $30. Apply at once. Address "111," care of Star. my9-4t*

FOR FINE Leather Goods and Trunks, see Uncle Charles, 16 South Front street. ap9-tf

PURE, SWEET CREAM, 50c. quart. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co.; 'Phone 485. my3-tf

WANTED—By one of the leading Life Insurance Companies, agent for Wilmington and vicinity; liberal contract. Address "Insurance," Star office. my10-2t*

FOR SALE—Lot, southwest corner 16th and Chestnut, adjoining Winoca Terrace, 66x155 feet; granolithic sidewalks. Price and terms can be arranged to suit purchaser. Address P. O. Box 235, or 'phone 386. my4,su-4t

NOTICE—To my friends and the public: Tiencken's barber shop will move the first of May to the northeast corner of Second and Princess streets. my4,su-3t

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED. No canvassing or soliciting required. Good income assured. Address National Co-Operative Realty Co., Marden Building, Washington, D. C. my4,8u4t*

DESIRABLE PARTIES can rent two-story furnished house located in one of the best neighborhoods, from June 1st to October 1st or 15th. This is a good opportunity for temporary location at moderate cost. Address Box 626. ap13-su-tf

MEN—Sell guaranteed hosiery; large profits; goods replaced free if hole appears; big saving to wearer; experience unnecessary. International Mills, West Philadelphia, Pa. ap13-su-tf

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hosiery; whole or part time; goods replaced if hole appears; big money saver; large profits; experience unnecessary. International Mills, 4029 West Philadelphia, Pa. ap13-su-tf

MEN AND WOMEN wanted for government positions. Large salaries, vacations. Steady work; common education sufficient. Over 12,000 appointments this year. Parcel Post requires hundreds; influence unnecessary. Write immediately for free list of positions obtainable. Franklin Institute, Dept. 288-C, Rochester, N. Y. ap13-su5t*

SAVE 10c on your dollar. Shoe shine ticket, 25c., good for seven shines, at Southern Hotel, or 111 Princess street. James Panagos, Prop. my4-su4t

MY SPRING AND SUMMER line of fashionable piece goods, suitings and trouserings is now ready for inspection. All the latest styles, finest materials, everything guaranteed. Everything else pertaining to tailoring line done. No mail orders. Leger Meyer, the Practical Tollor, Princess building, second floor. ap27-su-tf

SOME GENTLEMAN can make money selling an already widely used and advertised standard visible typewriter in Wilmington. Over 425,000 now in use. Write for explanation. P. O. Box 124, Fayetteville, N. C. ap27,su3t*

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK tells of about 300,000 protected positions in U. S. Service. Thousands of vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you; sure and generous pay; lifetime employment. Just ask for booklet, T. 1319. No obligations. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. my4,7,11,14,18,21,25,28-3t

FOR SALE—Well known 40 H. P. Case touring car, fully equipped; run about 500 miles as demonstrator. Regular price, $2,250.00; sales price, $1,675.00, including extra tire. Can be seen at 7 N. Second street. G. F. Hunt. ap24-tf

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS — Wanted. $75.00 month. Write immediately for information. Franklin Institute, Dept. 285-C, Rochester, N. Y. ap15-1m*

FANCY STRAWBERRIES today; very best of season; nice Spring lamb; extra choice beef, veal and pork. All kinds of early vegetables. Dressed chicken. Phone 72. Palace Market. ma 10-tf.

FOR SALE—A splendid family horse. A fine driver. Suitable for farm work. Apply to G. P. Hunt, No. 7 North Second street. ap20-tf

WANTED—A competent bookkeeper and cashier for the Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, N. C. J. H. Hinton, president. my9-3t

FOR SALE, FINE PRESSING Club proposition, established business; large custom. Wish to enter other business. Only reliable parties with cash need apply. Address "Press," care star. my7-tf

WANTED—Salesman for high-grade line ciders and vinegars. Exclusive or side line. Liberal commissions, with weekly settlements. Fine opening for good man. References required. Burr Mfg. Co., Richmond, Va. my7-eod3t

HIGH-GRADE WATCHES.

That Carry a Guarantee

WE Protect You, and see to it that their service is correct.

Let us talk Watch with you.

A. O. Schuster
JEWELER,
104 No. Front St.

Mule For Sale

1 Good Farm Mule.

1 Good Horse

W. B. Cooper Co.
Wilmington, : : : N. C.

That Money Which You Spend Uselessly

Will Be Put in the Bank by Someone

WHY NOT BANK IT YOURSELF AT

The American National Bank
Wilmington, N. C.

The SUMMER GLOVE SEASON IS HERE!

We can furnish you with the most desirable styles in Silk, Lisle and Chamois Suedes, short and long lengths.

OTHER STORE NEWS.

Ladies' Neckwear, Shoulder Collars, Dutch Collars, and Coat Sets.

Also Fans, Parasols, Hand Bags, Vanity Boxes, Coin Boxes, Belts, Wood Button Molds, all sizes.

A. D. BROWN

AMERICAN LADY CORSETS, BUTTERICK PATTERNS AND BLACK CAT HOSIERY.

Liquid Investments

A Certificate of Deposit presents an opportunity to the man or woman with funds to invest, which is not found in any other form of investment.

Money put into a Certificate of Deposit is immediately available, and such certificates will be accepted in payment of almost any obligation. While the Certificate is held, it is earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum if the money is left on deposit three months or more. No other form of security can be cashed or used as conveniently as a Certificate of Deposit. Certificates are issued in any amounts from $100.00 upward.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

HOLMES & ATKINSON

Have an exceptionally fine lot of Old Virginia Smithfield Hams.

Come in and see them. We receive every Tuesday and Thursday fresh stock of Catawba Creamery Butter. Your Saturday order will have first attention. Headquarters for the finest assortment of Biscuits and Crackers in town.

All kinds of fresh Fruit and Vegetables. Select stock of Grape Fruit, 3 for 25 cents.

Watch our Windows. Watch Our Ads.

"The Quality Grocers"

Russia Calf OXFORDS

with RUBBER SOLES for Ladies.

—$3.50 and $4.00—

"If It's New, we Have It." The Right Goods at the Right Prices.

"Does it Surprise you that We Get the Business?

BOYLAN & HANCOCK
"The Shoe Store Ahead."

For Sale

New 25-H.-P. I. H. C. Kerosene Engine, in good condition and guaranteed. Has been run one month. Cost $1,025.00. Will take $700. Write quick.

L. SOUTHERLAND, JR.,
my11-6t* Wallace, N. C.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27-28-29 Carroll Building.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Post-Dater Stamp Co., duly called and held in the company's office, Feb. 4th, 1913, it was resolved that all Treasury Stock of the company be withdrawn from sale on and after May 12th, 1913.

J. L. HAZLEHURST,
may 11 1t. Secretary.

Seed Potatoes

300 sacks Irish Cobblers.
200 sacks Red Bliss.
50 sacks Early Rose.
50 bushels Yellow Onion sets.
10,000 sacks Guano, all grades.
1,000 boxes Damaged Job Tobacco.

Also carry a full line of other groceries, which will be sold on a close margin, and all orders will have careful and prompt attention.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 16

VOL. XCII—NO. 43. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1913. WHOLE NUMBER 13,321.

ADDRESS OF MR. J. J. BLAIR

"Governor, Council and Assembly of Royal North Carolina" Subject of Address Before Society of Colonial Dames

The Star of the 9th carried a story of the annual pilgrimage of the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames to old St. Phillip's church in Brunswick county, and quoted briefly from an address delivered on the occasion by Mr. John J. Blair, superintendent of city schools, and today gives the address in full, it being a synopsis of a document entitled, "The Governor, Council and Assembly of Royal North Carolina":

Separated from the home country by an expanse of water, some three thousand miles in extent, the inhabitants of the colony of North Carolina soon learned that upon themselves and not upon England they must depend.

It was simply impossible for any government so far away, to offer ample protection to the broad frontier of America and hence the necessity of depending upon themselves, for protection and defense. Naturally the frontiersman came to look upon foreign government more as a burden than a benefit, hence before long, even at its simplest form it became intolerable. This was particularly true in the case of our own State, because after the terrible massacre by the Tuscaroras in 1711, it was from our neighboring colonies in South Carolina that help came and saved us from destruction, and also that from the government in England instead of help, came a requirement that rents for land should be paid in coin and not in commodities as hitherto.

The result was that by taking lessons from the Indians these early settlers became no respectator of persons or institutions. In a word frontier life in royal North Carolina, became a school for republicanism.

And so the records show that resistance to oppression was at the bottom of all our troubles with Great Britain. History shows that the people of North Carolina, when occasion demanded, were quite given to force and violence. "Our charter still exists," was their slogan, from the first royal government to the last. They regarded this as the supreme law of the land to which all other things must yield. And so it was flung in the face of every royal Governor, one after another until not even a vestige of royal government remained in North Carolina.

Second: Whenever in their opinion speech had been exhausted and action became necessary, they did not hesitate to use violence to prevent infringement of their rights, whether real or fancied.

Few colonists could show a more consistent discontent and personal hostility than did North Carolina.

Even more than its neighbors, it suffered from foolish laws and unwise instructions as well as from bad government. To the rulers in England and to the Boards of Trade it must have seemed a hot-bed of bickering and discontent. Which discontent was, however, due to the attempts of a poor but honest body of settlers to get the most out of circumstances in which they were placed, despite the oppressive policy of the rulers in England.

An understanding of the differences which sprang up between the colony of North Carolina and its mother country is essential. When North Carolina became a royal province in 1788, the King of England was, of course, the sovereign in every portion of the province and to him was due the obedience of the people and their annual payment of six shillings, three pence for every 100 acres of land. The crown delegated this authority to a Governor but retained the power of repealing any law enacted by the provincial Assembly. The Governor was the fountain from which flowed both civil and military promotions. The judges, sheriff and justice of the peace were appointed by him and removed at his pleasure as were all the officers of the militia. He nominated and appointed all members of His Majesty's council without whose concurrence no bill could become a law. The body corresponded in function to our present Senate. The members of the Assembly were chosen by freeholders who were in possession of fifty acres of land and usually retained their seats year after year until the Governor saw fit to dissolve the House, when a new election would be held.

The towns of Edenton, Newbern, Wilmington, Brunswick, Bath, Salisbury, Campbellton and Hillsboro were each represented by a borough member, chosen by the citizens of these incorporated towns. It was required that 60 families must reside in a village before it was entitled to this distinction. Gov. Martin tried to evade this rule as a special favor to Tarboro, but the Assembly refused to seat the man sent up.

The Governor and the Council were required to meet twice a year in what was called the Court of Claims. They inspected applications for the King's land and made orders to the Secretary of the State to issue grants at the rate mentioned above, namely, of six shillings, three pence on every hundred acres thus conveyed.

The oldest record of an inferior court is found in the minutes of the Berkley Precinct Court, still preserved in the office of the clerk of the court of Perquimans county. Among the powers conferred upon the justices, it was enacted that they should be autorized "to inquire of the good men of the precincts, by whom the truth may be known of all felonious witchcraft, enchantments, sorceries, magic arts, trespasses, forestallings, regratings and extortions whatsoever." This extract is interesting because it shows the offenses which our forefathers thought deserving of punishment.

The Governor of North Carolina was appointed by the King of England on the recommendation of the Board of Trade. The newly-appointed Governor on his arrival in the province, published his commission and then took the necessary oaths in the presence of the Council. The royal Governor may be regarded as of a two-fold personality. On the one hand he was the center of the local administration, the chief executive of the province; and on the other he was the agent of a higher authority and the guardian of broader interests. His first duty was to serve as a means of communication between the province and the home government. He informed the colonial Assembly of the legislation desired by the Crown and was expected to keep the home government informed on a wide range of topics connected with the province. It was his duty to prevent all legislation which would be injurious to the crown and the mother country. Whenever the two interests, conflicted his controlling obligations was to the King.

Another important function of the Governor was the power to levy, arm, muster and command all persons residing in the province, to march or embark them for the purpose of resisting an enemy and to transport the North Carolina militia to any American colony if for its defense.

As a rule the Governors were careful to keep the crown well informed respecting colonial affairs. The records, however, are full of evidence of the careless and dilatory tactics, of the home government.

The two Governors who achieved least for the home government as well as for North Carolina, were Burrington and Martin; it must be remembered though that each was Governor, when an unusual amount of tact and judgment was necessary, Burrington being the first and Martin being the last Governor in the royal period, the first having to uphold and enforce foreign prerogatives, the spirit of which the colonists did not understand or appreciate. The latter had to face a revolutionary spirit which had been growing for years and which had been especially active in North Carolina.

As the counselors were appointed by the Governors, they were largely under their control and were amenable to his power and authority. He could suspend members of the Council for failure to discharge their duties, but he was directed to send immediately the names of all counselors suspended by him with a statement of the grounds for suspension. The counselors were not as a rule salaried officers. In general, however, like the members of the lower House, they had to content themselves with a per diem allowance during the session of the House.

The functions of the counselor were of three general classes: First, to advise and control the Governor in the exercise of his executive function; secondly, in a judicial capacity, he constituted a court for the trial of certain kinds of offenses, and, thirdly, it was the upper House of the Legislature.

As regards efficiency, the council was not of the highest. During the administration of Burrington, they did little but dispute over constitutional matters. Under succeeding administrations the council agreed for the most part with Governor Martin, the last of the royal Governors, who had to face the revolutionary spirit that had been growing for years, and so could not agree with the council at all.

Under Johnston and Dobbs, while never very efficient, the council acted with substantial agreement with the government. Relations also between the council and Governor Tyron were very harmonious. On one occasion he wrote that the "Council had acted well and uniformally for the Crown's interest." It is seen then that this body was of use chiefly as exercising a restraint upon the lower House of the Legislature, prevented the Governor from making mistakes and so brought dignity upon the home government.

The arrangement with regard to remuneration to members of the House for service rendered, is of interest. Each member was paid nine shillings and six pence for each day that he served. He was also allowed the same amount that he spent in traveling to and from the place of meeting. Any one who failed to put in appearance on the precise day of the summons of the House, unless he was detained by some disability, was fined ten shillings. Any member, who after making his appearance, absented himself without permission from his House was required to forfeit 40 shillings for each day he so absented himself and was also made liable to censure for such contempt.

There were certain kinds of bills which the Governor was forbidden to approve, a precaution intended to protect British interests against local legislation. He was not (for example) to allow the enaction of bills for issue of paper money or to approve acts imposing duties on British ships or manufacturers.

The lower House exercised considerable power in regulating the territorial system. During a comparatively short period 17 acts concerning land were passed by the House and agreed to by the Governor and the Crown. These acts pertained to the proper settlement and cultivation of land. Enrollement and registration, titles, rent rolls and quit rents, thus exercising a general supervision over the administration of the whole land system.

As to acts in the interests of the militia and defense, it was to the lower House that the Governor applied for soldiers, arms, supplies and forts and to which request the lower House generally acceded. In cases of insurrection in the province such as that of the Regulators in 1768-1771, the lower House took a prominent part in suppressing them. The House thus exercised great influence over military affairs for the Governor was frequently thrust into a position that he must have soldiers and money and he could do nothing toward getting them without the sympathy and aid of the House. Inasmuch as no government can retain itself without money it is evident that a body which has the power to grant or refuse supplies holds the key to the situation. Such was the case of North Carolina during the royal period.

Great interest centered around the selection of the officers who were charged with the collection and disbursement of the public funds. This appointment of the treasurer by the lower House took the control of provincial finance out of the Governor's hands and placed it in those of an officer who was regarded solely as a servant of the Assembly. The treasurer was often considered a person of importance as is shown by the fact that in 1737 Governor Burrington wrote that Edward Mosely, the treasurer, was also a speaker, and manager of the lower House.

The urgent need of supplies for military purposes occasioned by the French and Indian and other early wars of that period, enabled the House to impose the most arduous conditions. In the first place it often prescribed in detail the purposes for which money was to be expended and even dictated the course of military operations and the disposition of troops.

Secondly, it left in the hands of certain committees, not only the disposition of these funds but often a considerable control over the conduct of military enterprises. Finally, through the appointment and removal of officers, it even went so far as to interfere with the discipline of the troops. It is clear then that the House did in military affairs, seriously encroach upon the Governor's prerogative. The situation may be summed up with the remark of Chalmers in regard to the last of the French war: "The King's representatives acted merely as a correspondent of his ministers. The war was conducted by committees of Assembly."

In regard to relations with the Indians, the House showed a similar disposition to assert its control in the form of demands on the Governor as for instance, that he should advise with and take counsel of several members of the House in all negotiations with the Indians.

The following of the policy above mentioned resulted in a continual weakening of the power of the royal Governor, who, if not an object personally of distrust and suspicion, was at least looked upon as the representative of interests that varied with those of the colonists. The Governors did not sit idly by and watch the slow but sure encroachment of the House of Representatives on their executive power, for they were found to be fighting these encroachments with every means at their command. This conduct increasing in intensity each year, makes up the greater part of the history of the royal period. The colonial records of North Carolina reproduce in surprising detail the parliamentary conflict of the mother country during this period, whose example the colonial House of Representatives seemed to follow.

But it was after all upon judicial problems that the struggle between the Governor and the House became great and serious. The situation reached a climax in 1760, when the House presented to Dobbs a bill for the establishment of Superior Courts of Pleas and Grand Sessions. He rejected it, and then laid the bill before the Chief Justice for an opinion. Dobbs claimed time, fell into great disorder, because as formally expressed. The Governor's opposition and afgument did not change its position and so the struggle continued. The province, in the meantime fell into great disorder, because of lack of support, and by the end of 1762 Dobbs assented to bills for Superior and Inferior courts.

The Governor and House became also involved in the question as to what should constitute a quorum. Gov. Dobbs being of the opinion that the House should act with 15 as a quorum. It refused to do so, and denied his right to dictate as to what should constitute a quorum, and, acting on this assumption, it would sometimes allow 25 to constitute a quorum and again would transact business without even a majority of its entire number.

We have now seen that the conflicts between the Governor and the House arose from different points of view on questions of land, fees, money, courts and judges, and constitutional privileges. The House in questioning or denying the one was attacking the policy of the other, bringing about a condition which showed conclusively that there was beginning to creep into the minds of all the idea that there was something greater than English law which should be applied to a strug

(Continued on Page 10.)

AMERICAN OLYMPIC GAMES

Upwards of Fifty Clubs and College Organizations to Attend Big Athletic Event in Grant Park, Chicago

Chicago, May 10.—Including some of the greatest athletic associations in the country, upwards of fifty clubs and college athletic organizations have already accepted the invitation and will send teams to compete in the American Olympic games, to be held in Grant Park, Chicago, from June 28th to July 6th. One of the first to accept and request entry blanks, etc., was the Irish-American Athletic Association of New York, the organization which has produced such men as Martin Sheridan, Matt McGrath, Mel Sheppard, Abel Kiviat and a score of other world-famed athletes.

Mayor Harrison and the City Council of Chicago; the Chicago Association of Commerce; the Board of Education; the League of Woman's Clubs, embracing a membership in Cook county of 40,000—in short every civic and educational and business organization in Chicago, has endorsed the meet and are exerting every effort in its behalf.

Two of the greatest singing organizations in the United States—the united German and the united Swedish Singing societies—are preparing for two monster choral events, on the nights of June 29th and July 6th, which will rival the Swedish Festival Chorus at Stockholm. The ultimate purpose of this meet, to install and promote clean athletics in the public schools of Chicago and the whole country, is the feature that has created the greatest enthusiasm.

The presence of the Swedish point winners at the Stockholm Olympic meet is already assured, through Charles S. Peterson, president of the Swedish Club of Chicago, and member of the Board of Education.

Charles E. Bartley, chairman of the college committee, with the assistance of the Yale and Harvard clubs of Chicago, promises the presence of the star athletes from Oxford and Cambridge universities, England, who are coming to this country for the international inter-collegiate meet with Yale and Harvard.

Nicholas Salopoulos, Greek consul in Chicago, is active in a movement among Chicago Greeks to not only raise a fund and offer a splendid trophy in the name of Greece, but also to

(Continued on Page 16.)

WHEN You Think of Buying a Homesite
WINOCA TERRACE Is the Place!

WHY?

BECAUSE—It is beautifully situated on a high, well drained hill, healthily cool and delightful.

BECAUSE—It is in the City, has all the advantages that Wilmington has accumulated for its people during its existence, and on which nearly $50,000.00 has been spent within the past two years.

BECAUSE—It is within easy walking distance of business, and on the double track car line.

BECAUSE—It is impossible to get a lot of the size and beauty of WINOCA lots elsewhere in the City, for five times the price of a WINOCA LOT.

BECAUSE—WINOCA is now in its infancy, the first houses, good homes, are being built, and today's price is the lowest this property will ever sell for. Values will rise steadily and a lot bought at WINOCA NOW, is a splendid purchase, even from a strictly investment point of view.

BECAUSE—The owners of WINOCA are progressive and up-to-date in their business, offer attractive purchasing methods, and materially aid the Would-be Purchaser of a WINOCA lot.

BECAUSE—The Personnel of those who have already purchased at WINOCA TERRACE is unexcelled, and the additional aid of each of these owners assures the success of this section.

BECAUSE—With the property "restrictions" it will be one of Wilmington's most beautiful residential sections and BECAUSE, being a person of good judgment I must accept these resons and know that it is to my personal advantage to buy TODAY, while the price is exceedingly low and the terms easy.

IT IS THE PLEASURE OF

J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess St.

To Show the Property, Explain Price and Details of WINOCA TERRACE.

IMPORTANT SCHOOL PROBLEMS

Fourth International Congress of Hygiene in Buffalo, Aug. 25th to 30th. Leaders of Thought Who are to be in Attendance.

(By Adelbert Moot. Regent of the University of the State of New York.)

The Fourth International Congress of School Hygiene to be held in Buffalo August 25 to 30, will bring together many of the leading educators, health officers, doctors and surgeons of the world for a discussion of the primary laws of health and the best methods of teaching children such primary laws of health, that they may grow healthy and strong and live long and happy lives. Thousands of teachers from the United States, Canada, and foreign nations will attend this Congress, first of such Congresses to be held this side of the Atlantic Ocean that they may learn what they can from such discussions of a topic of vital importance to every human being although the public and private schools have just begun to appreciate its importance as a subject they should teach.

It is hardly half a century since the important discoveries of Pasteur were made known. Modern medicine has been revolutionized in the last quarter century by Pasteur's discoveries. The result is that the medical profession, the leading educators, and thoughtful citizens now realize that pure air, pure water, simple and pure food, and rest and recreation are God-given medicines of the greatest possible efficacy for preventing diseases and promoting long, moral and happy lives. So important is it that teachers should properly present to children, at the proper age, simple and fundamental knowledge on this subject, that the children may establish habits of life in the beginning in obedience to the natural laws of health, rather than in violation of any one of them, that such gatherings as the Fourth International Congress of School Hygiene are coming together for the very purpose of discussing the best methods of bringing this essential knowledge to every child, in either public or private school.

This is only the Fourth International Congress to discuss these subjects, from which we can see how very new is the thought upon this subject. This is the first International Congress to be held this side of the Atlantic, from which we can see there has been no adequate public discussions of these topics by the master minds among physicians, surgeons and teachers. It is clear, therefore, that thousands of educators and teachers will avail themselves of the opportunity to visit Buffalo, which has a most delightful and cool summer climate, that they may have the advantage of hearing such discussions. Not only that, but very many of the doctors, surgeons and teachers who attend this Congress will avail themselves of the opportunity to visit Niagara Falls, less than an hour away, for the first time in their lives, and thus this Congress presents unusual opportunities for instruction and a pleasant summer outing at the same time.

It is singular that even the thoughtful minds of the world have been so slow to perceive that good health is more important than grammar, or mathematics, or dead languages, or foreign languages, or even culture studies. The world is slowly beginning to perceive that habitual good health is the necessary foundation for either physical or mental success. It is beginning to see more than that, and to see that physical and mental health necessarily go together and generally results in a happy life.

It is beginning to see, also, that the absence of either physical or mental health usually means unhappiness and ultimate ruin of life plans. How essential it is, then, that every child should be carefully instructed in the simple laws of health, that it may know how to promote its health and how to avoid contagious and infectious diseases. Properly instructed, such a child can lead a healthy, happy life, for a relatively small amount of money, notwithstanding all that is said about high cost of living; for pure food, pure water, and fresh air, after all, are relatively inexpensive things. Fresh air and pure water are the free gifts of nature, and an intelligent choice of foods, due to proper instruction, enables a person to live very inexpensively who is able to make a choice. Because a few of us understand these matters, we too frequently conclude that every one understands them, whereas millions of immigrants and millions of people living at a distance from our intellectual centers have never had an opportunity to obtain instruction in them or to understand them at all.

Tuberculosis still slays its hundreds of thousands and millions because even now so few people understand that the worst enemies of tuberculosis, and the greatest medicines for it, are fresh air and sufficient simple, nourishing food.

So, too, tens of millions of people are more or less troubled with indigestion and other like ills that readily yield to sufficient walks in the open air, and to simple fresh air, exercises in connection with proper daily baths, and proper choice and use of foods. It is astonishing that so many intelligent people know so little of such simple matters that have to do with their health and happiness, and it is not astonishing that so many millions of our people, in fact that the great majority of our people, know nothing whatever about them. Why should they know about them? They have never had a chance to learn about them in school, or at home.

But we must not permit the rising generation to grow up in ignorance of such matters. Instead, we must teach these mattres, of such vital importance to their health and happiness, in public and private schools, because it is so seldom that the home possesses the requisite knowledge and the ability to teach the child what the child should know, just when the child is old enough to know and apply such knowledge.

Another illustration will readily show the importance of this topic.

For centuries and centuries ignorance has been even more fatal than vice in bringing about the ruin of innocent boys and girls. Just when and just how the requisite sex knowledge, at the basis of all happy homes, should be revealed to boys and girls, is a matter of the greatest importance.

Those who have thought on the subject well know that such teaching should be committed only to men and women of the highest character having a thorough knowledge of the subject, and of infinite tact and skill as teachers; for otherwise blunders will be made that may be more costly to young lives than would be ignorance itself. Yet every minister, every doctor, and every lawyer knows of families that have been destroyed, of children that have been born blind or crippled, and of innocent young things. Indeed, fresh air pure water of ignorance and not because of vice, and knows, too, that if sex hygiene had been properly taught in the homes in the proper way and by the proper person, there would have been no such living tragedies to record.

It is rare that the low wages paid to millions of women alone cause their downfall. Instead sheer ignorance gives a strength to common temptations that they would not otherwise possess, and thus the underworld is fed in part by thousands of young lives that would otherwise remain sweet and pure.

Then, too, every lawyer knows that the divorce court and the criminal court, the jails, the penitentiaries and the prisons, are too often made necessary because of sex ignorance, where proper sex knowledge, properly imparted at the right time, would have prevented human misery, misfortune, degredation, and degeneration. Innocence in the beginning, coupled with ignorance, leads to bad habits, that finally become chronic, and, therefore, vicious, and thus innocent ignorance in the beginning leads to chronic vice in the end. When hundreds of degenerate and even vicious descendants can be treced to the ignorant mistake of a soldier boy, and hundreds of upright, moral descendants can also be traced to the intelligence, self-control and subsequent wife choice of the same soldier boy, so that we can see that taxpayers may be compelled to pay out hundreds of thousands of dollars, and even forced to support the unfit, but fast increasing, unfit descendants in alms houses and prisons, in the one case, while the hundreds of moral and healthy descendants in the other are themselves a part of the taxpaying public that may be compelled to support the unfit descendants, we can see the importance of these problems in all self-governing countries.

Without going further by way of illustration, is it not perfectly clear that every student of the white slave or social evil, and every doctor who is seeking to improve the health of the community, and every teacher who is seeking to lay the foundation for a happy human life, and every citizen who is seconding the effort of each and all, should join hands to make this International Congress a notable gathering of thousands of men and women of the very highest type, whose discussion and reflections will be most fruitful of good in the public and private schools of this and other countries.

CRITICISM FOR ADVICE

Colored Minister Replies to Statements He Claims Misleading

To the Editor of The Star: I would thank you for space in your paper to correct statements that are being made and circulated, of a nature explained below, growing out of a talk made following an address by Mr. D. L. Gore, on the subject of vagrancy, Tuesday night, May 6th, at Shiloh Baptist church.

I have been charged with "putting the colored people down." It is rather embarrassing to one so soon after his arrival in a community, to appear in a newspaper for the purpose of correcting statements purported to have been made by him, but I deem this to be necessary. This is the gist of what I said after Mr. Gore had spoken:

"I am delighted to be present and take part in a meeting of this kind which has for its object the betterment and the uplift of humanity. We should feel ourselves highly complimented in having with us such men as His Honor, the Mayor of this city, and Mr. D. L. Gore, one of the leading business men. He does not profess to be an orator but every time he opened his mouth he said something. His speech was full of wholesome and practical instruction and we thank God for such white men. The negro got his idea of vagrancy from the white people years ago. A white man then was not regarded as a gentleman if he worked. Years ago when Gen. Armstrong, the patron of industrial education, and Booker T. Washington began to advocate the importance of industrial training, they were opposed by many of our own educators, who said that they were trying to make servants of our people. We have got to work. You will not live long enough to see the day when many of us will not have to be servants.

The negro has lost many positions which were his by inheritance. It used to be a strange thing to see a white barber, coachman, drayman, cook, or nurse in the South, or men of any nationality other than the negro. We are rapidly losing these positions because of our incompetency. These industrial schools, such as Booker T. Washington's institution at Tuskagee, and the one at Durham, presided over by Dr. Sheppard, are preparing us to regain these places. They are ours and we want them, and we know as servants the negro is more preferable than the white man.

"The white people deserve a great deal more credit than they receive from us. They have borne with us and are still bearing with us. Our cooks must learn to cook on scientific principles if they would hold their positions. We must be faithful and not allow ourselves to quit our places to go on every excursion, etc., regardless of the inconvenience it gives our employers. I am satisfied you do not like all I am saying but I know I am right. Whatever we have to do, let us do it well, not only well, not only good, but better than anybody else does it. If the negro would command the respect of white people, he must produce results—be a producer as well as a consumer. Mr. Gore said that many of us live beyond our incomes; that is true; we must not eat up everything. There was a goat, once upon a time, shipped from some point to Norfolk. He was tagged and on the tag was the name and address of the sender as well as that of the person to whom the goat was sent. The goat got hold of his tag and ate it up. The drayman, therefore, couldn't tell where to take the goat. Don't let us be like the goat.

"I love white people because they are constantly bringing things to pass, they are full of business and of purpose, they practice economy and build themselves and their community up. They are the negro's best friends and help us to secure homes and build our churches and schools. We are here in this country to stay, although brought to America against our will. We were the pioneers in cutting down forests, building railroads, leveling mountains and tunneling through them. And we are going to stay here. Hence, we must prepare ourselves if we would keep abreast of the times."

This is about what I said, and I thought I was giving our people good advice, by emphasizing what Mr. Gore had so well said. I am here as pastor of the Central Baptist church and to help if I can, to better the condition of my people. But if they are so sensitive as to be unwilling to listen to what in my opinion is wholesome instructions, herefater I shall make myself conspicuous by absenting myself from these meetings. I am very glad Mr. Gore remained until I was through. At the close of my remarks I was applauded by the whole house, as far as I could see, and many came up and grasped my hand and thanked me for what I had said. I can account for the misstatements that have been made regarding the incident in no other way than that some were made apprehensive by the apparent success of my remarks on the occasion in point.

Your humble servant,
R. SPILLER.

(This colored preacher is the man whom the Raleigh News and Observer wrote up some time since when it discovered that he, an ex-slave, is supporting the man who formerly owned him, his old master's wealth having gone glimmering these many years—Ed. Star.)

OUR MINERAL WEALTH.

Its Conservation Being Now Discussed. Forthcoming Exposition.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., May 10.—Our mineral wealth and its conservation and the protection of human life in mining operations are to be the burden of the exhibition in the Mines and Minerals Building at the National Conservation Exposition, to be held during next September and October, at Knoxville, Tennessee. How sulphuric acid is manufactured as a by-product of copper smelting, a mine tunnel fully equipped and in actual operation, and the latest equipment used by the U. S. Government in its mine rescue work, are conspicuous among the exhibits being planned and prepared for this department.

The scope and purposes of the Mines and Minerals exhibits are outlined by the instructions just issued to exhibitors by Dr. Charles H. Gordon, Associate State Geologist of Tennessee, chairman of the Mines and Minerals department of the exposition. In general, these instructions call for exhibits showing our natural wealth in minerals and the means of best utilizing it. Exhibits of fuel resources will show the locations, thickness and character of coal veins, and devices for the manufacture of coke, briquettes and other coal products. The nature, occurrance and uses of the various minerals used in structural materials will be illustrated by collections of building and ornamental stone, especially Southern marbles, and other materials, and appropriate devices to show proper utilization.

Under the classification of ores will be shown metallic and non-metallic ores and minerals and the products and by-products manufactured from them, the needless waste and destruction of manufactured metals by improper mining and excessive oxidation, electrolysis, etc., means of reworking iron and steel scrap, and substitutes for iron.

A mines section will comprise displays showing methods of mine operations, mining appliances and machinery, the nature and uses of mine explosives, and the prevention of mine accidents and other features touching upon the conservation of the life and health of those engaged in the mining industry. The exhibits relating to mine safety will be under the direction of the U. S. Bureau of Mines.

Supplementary to these exhibits will be general collections of minerals, rock, fossils, a relief model showing the locations and relations of important mineral districts, and illustrated lectures relating to the geologic history and mineral resources of the country.

The plans for the exhibits in the Department of Mines and Minerals of the Knoxville Exposition have been prepared jointly by the committee on mines and minerals, with headquarters at Knoxville, and the Exposition's National Advisory Board, at Washington, of whichh Gifford Pinchot, ex-forester of the United States, is chairman, and Dr. Joseph A. Holmes, director of the U. S. Bureau of Mines, is the member representing mineral conservation.

Orange Blossom Anaesthetic.

A Baltimore surgeon has discovered a new anaesthetic in orange blossoms which he has found may be employed most happily in etherizing his women patients. No, this doesn't show that the ruling passion is strong in death. But it is a real discovery since it promises to lead to a greater discovery, and this is that woman does not think with her brain, after all; that neither are her sensory nerves located in the supposed seat of intelligence, her mind. All the roads that lead to Rome in her case, touching sensation and emotion, register upon the switchboard of her heart.

It would be less of a joke to any American State in stirring up war if it had to do all the fighting itself.—New York World.

A pitiless contrib suggests that they be cleped the Rankees.

ADDRESS OF MR. J. J. BLAIR

(Continued from Page 9.)

gling young colony, namely: The principle of freedom and democracy, and it was this growing desire for independence that caused these sturdy North Carolinians to oppose the encroachments of the Governor as being the representative of all that appeared to them tyrannical and oppressive. These quarrels were the first ramblings of the approaching storm that was to sweep away all vestige of English government in America. For generations these colonists had bowed their necks under the yoke of illegal and unjust exactments, slaving for their masters across the sea; but they were now beginning to desire and feel the glad sunshine of feedom and arising at last from the heavy slumbers and barbarous dreams which had so long haunted their minds, were about to join in glad acclaim, to usher in the Golden Era of humanity and universal monarchy of man.

Last Call!

Your Last Chance, Your Last Opportunity

To Show Your Colors and Do Something to Let the Outside World Know What Wilmington Looks Like—The Roll of Honor of Wilmington's Public Spirited Merchants, Mill Owners, Bankers, Officials and Progressive Men Will Soon be Published.

GRAND RUSH TO GET IN OUT OF THE WET BEFORE THE DOORS CLOSE FOREVER.

You will have to Hurry! Hurry!! Hurry!!! if you wish to get into The Wilmington Star's Magnificent Progress Edition. Most of the leading concerns are in it. There will not be another publication like it for years, so it's **Now or Never.**

The books will close within a few days. Show that you are willing to help Wilmington.

Dead men never advertise. Don't draw the line on the best thing of its kind ever published here. Give your order at once. **Do it for Wilmington!**

STOMALIX

DON'T DOPE

Attempts to right a wrong stomach with powerful drugs do you great harm.

BETTER TAKE

STOMALIX, the only safe, the only sure Remedy, and build it up right.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, OR E. FOUGERA & CO., Inc. (Agents U. S.) 90 Beekman St. New York

DYSPEPSIA & INDIGESTION

French Market Coffee Is the National Drink of the South

EVEN when French Market Coffee could be had nowhere but at the old French Market in New Orleans—a hundred years ago—it was widely known.

Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay and the gallants of the old South were enthusiastic lovers of this rare old French coffee. Today the identical, historic French blend is perpetuated by a

Unique Hygienic Roasting Process

and genuine old French Market Coffee is packed in air-tight, hermetically-sealed tins and delivered anywhere in the world in all its freshness and delicious aroma.

In the South, especially, so great is the demand for French Market Coffee that it has become *"The National Drink of the South."*

French Market Coffee Unlike All Others

The smooth, exhilarating quality of French Market Coffee is totally unlike ordinary coffees.

The French Market Mills have the great advantage of the first selection of the best of the Pan-American coffees.

These fine coffees have never been exposed to the injurious effects of a cold northern climate. The berries are rich in everything that goes to make a perfect coffee.

French Market Coffee

Perfect Process of Roasting and Packing

The celebrated French Market Coffee process is quite diffefent from the ordinary roast. It drives out a larger percentage of gums and oils, while retaining and intensifying all the aromatic and beneficial qualities of the coffee bean.

The grinding is done at exactly the right time to hold the full, delicious flavor that has always been such a feature of French Market Coffee.

The market-men of the French Market think nothing of drinking 10 to 15 cups a day of this deliciously aromatic and refreshing beverage.

At Your Grocer's—in Air-Tight Tins

But you must be sure to get the *genuine* with the picture of the French Market on the can.

Try it once, and you'll agree "There is only *one* real old French Market flavor."

French Market Mills

(New Orleans Coffee Co., Ltd. Proprietors)

New Orleans

(77)

The Beasley Disc is a farming tool every truck grower and farmer in this section should own. It is cheap and durable. It can be attached to any make of cultivator.

We are Sales Agents for East Carolina and have sub-agents in all sections. If your nearest merchant does not handle, write us.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPANY

"ASK THOSE WHO USE IT"

Telephone 695-696

Call The Green Wagon and Keep Cool!

PLATE ICE CO.

"MURA-LIKE"

The only perfect Flat Oil Paint for Interior Use. Sanitary and Durable.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works

21 MARKET STREET.

ELECTION NOTICE.

FOR BONDS FOR ROADS and BRIDGES

The Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County in accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, passed at its 1913 session, entitled "An Act to empower the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County to issue bonds for road improvement and to construct bridges," and by virtue of the power therein given, do hereby call and give notice of an election to be held by the qualified voters of New Hanover County on Tuesday, May 27th, 1913, between the hours of sunrise and sunset, to determine whether New Hanover County, North Carolina, shall issue $100,000.00 of its bonds, with interest coupons attached, to continue and complete the repairing, construction and improving the public roads and bridges in said County.

At this election the ballots tendered and cast by the qualified electors shall have written or printed upon them "For continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the County," or "Against continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the County."

All qualified electors who favor the issue of said bonds shall vote for "For continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the County," and all qualified electors who are opposed to the issue of said bonds shall vote "Against continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the County."

For the purpose of this election, as authorized by the said Act, the said Board of Commissioners have ordered, and do hereby order, a new registration for said election, and the following are designated as the polling places in the several townships, precincts and wards, and the persons hereinafter named have been appointed as the Registrars and Judges of Election in the said several townships, precincts and wards.

Cape Fear Township—Polling place, Ritter's blacksmith shop, Castle Hayne road; Registrar, W. H. Shenrin; Judges of Election, W. S. Cooper and C. E. Kerr

Harnett Township—Delgado, Barber shop, Delgado Mills; Registrar, F. C. Branch; Judges of Election, W. G. James and H. C. Blake.

Harnett Township — Seven-Mile Post; Polling place, Township house; Registrar, George T. Shepard; Judges of Election, Gerrit Walker and C. H. Alexander.

Harnett Township — Sea Gate; Polling place, Rogers' store, Sea Gate station; Registrar, Rev. A. C. Chadn; Judges of Election, G. W. Westbrook and Z. A. Sneeden.

Masonboro Township—Polling place, Piner's store, Whiskey Creek; Registrar, J. A. Farrow; Judges of Election, C. W. Bishop and J. A. Hines.

Federal Point Township—Polling place, T. J. Burnett's farm; Registrar, T. J. Burnett; Judges of Election, John A. Biddle and H. B. Williams.

Wilmington Township—First ward, Precinct No. 1—Polling place, Barding store, No. 818 No. 4th st.; Registrar, W. H. Bardin; Judges of Election, W. H. Cox and W. McD. Evans.

Wilmington Township—First ward, Precinct No. 2—Polling place, Engine house, 4th and Campbell sts.; Registrar, George W. Branch; Judges of Election, W. H. Howe and William Sheehan, Sr.

Wilmington Township — Second ward—polling place, Court house; Registrar, J. N. Fennell. Judges of Election, T. E. Sprunt and W. J. Meredith.

Wilmington Township — Third ward — Polling place, Gilbelm Lodge, 8th and Princess; Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges of Election, Brooke French and John Hall.

Wilmington Township — Fourth ward — Polling place, Oldham's old store, Dock, between Front and Second streets; Registrar, W. P. Oldham; Judges of Election, W. P. Emerson and J. M. Stevenson.

Wilmington Township—Fifth ward, Precinct No. 1—Polling place, Market house, 5th and Castle sts.; Registrar, D. S. Reville; Judges of Election, J. J. Loughn and H. K. Nash.

Wilmington Township—Fifth ward, Precinct No. 2—Polling place, Engine house, 6th and Castle sts.; Registrar, G. W. Irving; Judges of Election, W. M. Creasy and D. J. Fergus.

The Registration books of each Township, precinct and ward will be kept open for registration of electors for twenty days preceding the day for closing the registration books, as hereinafter provided, Sundays excepted, between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and sunset on each day, beginning April 24th, 1913; and said books shall be closed for registration at sunset on the second Saturday before the election, to-wit, May 17th, 1913; and on Saturday, the 20th day of April, 1913, and on the 3rd day of May, 1913, and on the 10th day of May, 1913, and on the 17th day of May, 1913, the Saturdays thereafter, the registrars shall attend with their registration books at the polling places of their respective townships, precincts and wards for the registration of electors.

The registrars will attend the polling places of their respective townships, precincts and wards with the registration books on the Saturday preceding the election, to-wit, May 24th, 1913, from the hour of nine o'clock A. M. till the hour of three o'clock P. M., when and where the said books will be open for the inspection of the electors of said townships, precincts and wards, and any of the said electors shall be allowed to object to the name of any person appearing on said books.

This, the 19th day of April, 1913, by order of the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County.

M. S. WILLARD, Chairman.
Attest: JOHN HAAR Clerk.
ap20 till my27

At The Head

OUR delicate toned Sepia Prints have a DISTINCTIVE quality that places our work "at the head." ¶ The mechanical side of photography is almost lost sight of within OUR studio.

FOLTZ & KENDRICK

Photographers

Southern Bldg. 'Phone 731

ANNUAL REUNION CONFEDERATE VETERANS

Chattanooga, Tenn, May 27-29th, 1913.

$12.45 SEABOARD $12.45

The Seaboard Air Line Railway, the QUICKEST ROUTE, Wilmington to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return.

Tickets will be on sale May 24th, 25th and 26th, limited to reach original starting point not later than mirnight of June 5th, 1913, or if desired to remain longer, by depositing your ticket and a fee of fifty cents with Special Agent, 703 Broad St., Chattanooga, Tenn.

For information as to schedules, reservations, etc., call on or telephone

JOS. R. COOKE,
City Ticket Agent,
'Phone 178.

F. A. FETTER, C.A.
Orton Hotel.

my8 to 27

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

London Discusses Prevalence of Cancer—Prince of Wales—Interesting Westphalian Legend. Germany's Steamer.

(By Associated Press.)

London, May 10.—"The time has now arrived when the attention of the public must be directed to the fact that cancer is at the point of overtaking consumption, statistically, as a bringer of death to English men and women."

This statement occurs in a summary of mortality statistics from 1851 to 1910, just issued by the Society for the Relief and Prevention of Cancer. The object of the report is to furnish for the information of the public the essential statistics of the cancer problem in England and Wales.

The compiler says: "The public has long been familiar with the numerical gravity of the white scourge, but that malady, now so well in hand, pales into insignificance beside the new terror that has arisen. There is little rashness in prophesying that within five years cancer will have outstripped its rival and will have a heavier death roll than consumption. The one, moreover, is a dying and conquered foe; the other shows a prime vitality and rides roughshod over the whole realm of medical ingenuity. Yet the public has campaigners galore against consumption, but its war against cancer has been left practically to a single imperial committee."

The annual death roll from cancer in the United Kingdom during the 60 years covered by the survey of this committee has increased from 17,365 (497 a million) to 43,134 (960 a million). In other words the percentage has more than doubled.

* * *

Although nothing has as yet been definitely arranged, it is very certain that the Prince of Wales, who has paid long visits to France and Germany, will before long start on a tour of the Dominions and Colonies. Canada in all likelihood will be the first Dominion visited and when there it is possible that the Prince, like his grandfather 53 years ago, will have a look at America.

The Prince will finish his university education at Oxford at the end of the present year. He will then be given a commission in the Grenadier Guards. Whether he will actually serve with the Guards is not known yet, but if he does it will only be for a short time. If nothing happens to intervene, he will be free to start on his tour of the Dominions in the Spring of 1914.

* * *

Alexander Irving, an experienced rubber grower of the Malay States, will soon sail for Brazil in charge of a party of rubber tappers who will teach the natives the methods of tapping in vogue in Ceylon and the Federated Malay States. It is expected that by the use of this method the output in Brazil will be increased five fold. Many thousands of tapping knives already have been shipped to Para, and the Brazilian government is prepared to spend $250,000 to instruct the natives in the rubber country in this very effective system of tapping.

In the meantime rubber prices continue to tumble in the London market, and 75 cents a pound is now being offered for the quality which brought $3 during the great boom of 1910. The output is rapidly expanding and rubber brokers are wondering how low the price will go if the promised five fold increase in Brazil materializes.

* * *

Lord Claud Hamilton, who was elected to Parliament before either Disraeli or Gladstone became Prime Minister, and is thus the last link with the House of Commons as it was in the days of the Palmerston, Russell and Derby administrations, has decided to retire at the next general election.

Lord Claud, second son of the first Duke of Abercorn, was elected a member of parliament for Londonderry, a seat which until the recent bye-election, when it was won by the Liberal Home Ruler has invariably been represented by a Hamilton, in 1865, when he was only 22 years of age. He was defeated in the next general election, by which time he had become a Lord of the Treasury. But he found a safe seat at King's Lynn, going thence to Liverpool, for which he sat until 1888, when he retired. At the last general election he again entered politics, and was elected for South Kensington.

Although a strong party man and keen politician, Lord Claud is better known as chairman of the Great Eastern Railway. He is one of the few members of the aristocracy who through family and financial influence have been placed at the head of a great railway, and have made a success of it. With Sir Frederick Banbury, formerly a successful stock broker and a man of considerable financial influence, he has been considered the representative of the railway companies in Parliament, and has consistently fought their battles.

The announcement of Lord Claud's retirement from Parliament followed the passage of a government bill enabling railways to raise their rates to meet increases in the wages of employes.

* * *

The Austrian government has taken steps to prevent, as far as possible, the recurrence of incidents in which Austrians entitled to a share in estates in America have been victimized by agents who fraudulently secured their power of attorney, and then appropriated the whole or part of the inheritance.

A circular, addressed to the provincial authorities, has been issued by the Ministry of Commerce, instructing them to warn relatives of Austrian subjects dying in America against sending powers of attorney to unknown individuals, and suggesting that such authorization should be given only to Austrian consular officials. There have been many cases in which obscure agents have made away with estates rightfully belonging to poor people in Austria.

Berlin, May 15.—A Westphalian legend of a sunken cloister, swallowed by the earth in a night in punishment for the sins of the monks, appears now very possibly founded on fact. The legendary occurrence has just been repeated on the reputed site of the ancient monastery near Rheine, but this time without involving modern sinners.

Fifteen acres of a wooded moor, still called "the Holy Lake," in commemoration of the waters beneath which monks and monastery disappeared and which in turn slowly silted up first into a marsh and then into a moor, have dropped out of sight. On the spot is now a lake thirty feet deep, with only the tops of the higher trees appearing above the surface.

The legend speaks of a rumbling subterranean noise which warned the population of the fate overtaking the monks, and the same sound, accompanied by a noticeable trembling of the earth, during the night of April 15, carried the news of the new wonder to the villages around the moor. When the spot was visited the next morning it was found that fifteen acres had sunk bodily some forty feet, the subsidence occurring so evenly and gradually that birches and pines were still erect in the soil, though already well below the level of the surrounding land. Streams of water were pouring from the almost vertical sides of the cavity, which soon filled to the depth of about fifteen feet and then, after an interval to about thirty feet. The flow of water still continues, but the waters seem to have found a concealed outlet, for the level remains fairly constant.

Thousands of sightseers are visiting the "miracle," including many geologists, who have already advanced their explanations of the phenomena. The country here is underlaid with beds of limestone, which, the geologists assume, is subject to erosion by strong underground streams of water. Into a cavern thus formed an area of stone corresponding to the new lake has presumably fallen and the present sinkage may be only the beginning of further subsidence.

* * *

Anton von Werner, Germany's celebrated painter of battle scenes and honorary director of the Royal Art School, contributes this month an interesting sidelight on the history of international relations during the recent European crisis, illustrating the precautions taken in Germany to avoid sharpening the situation.

For some time rumors concerning a withdrawal from exhibition of some of Werner's paintings for political reasons have been in circulation. These have now been confirmed by the painter himself, with the addition that the withdrawal was at the request of the Foreign Office, which was anxious to avoid anything which might stir up hostility in France. Last Autumn Werner was invited to participate in the jubilee loan exposition of German art, to be held to celebate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the accession of Emperor William to the throne. He placed at the disposition of the organizers a number of his historic pictures, dealing with scenes of the Franco-Prussian war and with events in later German history up to the death of General Count von Moltke, the military genius of that conflict. At the same time he suggested, in view of the strained political conditions at the time, and the fact that the pictures dealt with martial scenes of perhaps provocative nature, that the director secure the permission of the Emperor to the exhibition of the paintings.

He was told in reply that at the request of the Foreign Office the pictures would not be exhibited. The fire-eating section of the German press naturally rages at this interference with German art, but the action of the Foreign Office is generally applauded by the public as well as by Prof. von Werner himself.

* * *

Germans usually attribute to Americans a craze for everything that is big, but Germany makes some things bigger than any other country in the world. When the Imperator starts on her trial trip she will be the biggest steamer on the ocean. Moreover, the final work on the mammoth vessel has been done with the biggest crane in the world, which was completed about the beginning of April.

Hamburg broke the world's records in cranes twenty-five years ago, but it later lost this pre-eminence. Now a German firm has built there a crane that can handle loads to a maximum of 275 short tons within a radius of 113 feet, and 120 tons within 174 feet. But its working reach is even greater than this, for the movable arm is itself surmounted by a small crane that can lift ten tons at a distance of 230 feet from the center. Thus, for weights of that size, the crane has a total sweep of 460 feet. The machine is operated by electricity, and only two men are required to serve it. The chief operator in the central booth is provided with a searchlight so as to enable him to work at night.

German manufacturers of cranes claim that their machines excel those made in other countries, and that of 140 big cranes in the world more than half were built by a single German firm.

* * *

At a time when Germany is about to make a big increase in her army, it is of interest to note the economic effect of the present peace footing upon a typical peasant family. This aspect of Germany's military burden has been made the subject of investigation, and from reports on nearly 2,000 peasants' families in Bavaria, it is seen that every soldier costs his family at least $238 during the two years of service in the army. As the pay of the men does not suffice for their needs, their parents have to send them money and gifts that average about $36 a year. Besides this, the peasant must hire a farm laborer as a substitute for his son which means a further expense of $90. These figures appear all the more serious when it is remembered that over half of the families included in the investigation furnished the country at least four soldiers each, while the number went as high as eight or nine in some families.

A striking feature of the situation is the virtual ruin of some small farms by the removal of the young men to do their term of service. Such cases are by no means rare. One peasant who supplied five soldiers, wrote: "I should have been glad to send a few of them to school, but I am spending all my money on the army." Another, owner of three acres of land and himself a farm laborer for a part of his time, said: "My property, small enough already, was ruined by military duty." He had sent four sons into the army.

"We are kept busy," says Worth, the man milliner, "creating to meet the demand of the American women." Same here, Mr. Worth, same here!—Washington Post.

The United States last year imported 168,000,000 pounds of cocoa

ATTRACTIVE HAIR

The Elements that Make Beautiful Hair Found in Parisian Sage.

If your hair is not as soft and beautiful, or as fresh and full as that of some friend whose hair you admire, don't give up and think you can't help it.

Do what she does—take care of your hair. It needs daily attention just as much as your plants need watering.

If your hair is too thin, make it grow like any other plant. If is too dry and brittle soften it up—lubricate it. If you have dandruff it is because the scalp is too dry and flakes off. Freshen up the scalp and dandruff will go.

Parisian Sage is just what you need to make your scalp healthy, and free from dandruff—your hair wavy, lustrous and abundant.

Get a fifty cent bottle at the druggists or toilet counter. Just pour a little of the liquid on a cloth or sponge and rub lightly over the hair, taking a small strand at a time. Rub a little into the scalp.

Parisian Sage so applied stops itching head, dissolves the dandruff, cleanses the hair of dust and excessive oil, takes away the dryness and brittleness, makes it seem twice as abundant and beautifies it until it is so and lustrous.

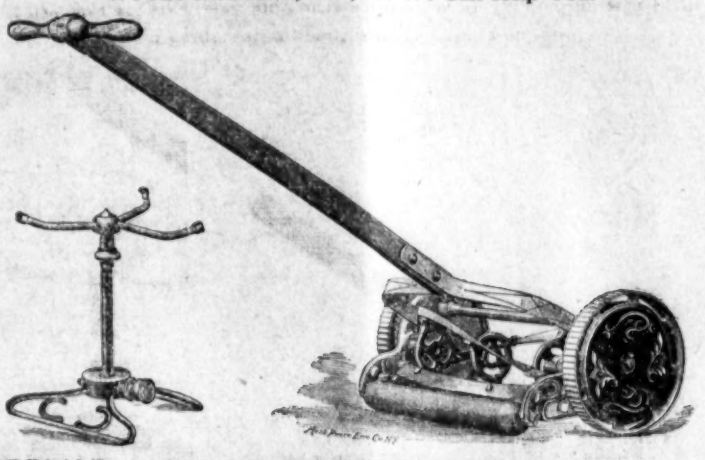
You cannot be disappointed in Parisian Sage. Get a bottle today from Robt. R. Bellamy and try it.

(Advertisement.)

CIVIC PRIDE!

Wilmington Is at the Front

Neighbor Vies With Neighbor in Keeping Lawns and Yards Beautiful We Are Interested, Too, for We Can Help You.



"REGAL"—Highest grade Ball Bearing Lawn Mower on the Market

"COLONIAL"—Made to meet the demand for a first class Ball Bearing Machine, which can be purchased at a price within the reach of all.

"CAPITAL"—A medium priced Ball Bearing Mower with a Locking Device to prevent machine from getting out of adjustment.

"TIGER"—A good Mower for the Money—$2.50.

LAWN SPRINKLERS— $0.50, $0.75, $1.25.

HOSE NOZZLES—

GARDEN HOSE—The Best Made—10 to 25c per foot.

TURF EDGERS— LAWN RAKES—

We make a specialty of these lines, and it will pay you to see us before buying.

Don't forget to ask to be shown a "6-IN-1" Ice Pick and 20th Century Water Cooler (Sanitary).

N. Jacobi Hardware Company

10 and 12 So. Front St.

BUILDERS HARDWARE

A builder has a good reputation if he uses good builders' hardware in the houses he builds.

Our builders' hardware has the best reputation, because the best builders come to our store to buy their supplies.

Not only do we keep coarse goods for heavy building, but the very finest materials for finishing the insides of fine houses.

PECK & HOLLOWAY

"Everything in Hardware."

100 North Front. 'Phone 612.

Cold Storage!

The Independent Ice Company is now fully equipped and prepared to furnish up-to-date Modern Cold Storage Facilities at our plant

Corner Second and Campbell Streets.

POSITIVELY DRY REFRIGERATED ROOMS FOR THE STORAGE OF FURS, SEALSKINS, WOOLENS, RUGS, ETC., INSURING ABSOLUTE SECURITY AGAINST DAMAGE BY MOTHS OR INSECTS.

We can carry temperatures as Low as 20 Degrees Below Zero, when required.

At the lowest rates, we invite Storage of Fresh Meats, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Fruits, Apples, Potatoes, Etc., Etc.

Special space for the handling of goods in dry or general storage. Reasonable rates.

We will be Glad to have Callers to Inspect our Plant.

INDEPENDENT ICE COMPANY

ACCUSED OF AGITATING STRIKE

The Accused Patrick Quinlan Testifies In His Own Defense.

Patterson, N. J., May 8.—Patrick Quinlan, the "Industrial Workers of the World" leader, indicted with "Big Bill" Haywood and three others for inciting striking silk mill workers to riot, testified in his own defense today. He denied he exhorted the strikers not to let others take their places in the mills except over their bodies.

Adolph Lessig, another leader indicted with Quinlan, corroborated Quinlan. He said a man in the audience made the remark attributed to Quinlan.

In marked contrast to the surging army of strikers which was held at bay around the Court House yesterday by a cordon of police was the situation here today. Overnight, Elizabeth Gurley Flynn had read the more turbulent element a lecture and told them to keep away.

HOW AN INDIANA GIRL

Got Strong and Well Again at Small Cost.

Miss Alta Abel, of West Baden, Ind., says: "I was a complete wreck, always tired, worn out and nervous. I had to spend about one-third of my time in bed and my life was not worth living. Vinol, your delicious cod liver and iron tonic was recommended, and it has done me more good than all the medicine I ever took in my life. That nervous and tired feeling is all gone. I have gained in health, flesh and strength, until I feel like another person."

Vinol is the most efficient strength creator for such women. It is the medicinal elements of the cod's livers contained in Vinol aided by the blood making and strengthening properties of tonic iron which makes it so far superior to all other tonics to build up health and strength for weak, tired, ailing women. It contains no oil and has a delicious taste.

We give back your money if Vinol does not do all that we claim. Robt. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

(Advertisement.)

Nobody ever received a Carnegie hero medal for wearing the first straw hat of the season.—Chicago News.

A MESSAGE OF SPRING STYLES

The season's styles in Men's Clothing have one especially interesting feature—no one color predominates—blues, blacks, grays and browns; checks, mixtures and hair line stripes are among the new fabrics.

Narrow shoulder effects with snug fitting bodies, ranging from the conservative to the rather extreme—here's where Stein-Bloch come to your rescue, they know how to keep comfort in their clothes while still leading in correct styles.

We are proud of our showing of Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes—why not see them today?

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

Phone: 673. Next to the Bijou.

Prescriptions a Specialty

All Standardized Tinctures.
Physiologically tested.
Phone 248.
We send for and return your prescription promptly.

ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY

Garrell Building, Corner Second and Princess Street.
Agent for Christiani Remedies: "One for Every Ill."
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

WANTED

100,000 to 200,000 Sawn Sap Pine Cross Ties, size 7 in. by 8 in. 8 feet long. Write for prices, stating your shipping point.

TREXLER LUMBER COMPANY,
Allentown, Pa.

or our Representative,
J. F. ALLRED,
Aberdeen, N. C.

my7-5t*

EASY TO BUY; EASY TO PAY

The Easy Way to Pay

THINK of it in this way: OUR plan is a convenient, easy-payment plan. You can have all the clothing you want by simply agreeing to pay us in small weekly or monthly payments. In other words, you pay for your clothing while you are wearing it.

OUR guarantee means absolute satisfaction. It means that you will get first quality garments. Our big chain of stores enables us to buy in large quantities; and we can offer you many special values in all lines of men's and women's wearing apparel.

Men's Summer Suits; all of the latest styles, including the new Norfolks $12 up

Women's Summer Dresses $2.50 up

Wash Waists, . $1.00 up

Everything You Need In Summer Wearing Apparel At The Very Lowest Prices.

FARLEY & CO.

116 Market Street

Building Material Specials

Medusa White Portland Cement.
Metal Laths and Corner Beads.
Hercules and Metalcrete Waterproof.
Acme, Keene and Patent Plasters.
Brick. Lime. Cement.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

DEMANDS ON THE PREACHER

The Modern Minister and the Demands a Modern Age Makes Upon Him. Paper by Rev. J. D. Bundy, of Grace Church.

Recently at a meeting of Wilmington ministers, Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor of Grace Methodist church, read a paper on the subject of "The Preacher and the Demands Made Upon Him", and his audience insisted that he give the paper to the press for publication. The article is herewith reproduced:

Paul, in 1st Corinthians, 1-21, says: "For seeing that in the wisdom of God, the world by wisdom knew not God, it pleased God by the foolishness of preaching to save them that believe." In Romans 10:13-15, he also says: "For whosoever shall call upon the name of the Lord shall be saved. How then shall they call on Him whom they have not believed? And how shall they believe in Him whom they have not heard? And how shall they hear without a preacher? And how shall they preach except they be sent? As it is written, how beautiful are the feet of them that preach the Gospel of peace and bring glad tidings of good things!"

These scriptures set forth the importance of the preachers in God's eye, but is this the preacher's present place in the average man's eye? I am not so persuaded.

Mostly true is it that the preacher's own supporter, with no reservations, regards the instructions of his physician or follows the advice of his attorney, and at the same time, consults his own preference regarding his obedience to the directions or advice of his preacher.

At the cost of the greatest inconvenience to him, and though he think otherwise, the word of his physician or attorney is his law, but with his preacher he contends for his right to a contrary opinion at the least approach to what he considers any violence to his preference. His difference in attitude toward his physician or attorney and preacher lies in the fact that he wants and feels the need of what his physician or attorney gives him, and cares nothing for his preacher's words, when they inflict any sacrifice or surrender upon him. He looks upon his physician or attorney as a necessity, and upon his preacher as an encumbrance or costly superfluity, to be ignored if inconvenient. This type of humanity, I am almost persuaded, most largely constitutes in practice if not in theory, the preacher's congregation of the day. A demand upon the preacher, therefore, now is to give his people what they need but don't want, and his difficulty in getting them to take his medicine surpasses that of the mother in giving her child the needed regulation but despised dose of castor oil. The mother has the best of it over the preacher, however, this far: Her child kicks only while she gives the oil, while such bearers of the preacher not only kick during the doctoring process but right on after the painful ordeal is over.

The preacher also finds the lack of want for what his congregation needs in the extensive mania for short sermons, more fittingly termed sermonettes, from 10 to 20 minutes in length. They tire not at the ramblings or harangues of the politician for an hour or more, or sitting and watching a ball game two hours, because they are interested. The short sermon craze finds its explanation in the fact that its victims are not at church for worship, but entertainment, or in conformity simply to the custom of attending church services on Sunday, for they never attend in the week. Regard for this mania for short sermons has already produced largely an age of colorless, meaningless preaching, and is increasing the crop of small preachers. These small preachers are not necessarily men of small ability, but their ability is dwarfed by want of exercise. The congregations of this age wouldn't endure 12 months the preaching of the great giant preachers of the past, who laid the Gospel foundation of this country. But what is the preacher to do in the presence of this condition? Shall he say all he wants to say to empty pews? or shall he pander indifferently to this unrighteous whim to get folks to hear him 20 minutes, that will not hear him 40? Will this surrender do any permanent good and no damage, or simply contribute to the popularity of the preacher? A surrender for popularity dishonors God, but may be made with the hope and motive of doing the greatest good to the greatest number. However, is such good likely to be accomplished? The answer to this question is the demand upon the present day preacher. In the solution of this problem he is helped to the conclusion of surrender by the fact that empty pews have no responsiveness and no activity even though it may seem a compromise of the preacher to an unappreciative hearer, who may be as unresponsive as the empty pew.

But another phase of the demand upon the preacher is that to be a pastor God requires of him that he shepherd His flock. Paul says in Ephesians 4:11, "And God gave some pastors for the perfecting of the saints, for the work of the ministry and for the edifying of the body of Christ," which is the church. Then in Jeremiah 21:1, God pronounces a woe upon the pastors that destroy and scatter his sheep. So from God comes the obligation upon the preacher to be a pastor unto His flock. Also from the people comes the call to duties as pastor. Under this head must fall the many varieties of a man the present preacher must be. Once it was that the pulpit ministrations completed the measure of the preacher's duties and this one calling made him a giant in his undiverted sphere. It is not so now. The preacher in this day must be a diplomat, with skill to reconcile irreconcilable elements; a nurse with an adequate supply of soothing syrup to keep adult babies quiet and in good humor; a financier with ability to made one dollar fill the place of two; a church builder with all the qualifications to inspire interest in behalf of a needed enterprise; a general with an organizing ability to awaken every latent force into a compact activity; a leader with tact to keep deadly jealousies, because of a difference in age or position, from springing up between his lieutenants and thereby have the aged, middle-aged and young all move in a harmonious march to the music of a higher and more progressive life. In cases of sickness the physician is informed and sent for. The preacher now must be an omnipresent omniscience with power to know all things, viz: When his folks are sick without being told, and to see them all at the same time. With all this he is expected to build up a spiritual life when that life doesn't exist.

To the end that he build up this spiritual life the demand to visit is upon him and here arise several questions for careful, prayerful consideration and answer. For example, aside from the sick, sad and aged, whom should the preacher visit first and most? Those who want him or those who don't want him? Shall his first attention be to keeping sheep in the fold or getting sheep into the fold? Granted that his visit be necessary to keep them in the fold, it seems that should be his first effort, but I am doubtful that a case so desperate without it as to be fatal, would be saved by a visit. Hence I am persuaded that truly religiously speaking, those who don't want the visit of the preacher are those who should receive his first attention, for Christ says, "I came not to call the righteous but sinners to repentance, and they that are whole need not a physician." Of course this isn't so pleasant, but it is where most good is likely to be done that should decide this question. How often shall he visit his members other than the afflicted of all kinds, to whom his number of visits can't be definitely fixed? By what standard shall he answer this question? I would answer in a religious light, just as often as he can according to his impression of their spiritual needs. How shall he spend the time after his visit? If simply in a social way, what difference in his visit and the simple drop-in of a neighbor? But shall he always quiz them regarding their spiritual condition, hopes, etc., or read the Scriptures and have prayer? Never to do either or all, looks like religious negligence. To always do them regardless of surrounding, I consider unwise. Thus the preacher is left to exercise his common sense, sanctified by and saturated with the grace of God. So the demands upon the preacher call for the use of all the help of God offers him and all the practical, sound judgment he has of his own and all he can appropriate from observation, along with genuine sympathy and hearty co-operation of all who love the Lord.

THE USE OF DRUGS.

The Prevalence of the Morphin and Cocaine Habits.

Examination of the laws which control the sale of opium and cocaine in the several States show that there is a most extraordinary lack of uniformity. In many States anti-narcotic laws are so comprehensive that were an attempt made to enforce the law literally it would result in the fine or imprisonment of practically all the retail druggists. On the other hand, there are some States in which the exceptions and provisos to the law are so numerous as practically to nullify all efforts to control the traffic in narcotic drugs.

Although in most of the States there is some legislation which aims to abolish the evil, it is all of comparatively recent date, and has not kept pace with the increase in drug addiction. Lack of Federal control resulting in various conflicting State laws, or more properly speaking in giving rise to such a diversity of laws that stringency in one State can be overcome by ordering by mail from another State where the laws are less stringent, is undoubtedly the chief reason why our country compares so unfavorably with European countries in respect to the prevalence of morphin addiction.

Since 1860, when the various forms of opium were separately enumerated in the tariff schedule, there has been an increase of 351 per cent. in the importation and consumption of all forms of opium, as against an increase of 133 per cent. in the population. In the United States during the last ten years there has been an annual importation and consumption of opium of over 400,000 pounds. Austria-Hungary, with a population of a little less than half that of ours, consumes annually less than one-hundredth this amount of opium. Germany, with sixty million inhabitants consumes only about 17,000 pounds annually, while in Italy with thirty-three millions, there is an annual consumption of only about 6,000 pounds. The appaling discrepancy consists in the fact that the most reliable authorities are agreed that one-eighth the amount of opium imported into the United States would amply suffice for the legitimate medical needs of our people. This country manufactures into morphin fully 300,000 pounds of the annual importation, and it is estimated that 80 per cent. of the morphin thus made is used by victims of the habit.

When we consider cocaine, the situation is no less alarming. Koller first introduced this drug to the medical profession in 1884. Thirteen years later was enacted the first legislation in the United States which strove to prevent the indiscriminate sale of the drug. In 1897 Illinois passed a law which made it unlawful to give or sell any cocaine or preparation containing cocaine in any form, except on prescription of a physician or dentist. The impracticability of all the legislation since that time is evidenced by the fact that although cocaine is a drug which is utterly useless except in the hands of the physician or dentists, and should never be prescribed for continuous use under any circumstances, even by them, there has, nevertheless been such a steady increase in its use that it is now reliably estimated that its illegitimate use alone exceeds 150,000 ounces every year.

A consideration of the evils attendant on the use of morphin and cocaine alone, says The Journal of the American Medical Association, should tend to convince the most ardent advocate of State's rights that legislation regulating the sale of all dangerous habit-forming narcotics should be national in scope and absolutely uniform throughout the country. In matters which affect the health of the nation at large the laws should be made by Congress, and their execution should be in the hands of Federal rather than State authorities.

Joe Wilson has gone home to Nashville without landing a job. Huntington Wilson has quit. Henry Lane Wilson's time in Mexico is short. The reason: Woodrow That's all.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

STOMACH UPSET?

Mi-o-na Will Prevent Further Trouble

Here, as in other cities and towns, stomach troubles are ensnaring victims in a most insidious way.

Nearly everyone is ill-treating the stomach, perhaps unconsciously, but the time comes when we cannot abuse it with impunity. Nature warns us. Distress after eating, belching of gas, that lump of lead feeling in the stomach, headache and lack of energy, are warning signals. Now—at once—is the time to stop this distress.

Mi-o-na Stomach Tablets is the remedy. Get a box today. Their action is immediate. Besides stopping the distress Mi-o-na soothes the irritated walls of the stomach and strengthens the gastric follicles so that they pour out their daily supply of digestive materials causing prompt digestion of the food that is eaten.

Mi-o-na is not an experiment. It is not a cure-all. It is a scientific remedy recommended for but one thing—stomach ills.

Its use stops stomach distress and improves the digestive system so that what you eat is converted into nutrition and the entire system is properly nourished.

So certain are the results of Mi-o-na that it is always sold on the money-back if not benefitted plan. Robt. R. Bellamy and druggists everywhere. 50c a large box.

(Advertisement.)

VALUE OF MR. MORGAN.

Difficult to Determine Worth of Financier's Prestige.

New York, May 6—Thomas E. Rush, counsel for the State Comptroller in matters of inheritance taxes, declared today that one of the most difficult features in connection with the appraisal of the J. P. Morgan estate is to fix even an approximate value upon the "good will" that was represented by the great financier's prestige throughout the financial and business world. The only similar instance with which the State Comptroler's office has had to deal was determining the value of the late Joseph Pulitzer to his publications. In that instance, Melville E. Stone estimated Mr. Pulitzer's value to his publications as $100,000 a year, while another expert, Arthur Brisbane, declared it to be between $150,000 and $200,000 a year.

Mr. Rush said that in some big transactions, where the name of Mr. Morgan stood alone, the selling value of his judgment was worth more even than 100 per cent., as it often exceeded the intrinsic value of the product upon which a small concern was based. Where the Morgan name was linked with others of prominence in the financial world, such as George F. Baker, and Henry B. Davison, its value was not so great.

"I have in mind a certain motor company," Mr. Rush continued. "Mr. Morgan was not an officer. His name did not appear at all. Yet the stock jumped to double its value when it was allowed to leak out that Mr. Morgan was a shareholder."

AND IN KENTUCKY!

Road Sentences and Beer Poured Into Gutter, By Gum!

Falmouth, Ky.—Frank Bell and Huey Courtney, who were tried jointly for the illegal sale of intoxicating liquor here, were each given a jail sentence of forty days and a fine of $100. Bell was tried last week on the charge of having intoxicating liquor in his possession, before County Judge E. S. Clarke. He appealed the case, and it was tried Tuesday in the Circuit Court and the decision of the lower court was sustained. Bell appealed this first case to the court of appeals.

Carlisle, Ky.—Four hundred bottles will be broken and the beer they contain poured out in a gutter here by Judge J. E. Plummer, of the police court. Ernest Thompson, who was captured bringing the beer here from Paris about midnight, was fined $100 and given ten days at hard labor. After confessing that the beer belonged to him, he consented that it be poured out. Thompson was convicted of having the beer in his possession for the purpose of sale in local option territory.

Dr. and Mrs. Theodore B. Kingsbury, of Wilmington, celebrated their sixty-second wedding anniversary on May 1st and hundreds of their friends called to give their hearty congratulations and wish them many happy returns of the day. Dr. Kingsbury has many warm friends throughout the State and many other know him through his long service as an editor, though he has not been in harness for some time. His knowledge of the masters of literature and his acquaintanceship with the public men who have wrought in North Carolina during the last sixty years is encyclopaedic.—Webster's Weekly.

A WONDERFUL EXPERIENCE

With Newbro's Herpicide

While there are no thrills in the narration of Mrs. P. T. Nichols, 623 Broad St., Beloit, Wis., her story is nevertheless one of amazing interest: "Stricken with neuralgia and erysipelas, I lost all my hair. My doctor recommended Newbro's Herpicide. I used six or eight bottles and now have a fine head of slightly curly light brown hair. Not a gray hair in my head. This is the more remarkable as I am middle-aged."

While the results which follow the use of Newbro's Herpicide are always more or less astonishing, they are always natural. Herpicide destroys the dandruff germ, stimulates the flow of blood to the hair follicles and keeps the scalp perfectly healthy. It makes possible a natural and luxuriant growth of hair, except in cases of chronic baldness.

While remedies said to be "every bit as good" as Newbro's Herpicide are frequently offered, one should insist upon having the original germ destroyer, Herpicide. That is genuine. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

For sale at all drug stores. One dollar size bottles are guaranteed. Applications may be obtained at good barber shops. Send 10c in postage for sample to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

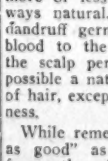
ROBT. R. BELLAMY, Special Agent.

FOR SALE

500 Bushels of Field Peas.

Sam'l Bear, Sr., Sons
Wholesale Groceries,
311 North Front Street.

CHICHESTER S PILLS



THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter-s Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER-S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

J. B. McCabe, Manager. Local and Long Distance 'Phone 502.

Carolina Audit & Adjustment Company,
Licensed Accountants and Auditors,
Room 405 Southern Bldg.
Wilmington, N. C.
Audits. Accounting Systems
no3-tf

RAPALJE & LOUGHLIN,
Civil Engineers,
Room 511 Southern Bldg.
Wilmington, N. C.

Break Away From Blood Bondage

Drugs in Common Use Harmful as the Disease They are Supposed to Cure.

Many people are shackled to continued suffering by the drugs they use. These seem to dry up the surface but there's a stomach almost destroyed, there are ulcerated bones; locomotor ataxia, convulsions, abscesses, falling hair, impaired eye-sight, deafness, and a host of other

Get Away From This Misery. Let S. S. S. Do it for You.

troubles continue to make life miserable. There is one blood remedy that you can only rely upon. It is not a "dope," not a physic, not a mineral poison but a pure, powerful medicine that cleanses your blood so completely; so washes your veins, arteries and tissues; so thoroughly bathes your body with internal healthful influence that soon you not only feel a wonderful change but your entire appearance undergoes the most welcome transformation. S. S. S. has long been recognized as the greatest blood purifier ever known.

If you have been fighting some blood trouble, some eruptive skin disease, call it eczema, lupus, psoriasis, malaria, scrofula or what you will, there is but one sure, safe way to cure it. Ask at any drug store for a $1.00 bottle of S. S. S. and you are then on the road to health. The action of this remarkable remedy is just as direct, just as positive, just as certain in its influence as that the sun rises in the east. It is one of those rare medical forces which act in the blood with the same degree of certainty that is found in all natural tendencies. The manner in which it dominates and controls the mysterious transference of rich, red, pure arterial blood for the diseased venous blood is marvelous.

Out through every skin pore acids, germs and other blood impurities are forced in the form of invisible vapor. The lungs breath it out, the liver is stimulated to consume a great proportion of impurities, the stomach and intestines cease to convey into the blood stream the catarrhal, malarial germs; the bowels, kidneys, bladder and all emunctories of the body are marshalled into a fighting force to expel every vestige of eruptive disease.

There is scarcely a community anywhere but what has its living example of the wonderful curative effects of S. S. S. Get a bottle of this famous remedy today, and if your case is stubborn or peculiar write to The Swift Specific Co., 127 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Their medical laboratory is famous and is conducted by renowned experts in blood and skin diseases.

U.S. WOOLEN MILLS CO.

CUSTOM TAILORS

—109— PRINCESS ST. TO ONE $15 TO ALL —109— PRINCESS ST.

STORES EVERYWHERE

Why Should You Take a Chance and Pay $10 to $15 More For The Same Suit Elsewhere?

We are saving the men of Baltimore thousands of dollars through our mill-to-man proposition, eliminating all middleman's profits. How easy it is to advertise one price and when you call induce you to pay $10 to $15 more! No such methods here.

Over 500 styles to select from. All the new grays, browns, blues and chalk stripes, made with unbreakable guaranteed fronts and hand-padded collars. Samples submitted for comparisons. Same values elsewhere, $25 to $40.

TO ONE $15 TO ALL

Just Received a Car Load of Quality

Goods of inferior value are conspicuous by their absence at our store.

We have quality by the barrel

SPECIAL SALE

A barrel of the finest Ginger Snaps in the world, baked by National Biscuit Company.

25c—A BARREL—25c

Watch our windows. Watch our ads.

HOLMES & ATKINSON
"The Quality Grocers."

JUST RECEIVED

Solid carload of HARRISON'S Ready-mixed Paints, Stains and Varnishes.

WE CAN NOW GIVE SPECIAL PRICES, NEW STOCK, NEW COLORS, and welcome you to our NEW HOME.

MAFFITT & WOOD
102 North Water Street and 1, 3 and 5 Princess Streets.
'Phone, Shipping Department, 474
Offices: 475

TAR BARRELS For Sale

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective January 5, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51, * 5:35 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. **Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.**	No. 50, *12:20 A.M.
No. 64, ! 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ! 6:25 P.M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.**	No. 49, * 6:15 P.M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 8:05 P.M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, **All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.**	No. 54, * 1:40 P.M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:30 P.M.
No. 59, ! 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. **Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.**	No. 41, *10:00 A.M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ! 8:35 A.M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT MAY 1st, 1913.

Winter Park, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points

WEST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville Beach.	EAST BOUND. Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville Beach for Wilmington
* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:25 A. M.	* 6:15 A. M.	.....
6:55 "	6:55 "	.....	7:25 "	7:25 "	.....
.....	.....	.....	* 8:07 "	* 7:55 "	* 7:45 A. M.
* 8:00 "	* 8:00 "	.....	* 8:42 "	* 8:30 "	.....
! 8:00 "	! 8:00 "	! 8:00 "	! 9:07 "	! 8:55 "	! 8:45 "
* 8:30 "	* 8:30 "	* 8:30 "	* 9:37 "	* 9:25 "	* 9:15 "
! 9:30 "	! 9:30 "	.....	10:12 "	10:00 "	.....
10:00 "	10:00 "	10:00 "	11:07 "	10:55 "	10:45 "
11:30 "	11:30 "	11:30 "	12:37 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:00 P. M.	1:00 P. M.	2:07 "	1:55 "	1:45 "
o 1:30 "	o 1:30 "	o 1:30 "	o 2:37 "	o 2:25 "	o 2:15 "
2:00 "	2:00 "	2:00 "	3:07 "	2:55 "	2:45 "
2:30 "	2:30 "	2:30 "	3:37 "	3:25 "	3:15 "
3:00 "	3:00 "	3:00 "	4:07 "	3:55 "	3:45 "
3:30 "	3:30 "	3:30 "	4:37 "	4:25 "	4:15 "
4:00 "	4:00 "	4:00 "	5:07 "	4:55 "	4:45 "
4:30 "	4:30 "	4:30 "	5:37 "	5:25 "	5:15 "
5:00 "	5:00 "	5:00 "	6:07 "	5:55 "	5:45 "
5:30 "	5:30 "	5:30 "	6:47 "	6:35 "	6:25 "
6:10 "	6:10 "	6:10 "	7:12 "	7:00 "	6:50 "
6:40 "	6:40 "	6:40 "	7:42 "	7:30 "	7:20 "
7:10 "	7:10 "	.....	8:07 "	7:55 "	.....
8:30 "	8:30 "	8:30 "	9:37 "	9:25 "	9:15 "
10:00 "	10:00 "	10:00 "	11:07 "	10:55 "	10:45 "
11:15 "	11:15 "	.....	11:37 "	11:45 "	.....

Cars marked * do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked ! run Sundays only.
Cars marked o run Saturdays only.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE

Daily Except Sundays.

Leave 9 Orange Street—9:30 A. M., and 3:30 P. M.
Freight depot open from 8:30 to 9:30 A. M. and from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

1,000 CASES CANNED MEATS
All Kinds.

300 Barrels Cremo Flour, all sizes.
100 Barrels Piedmont Flour.
100 Barrels Occident Flour.
100 Cases Red Wing Grape Juice.
100 Cases Russell Tomatoes.
100 Cases World's Favorite Corn.
200 Sacks Lucrene Dairy Feed.
100 Sacks Lucrene Horse and Mule Feed.
200 Sacks Wheat Middlings.
200 Cases Alaga Syrup.
30 Cases Canned Apples.
50 Cases Evaporated Peaches.
25 Cases Evaporated Prunes.
100 Cases Early June Peas.

R. A WRIGHT CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Distributors.

Cotton Seed Meal

200 Bags Cotton Seed Meal.
100 Bags Middlings.
100 Bags Bran.
300 Bags Scratch Feed.
200 Bags Chicken Feed.
100 Bags Dried Apples.
100 Boxes Dried Peaches
50 Boxes Prunes.
100 Bags Lima Beans.
100 Bags Navy Beans.
100 Spirit Casks.
25 Barrels Glue.
2,000 Kegs Nails.

Also carry Full Line Staple Drugs, and all other goods usually sold by wholesale grocers.

Agents for Western Shells, already one million sold. Send your specifications in now for Fall delivery.

D. L. GORE COMPANY
Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

NOTICE

$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE,
120 N. Water Street, Wilmington, North Carolina.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
Schedule Effective April 27th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON:

No. 19—5 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:00 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:20 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 4 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 1 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points South. At Monroe with train No. 29, for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 19 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 13—3:05 P. M.; arrive Hamlet, 7:35 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 14—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 20—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, call on or telephone

CLAUDE MURRY, Union Ticket Agent. 'Phone: 1294.
F. A. FETTER, C. A., 'Phone 178, Orton Hotel.
JOS. R. COOKE, City Ticket Agent.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent. Raleigh, N. C.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

'PHONE OR WRITE
AHRENS

About his S. C. White Leghorn Breeding Stock, Hatching Eggs and Baby Chicks.

Also dealer in Incubator and Poultry Supplies.

PINE GROVE POULTRY FARM.
ADOLPH G. AHRENS,
Proprietor.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Phones 1358-1357.

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

Twenty thousand suffragettes paraded the streets of New York yesterday and were loud in their demands for the suffrage.

The Underwood wool schedule was passed yesterday in the House of Representatives despite the protests of the Republican members.

Great Britain yesterday recognized the Mexican government of Huerta; much suffering is reported from gulf ports as a result of the revolution.

Geo. H. Bixby, wealthy Long Beach millionaire, was arraigned in Los Angeles yesterday on a charge of being part of a system that ensnared young women for immoral purposes.

Dr. Lyman H. Abbott was deposed as a vice president of the Peace Society at St. Louis yesterday because he signed the Navy League's petition for increased armament.

Before leaving California for Washington, Secretary Bryan made a farewell speech to the Legislature, expressing the hope that friction may be avoided in the final settlement of the anti-alien land question.

New York markets: Money on call nominal, no loans; time loans strong, 60 days 3 3-4 to 4 per cent.; 90 days 4 to 4 1-4 per cent.; six months 4 1-4 to 4 1-2. Flour steady. Wheat steady. Corn steady. Cotton, spot quiet, middling uplands 11.85; middling gulf 12.10; sales none. Rosin quiet. Turpentine firm.

TUESDAY.

The political atmosphere in Europe has cleared since it appears unnecessary to coerce Montenegro.

cratic tariff bill in Congress yesterday were persistently rejected and very good progress was made in passing the legislation.

Reports from Mexico City indicate that 1,200 to 1,500 lives have been lost in engagements outside of Sonora during the past week.

Amendments offered to the Demo-

The District Court of Appeals yesterday affirmed the judgments against Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison, in connection with the famous contempt case; the jail sentences, however, were regarded excessive, and reduced.

New York markets: Money on call, steady, at 2 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate and closing bid, 2 1-2; offered at 3 per cent. Flour, quiet; wheat, easy; corn, easy. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands, 11.85; rosin, steady; turpentine, quiet.

WEDNESDAY.

At Louisville yesterday the Presbyterians again decided to make no amendment to their confession of faith in connection with the elect infant clause.

At Washington yesterday the Democrats in the House put up a strong fight in the matter of free-listing many articles which have heretofore been on the dutiable list.

Four former police inspectors were found guilty yesterday in New York, charged with obstructing justice by conspiring to keep a proposed witness from making graft disclosures.

A young man giving his name as Paul R. Bowen was arrested yesterday at Houston, Texas., charged with being implicated in the murder of Mary Phagan, of Atlanta, but was subsequently released.

The English House of Commons rejected the bill providing the right of the ballot for women yesterday by a vote of 226 to 219. Premier Asquith threatened to resign from the cabinet if his colleagues ever suggested they would not follow the policy of the government.

New York markets: Money on call steady at 2 1-2 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 1-2; closing bid 2 3-4; offered 2 7-8. Flour quiet. Wheat easy. Corn easy 62 1-4. Turpentine steady; machine barrels 42. Rosin steady. Cotton steady; middling uplands 11.90; middling gulf 12.15.

THURSDAY

The Senate after a debate yesterday refused to amend the Sundry Civil bill.

An infernal machine said to have been set by militant suffragettes was discovered in St. Paul's Cathedral at London yesterday.

In accordance with the neutrality laws Americans will be prohibited from exporting ammunition to the Mexican Revolutionists.

Reading of the tariff bill for amendment was completed in the House yesterday, but its immediate passage was blocked on a technicality by Republican Leader Mann.

It is thought that the Japanese Ambassador will hold a conference with Secretary of State Bryan in regard to the anti-alien land legislation of California immediately upon his return to Washington.

Postmaster General Burleson, after conferring with President Wilson, announced yesterday that an executive order will soon be issued amending ex-President Taft's civil service orders applying to fourth-class postmasters.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 3-4 to 3 per cent, ruling rate 2 3-4, closing bid 2 7-8, offered at 3 1-4. Time loans easier. Government bonds and railroad bonds steady. Cotton steady, middling uplands 12.00; middling gulf 12.25. Sales 528 bales. Flour quiet. Wheat steady. Rosin quiet. Turpentine firm; machine barrels 33. Corn firm, 62 3-4. Coffee quiet.

FRIDAY.

President Wilson has suggested that ongress enact certain banking reform, and consider the monetary problem during the present session.

The Japanese Ambassador will confer with the Secretary of State today in an effort to settle the California Anti-Alien Land legislation.

Reports from Mexico indicate that the war being waged between Constitutionalists and Rebels is becoming more violent.

The Underwood tariff bill passed the House yesterday by a vote of 281 to 139. Repeated attempts made by Progressive and Republican members to amend the bill failed.

It was announced yesterday that a number of the large manufacturers and producers will formally protest for amendment to the Underwood tariff bill before it is considered in the Senate.

New York Markets.

Money on call, steady, at 2 3-4 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate, 2 3-4; closing bid, 2 3-4; offered at 2 7-8. Cotton, quiet; middling uplands, 12.00; middling gulf, 12.25; sales, 600 bales. Futures closed steady. Rosin, quiet. Turpentine, firm: machine barrels, 43. Corn, firm, 63 1-4, export. Flour, quiet. Wheat, steady.

SATURDAY

A lieutenant of the United States Army Aviation Corps was killed in a biplane accident which occurred in California yesterday.

Secretary of State Bryan held a conference yesterday with the Japanese Ambassador regarding the California land legislation. No definite action was taken.

Speaker Clark publicly reprimanded Charles C. Glover, a Washington banker, for attacking Representative Sims, on account of a reference made by the latter in a speech before the House.

The Federal government's investigators of the Friedmann tuberculosis vaccine announced yesterday that the alleged cure does not merit the confidence which it has inspired in many persons.

The Underwood tariff bill reached the Senate yesterday, and the matter of how the various issues represented in the schedule should be considered by that body was considered. This measure will be taken up when the Senate meets again on Tuesday.

New York markets: Money on call steady 2 3-4 to 3 per cent, ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-4, offered at 3. Cotton, steady, middling uplands 12.00, middling gulf 12.25; sales 6,046. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet. Flour quiet. Corn firm 63 1-2. Wheat firm.

adventure may still be enjoyed in the modern Bagdad of America is proved by the experience of a wealthy young Broadwayite in inflicting a unique form of punishment upon a man who had robbed him. The Broadwayite, whose name is well known throughout the bright-light district, while in a sociable mood some two months ago got into conversation with a seedy but affable stranger, and at the end of their visit discovered that his pocket book had departed with the stranger. Instead of appealing to the law he employed two husky and heavy-handed soldiers of fortune of the modern style and had them accompany him on his evening rounds until he spotted his quondam acquaintance. He then instructed them to follow the latter's trail steadily. Whenever he went into a restaurant to eat or sat down in any public place even for a moment to rest, the two were to rush at him but always giving him a chance to escape. The plan worked perfectly and for two months the unfortunate thief scarcely had a chance to obtain a meal or to snatch a moment's rest. One or other of the two men was always close behind him. Whenever he thought that he had eluded them and slipped into an out-of-the-way eating place they would wait until he had had a thick steak "with trimmings" before him; then they would dash in and the culprit would take to his heels. After two months of this constant pursuit and the expenditure of about a thousand dollars in keeping his victims steadily on the run, the wise Broadwayite decided that his revenge was complete and he permitted the object of his highly-original punishment to end the chase by leaving the city.

* * *

With civic expenditures mounting constantly higher and higher, New York is always searching for new means of raising revenue. Recently a committee was appointed bearing the impressive title of the Commission on New Sources of City Revenue, the purpose of which is to hunt out new ways of raising taxes to meet the steadily growing demands of government. As a result of reading the commission's report reciting the various loopholes in existing laws through which individuals so inclined are now enabled to escape contributing to the city's revenues, Mayor Gaynor was moved to suggest a tax on hypocrites as one that would be highly remunerative if rigidly enforced. As His Honor hastened to point out, however, most of the hypocrites are tax-dodgers anyway and the only good effect of the law would be to drive them all out of the city. While the Mayor's remarks were facetious the subject to which they related is a serious one as the present rate of growth in New York's expenditures points to the likelihood that a yearly budget of $200,000,000 will soon be required which will necessitate the imposition of new and still heavier taxes.

—LONGACRE.

The trouble with the Yanks seems to be sluggishness.

And, as Irving Cobb suggests, the slug is silent, as in ninth inning.

..By the Wayside..

"And I want you to remember," said the bride-elect, shaking a commanding forefinger at the reporter as he pocketed his notes and reached for his derby, "that the bride is neither 'charming' nor 'attractive'." An the groom unthoughtedly affirmed the sentiment and vigorously emphasized the injunction. The reporter was unable to agree, and said so, but promised to obey the forefinger, and he did. All really charming people go at life directly, simply and without any frills, for they don't need any.

* * *

An old colored woman, unused to the ways of the white man's "cote", stepped into a magistrate's office with a handful of one dollar bills and wanted to know if she could bail out some worthless relative or other who was in limbo. The fixed sum of the bond was $50; she had about $13—poor old soul! Informed that it wasn't enough, she gouged into the ample folds of her shirt waist and pulled out a bank book. According to the figures in it, she had sufficient funds in the bank to eke out the amount needed for bond. But the magistrate said he didn't know if she was the person whose name was written on the book. She called a younger negress in, who identified her, but the magistrate said he didn't know this woman. A third was called in, whom the magistrate did know, and she said, "Yas, dat's her." The old woman brightened up. "Yas," she said, "dis is me, shore!"

* * *

They were discussing the number of newspaper men who have managed to pull down luscious plums from the Wilson tree, and turning to an old newspaper man, bullragged him about not having received just reward for his many years of valiant service in the ranks of the Democratic party. They told how he had fit, bled and died for the Democracy and how he had ridden through Republican political blood up to his editorial bridle bits. "Why don't you put your name in the pot?" they demanded. "Look at Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, he is. And here you've been living in a seaport all your days and know more about ships in a minute than he does in a year. Why, you've pulled more schooners over the bar than he ever saw!"

* * *

Council, its doing s and city politics in general had been touched on, withal the Board of Health. One of the crowd spoke up and said: "I was born and reared in Wilmington, and I love the city and like its people. My interests are interwoven with its interests, and I want to do my little part toward making Wilmington a great town in every respect. Being on my own doorstep, so to speak, I can say more or less what I please in criticism, with all the freedom I want. And I want to say that some of our people are imbued with a spirit that if allowed to run things, would turn Wilmington into a village. Doubtless it has operated against the development of the community in years past. I am referring to that attitude of some people who, to the manor born, think that nobody not born in the Lower Cape Fear country is worth while; that exclusive spirit that regards any and all outsiders as very rank, indeed, and holds that no matter what they think or do, it is of no consequence. In other words, 'we are the people,' with the accent on the 'we.' I want to tell you that if you were to take out of the social, professional, business and religious life of Wilmington the people who have come into the city from the outside, you would remove a very large, very progressive, very useful and very valuable element of the citizenship—a factor that has had a far-reaching influence in the development of Wilmington."

* * *

Old Man Omar told them to "take the cash and let the credit go", and that's what the new salary system is doing wherever it has been inaugurated in the Court Houses of the State. Under that system, you pay as you go, and if you don't pay you don't go, unless, sometimes, you go to jail. In years that are gone in most counties, the register of deeds, deep in the rut worn by mossback predecessors thanked you kindly for bringing him your deed or mortgage for record, recorded it, and duly filed it in a pigeon hole bearing a letter corresponding to the first one in your name. And the dust of ages gathered on its face. Once on the records, the deeds were no longer needed by you, and the register went out of office in due time, leaving stacks of hard-earned dollars wrapped up in those old papers. Other officers were forced by political considerations to "accommodate" you by giving you their fees. The salary system has the county behind it, and the law says all fees must be paid strictly in advance. Why not carry out the scheme in all business transactions? The credit system is an outworn, moth-eaten relic of an unadmirable business past. It is cumbersome, costly to all concerned, a time-killer, a debt-maker, a short cut to the bankruptcy courts and the poor house. Payment of clean cash down would save a vast amount of energy and money, and turn an army of collectors and bookkeepers into productive fields of endeavor.

The young man in "Locksley Hall" was of the opinion that "A sorrow's crown of sorrow is remembering happier things." An old lady says that about all the comfort she has left is the happiness stored away in her memory. With her, remembering happier things is the chief pleasure left to her. "Life is not much shut up in four walls," she says, "I have to stay in—head aching much and eyes almost blind—and if I had no food for thought or memory of other days, what could I do? I can recall verse on verse, chapter after chapter of the Bible, and line upon line of hymns, learned in young days. I can't read now, sometimes, but I can recall days and years of happy events and associations with those whom I have loved, and in wonderful memory live over again the years that are gone forever; and no mortal knows what comfort it is to an old woman, afflicted and 'no 'ccount,' to dwell on these things that more than three score years have written on memory's pages."'

"Oh, it's all right," said a Princeton student to his instructor in English—it being the poetry of Walt Whitman—"but it isn't poetry. Why, you never could read that to a girl."

You can blind some men by throwing gold dust in their eyes.

In after years some society buds become wall flows.

CAN YOU DOUBT IT?

When the Proof Can be So Easily Investigated

When so many grateful citizens of Wilmington testify to benefit derived from Doan's Kidney Pills, can you doubt the evidence? The proof is not far away—it is almost at your door. Read what a resident of Wilmington says about Doan's Kidney Pills. Can you demand more convincing testimony?

W. L. Benson, 620 S. Second St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "My back ached nearly all the time and I could not straighten after stooping or lifting without having a sharp pain in my loins. Mornings when I got up, I was very lame and sore and I noticed that the kidney secretions contained sediment. Soon after I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's drug store, I felt better in every way and it was not long before I was enjoying the best of health. My advice to anyone suffering from kidney complaint is to try Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

(Advertisement.)

NEW YORK'S STREET CAR TOLL

Two Billion Nickels Required for Transportation—Horse Cars to Moving Sidewalks—Cost of Living—Other Topics

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, May 10.—Almost two billion nickles a year, enough, laid edge to edge, to reach two hundred times around the earth, are required to move the people of New York city and the strangers within its gates to and from offices, shops and homes.

This is one of numerous striking facts brought out by the reports which all the local transportation companies are compelled to make to the Public Service Commission and which have just been completed for 1912. As the figures are based on fares actually collected, it follows that the total number of persons carried is considerably in excess of the two billion mark as young children, employes of the companies and certain classes of officials are carried free and in spite of pay-as-you-enter and other devices a great many nickels are said still to find their way into the pockets of dishonest conductors and do not figure in the report. Taking the figures as they stand, however, they show that every man, woman and child in Greater New York takes an average of one car ride a day throughout the year. The total revenue of the various lines is close to $100,000,000 and judged by the number of passengers carried they form the greatest transportation system in the country. Another interesting fact is that a greater variety in the means of transportation is offered here than in any other place in the world. In addition to the subway, elevated and electric surface lines there are antediluvian horse cars such as are scarcely to be seen in any other city in the country, storage battery cars and a monorail system. To these is shortly to be added an underground moving sidewalk.

* * *

Will or will not the new tariff which Congress is soon to adopt reduce the cost of living is the question which is being hotly debated in clubs, hotel lobbies, over cafe tables and wherever men congregate in numbers. Interest is particularly keen in the effect on sugar and wool since these are the two commodities to which free trade is proposed to be applied. The big refiners of sugar who are fighting to have the duty on raw sugar removed in order to get their raw supplies more cheaply declare that sugar will go down a cent and a half a pound. The domestic producers on the other hand insist that the price will go up because the few big refiners will be in full control of the situation. Men in the trade occupy what may be described as an intermediate position. They incline to think that prices may be put down temporarily in order to drive out the domestic competition which they say has been cutting more and more into the refiners' control of the market, but later they expect to see prices advance again when the refiners have matters in their own hands. Likewise importers of other products on which duties are to be reduced are willing to predict lower prices but the men who pass these products on to the consumer are more reluctant to hold out any such hope. The consumer himself, torn between these conflicting claims is inclined to decide that the only thing for him to do is to wait and see what happens. As sugar is the crux of the tariff fight in Congress that doubtless will be one of the commodities by which he will judge the result. It is selling now in the big shops at from four to four and one-half cents a pound. A good many men are jotting these prices down in their note books with the purpose of comparing them with those prevailing six months or a year hence.

* * *

That the Arabian Nights style of

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as personal or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and then begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON.

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 211 H, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y. Send free trial of your method to:

.....

.....

.....

ANNUAL REUNION UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERAN

Chattanooga, Tenn, May 27, 29th, 1913

The ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY offers the very low rate of $12.45 from Wilmington to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, on account of the Annual Reunion of United Confederate Veterans. Tickets will be sold May 24th, 25th and 26th, limited to reach original starting point returning not later than midnight of June 5th, 1913, except by deposit of ticket with Special Agent, 703 Broad St., Chattanooga, and payment of fee of 50c, at time of deposit, limit will be extended to June 25th.

For schedules, reservations or other information, apply to local Ticket Agent, or

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
Wilmington, N. C.
(Advertisement.)

The Master Cure for RHEUMATISM

Muller's Famous Prescription 100384

Has banished more OBSTINATE and apparently hopeless cases of Rheumatism and Gout than all the specialists together.

Equally good for the bedfast, those on crutches, and those tormented at work.

Dr. J. Y. Macrae called it "GOD'S MEDICINE." It stood every test since 1881. Accept no substitute. Insist on Muller's Famous Prescription. At Druggists, 75c. Bottle. Booklet mailed free.

WM. H. MULLER, 352 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Warm Sulphur Springs

BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA

This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information.

Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

MORPHINE WHISKEY AND TOBACCO Habits Cured by new painless method. NO DEPOSIT OR FEE required until cure is effected. Endorsed by Governor and other State officials. Home or sanitarium treatment. Booklet free.

DR. POWER GRIBBLE, Supt.,
Box 885, Lebanon, Tenn. Cedarcroft Sanitarium.

Start Your Baby With Sound Health

Regular Bowel Movement from Childhood on Forestalls Future Serious Diseases

We cannot all start life with the advantages of money, but every child born is entitled to the heritage of good health. Through unfortunate ignorance or carelessness in the feeding of a baby its tiny stomach may become deranged. The disorder spreads to the bowels and before the mother realizes it the two chief organs on which the infant's comfort and health depend are causing it great suffering. If the condition is allowed to continue grave ailments often result.

There is, however, no occasion for alarm, and the sensible thing to do—but it should be done instantly—is to give the baby a small dose of a mild laxative tonic. In the opinion of a great many people, among them such well known persons as the parents of Dixie Dudley, Magnolia, Ark., the proper remedy is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Mrs. Earl Dudley writes: "Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the best medicine I ever used. It cured my baby of flatulency colic when the doctors failed; it cured my husband of constipation. My home shall never be without Syrup Pepsin."

DIXIE ASKEW DUDLEY

It is a pleasant-tasting laxative, which every person likes. It is mild, non-griping, and contains that most excellent of all digestants, pepsin.

This remedy is especially intended for infants, children, women, old people and all others, to whom harsh cathartics, salt waters, pills, etc, are distressing. In fact, in the common disorders of life, such as constipation, liver trouble, indigestion, biliousness, headaches and the various other disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels nothing is more suitable than this mild laxative tonic, Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

Two generations of people are using it today, and thousands of families keep it constantly in the house, for every member of the family can use it. It can be obtained of any druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a bottle, the latter being the size bought by families who already know its value. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded.

If no member of your family has ever used Syrup Pepsin and you would like to make a personal trial of it before buying it in the regular way of a druggist, send your address—a postal will do—to W. B. Caldwell, 417 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and a free sample bottle will be mailed to you.

Next to Wings!

O'Sullivan's Rubber Heels

Peterson & Rulfs

There Is No Reason

why we should **Not Get Your Business.** First—Because the line of Clothing we handle are made by houses of Reputation, consisting of

Strouse Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer Suits

that are Made to Fit. Second—Because when trying on one of the above Suits if you should find the slightest defect, which seldom happens, we can alter same for you, as we employ an expert tailor in our establishment to devote his time to our alterations only. Third—We carry the largest stock in the city, and a customer can have no reason to buy what he does not want—which makes a Satisfied Customer.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

'Phone No. 617. Masonic Building.

LIGHTNING FREEZER

To be sure of *pure* ice cream, make it at home. To make it easily and quickly; rich, smooth and velvety, use the Lightning Freezer.

SEASONABLE GOODS

Refrigerators. Ice Cream Freezers. Garden Hose. Lawn Mowers. Wire Doors and Window Screens. Ball, Mason and Sure Seal Fruit Jars and Rubbers.

Can make immediate shipment. Your orders solicited.

J.W. Murchison & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Dealers

ALBERT H. MARSH

Public Accountant and Auditor

AUGUSTA, GA.

Cost Accounts. Accounts Verified.

City and County Work a Specialty.

Epitaph of the Common House Fly and How to Get Rid of Them.

(By S. A. M.)

A swarm of flies came buzzing by,
And soon a garbage can did spy,
Oh! my, they cried in flyish glee,
That filthy can looks good to me.
No place we've seen in all our flight,
As nice as this for us to light.
So down they flew as all flies will,
To the filthy can of slops and swill.
The can was sitting in the sun,
And Mrs. Blow-fly had begun.
You know it's Mrs. Blow-fly's way
To turn all things into decay.
And she had done herself real proud,
For this old can was smelling loud.
Of course, this helped attract attention,
The flies were holding a great convention.
Flies had gathered from miles around,
Large, small, black, green, yellow and brown.
The object of the meeting there,
Was to map out plans for the coming year.
The chairman, he spoke up and said,
He wasn't pleased with last year's dead.
He said that we must come to terms,
And try our best to scatter germs.
He warned them to be very shy,
Of the boys and girls, that "swat the fly."
Also, he thought 'twas awful mean,
For any one their house to screen.
He told of a paper on which flies stick,
But they were on to that old trick.
Now, these he said, are not so bad,
I've something else to tell real sad.
Men these days are very wise,
They know that germs are carried by flies.
They know that on our feet and legs,
Are millions and millions of germs and eggs.
They also know that flies can cause,
As many deaths as all the wars.
So they have made a preparation
That'll soon be spread throughout the Nation.
If all reports I hear be true,
I see the finish of me and you.
The stuff's a wonder—that is, men say,
Guaranteed to drive all flies away.
And everywhere it has been tried,
Flies and insects by the thousands died.
They say it's of a liquid kind,
Made "Down South" from the long leaf pine.
It's used in such a simple way,
Blown through the tube which causes a spray.
It penetrates the air so fast,
A few minutes only our lives can last.
Spring is here, it's time to work,
We want no drones, no one must shirk.
Now what we wish to do is plain,
To kill all the babies that we can.
But now and ever understand,
That it shall always be our plan,
To make ourselves as busy as bees,
To scatter every known disease.
The place for us to do our worst,
Is the nipple of the bottle that the babies nurse
And then it should be awful handy,
To crawl all over children's candy.
To do this thing successfully,
We must do it systematically.
Let's fly from here to the manure pile,
And crawl over it awhile;
From there we'll fly to the horse's stall,
And there we'll have another crawl.
When we finish with the horse's stable,
Then it's to the dining table.
And if they open a sick room door.
Make a dive for the cuspidor.
If you'll try and do just what I say,
Everything will be our way.
But talk is cheap, we're losing time,
Let's make our hay while the sun doth shine.
We'll start right now, to the house we'll fly,
Our motto, ever "TO DO OR DIE."
And so right there from that filthy can,
The 1912 season began.
They all went swarming to the house,
When they got there, things were as still as a mouse.
It seemed to them that from afar,
Came the faintest odor, the smell of Taz.
But this they did not mind at all,
Till by the hundreds they began to fall.
In a very few minutes, our story goes,
Every one of them turned up their toes.
This jingle is not idle jest,
Everyone should give this drug a test.
If it doesn't do just what we say,
We won't receive one cent of pay.
And on my word you can rely,
When I say it's **death to every fly.**

Manufactured in Wilmington, North Carolina,
Where flies grow fewer, health conditions grow finer.
If you do not make your town the same,
You have no one but yourself to blame.
In this whole, wide world, there is nothing greater,
Than "Shepard's House Fly Driver And Insect Exterminator."
(Advertisement.)

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:15pm	6:40pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	10:00pm	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	6:45pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:30pm	7:45am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

BAGS Wanted. Second-hand Bags. Write for prices. RICHMOND BAG CO., Dept. 13, Richmond, Virginia. ap30-eod8t

ROY CONNER IS CAPTURED

Several Weeks Ago Shot and Killed Lowell Carter Near Chadbourn —Whiteville News Notes of the Week

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., May 10.—Roy Conner, who several weeks ago shot and killed Lowell Carter, of Chadbourn, was arrested Thursday night near his home in the eastern part of the county, and placed in jail here yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Hortie Yates.

Soon after the shooting Conner made his escape going towards Bladenboro. He was tracked by bloodhounds for a distance of eight miles where the trail was lost. As soon as he found that the officers were not in pursuit he stopped and returned to his home neighborhood where he has been since.

The officers got wind of the fact that he was in the county and Thursday night Mr. Yates and a posse of 10 men were waiting for him when he came to the home of a friend to spend the night. Neal Whitney was arrested soon after the homicide as an accomplice.

Considerable hail fell here yesterday afternoon but being small, little damage was done to the growing crops. The accompanying rain came as a great relief to the farmers, as the dry weather of the last several weeks threatened to give the crops a back set.

Governor Craig has issued orders for a special term of court to be held beginning June 2nd for the trial of civil cases. The order was not made until after the meeting of the County Commissioners Monday, and it is probable that it will be rescinded as the Commissioners have recommended that the special term be held the first week in August on account of the fact that the farmers will be busy with their crops in June.

The commencement of the graded school will begin next Friday night with a musical recital by the music students. It will continue until Tuesday morning when the graduating exercises will be held.

Little Irwin, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Irving B. Tucker, who has been dangerously ill for the last three weeks, is now much better, and will recover.

Today a large crowd of picnickers from various parts of the county are at Lake Waccamaw on an outing.

Editor F. E. Little, who recently emigrated from Wilmington, has recently been having great sport catching fish out of the White Marsh. Mr. Little is one of the most charming young men we know, and is especially popular with the young ladies on account of his good looks. But his charms do not stop there for he can even charm the finny tribe. The other afternoon he caught thirteen eels, 14 catfish and 17 perch. Nobody else in the crowd got over two, and they have since been wondering what kind of a rabbit's foot he carries. He says it wasn't luck at all but because of his affinity for fish.

CARD FROM MR. BLOSSOM

Editor Morning Star: With some surprise I read Mr. Willard's reply to our complaint of the Commissioners' building a promised road for a private corporation. As a citizen of Castle Haynes and of New Hanover county for possibly more years, with one exception, than any of the present Commissioners have lived, it has been one of my desires to see our county progress. I came to Castle Haynes when as I remember, there was but two homes between here and Wilmington, having invested all I had here. I naturally endeavored to increase the value of property in this section. In doing this, I have bought and sold lands, one tract I sold through misrepresentation of a representative of Mr. MacRae's company for less than half its value, another tract, the ferry, the courts will decide as to my rights and privileges, it may at the expense of the county. But, the assumption of Mr. Willard that I am objecting to the location of the road to the bridge for personal interest, is either intended to mislead the public or is an absurd mistake. I have never repudited an assumed or implied obligation. I fight my own fights, if defeated, I take my medicine, but no one can say that as yet I have asked the public to help me nor have I put the burden on others. I do not own, nor am I directly or indirectly interested in one foot of land, situated on the natural and logical way the road should and would go except for the influence Mr. MacRae's company has with the present Commissioners. The road we advocate is much nearer the road the Commissioners propose to build for Mr. MacRae's company than any property I am in any way interested in. My objection is not personal, but is because we already have a macadam road built and paid for by our county that parallels the proposed road for 14 hundred feet. This proposed road is composed of dip, depression and ditch, that will require a fill for about 1,400 feet of two and one-half feet, thirty feet wide. This would mean about 4,000 cubic yards of fill to be brought in at a cost of anywhere from 15 to 25 cents per yard. Does the saving of about two hundred yards in a distance of nine miles justify this expenditure of county funds or should the county money be thus expended to carry out the promises of Mr. MacRae's company, when the Island Creek road, Acorn Branch or the road to Carolina Beach needs it so much more? Shall we vote taxes upon ourselves to aid private corporations by building roads about a hundred yards apart when we have so many sections needing roads? I have voted every time the roads, but I think now is the time to let our Commissioners understand that when we vote road bonds it must be for all the people and not a favored few.

SAMUEL B. BLOSSOM.

CARD FROM MR. KELLUM

Tells of Recent Municipal Election in Jacksonville, N. C.

Editor of The Star: On April 18th, at the time and place designated in a call signed by the chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the town of Jacksonville, the Democratic voters of said town assembled in accordance with the call and nominated one candidate for mayor and four candidates for town commissioners. The chairman who issued the call, finding the majority of the Democratic voters of the town present and realizing that he would be unable to nominate his own candidates, endeavored to secure an adjournment, but the convention refused to adjourn until it had nominated the officers for the nomination of which the convention had been called.

That same chairman then called another convention for April 25th, and there nominated another set of candidates. Mr. Willie D. Sabiston, the candidate for mayor nominated at the second convention, went to the Republican postmaster, leader of the Republican party in the county, and requested him to challenge Democratic voters and prohibit them from voting. This same leader participated, with other Republicans, in the convention that nominated Mr. Sabiston and sat as a judge at the time the men whom he had challenged were being tried, and cast the only vote in the negative.

In your issue of May 8th, the 'Jacksonville Special" said that I supported the independent ticket. This is not correct. I did support the ticket that won, the ticket that was nominated in the first convention, where only Democrats participated; and I did not support the Fusion-Bull Moose-Republican ticket nominated at the second convention. On that ticket most of the nominees refused to vote for themselves.

WOODUS KELLUM.

NOISELESS HOUSE IS SOUGHT

America Expected to Lead the World in This as in So Many Other Things.

Anticreak shutters, rubber-soled shoes, soft rugs, cultivated modulation, suppression of all emotional excitement and retraint upon children in the leash of a perpetual "hush" are some of the features of the noiseless home that is recommended by the new organization for the suppression of the sources of American noise. It is recommended by this society that builders use the noiseless method of construction of houses so that muffled hammers shall install mufflers for noise features in all edifices. A soft, sepulchral silence in every home is recommended for the relief of the nerve-wear and tension that the modern hurly-burly conduct of homes is said to have upon those growing up in them. In addition to all other devices for the noiseless home has been recommended the antisnore appliances, in the form of a halter to strap around the snoring organs of those thus afflicted, so that they will be prevented from their somnolent pastime.

The noiseless home, says the Baltimore American, is said to be the coming necessity, and upon this is contingent the suppression of unnecessary noises on the streets. The time is coming—of course, it must come—when all the activities of life will be conducted as noiselessly as the use of a battery of noiseless rifles in warfare.

AWAY WITH CLASS HATRED

Distinction of Condition Should Be Forgotten If the Ideal Ever Is to Be Attained.

Perhaps there is no feeling more subtle, more elusive, and more difficult to eradicate from human nature than the sense of "superiority."

In a hundred different ways it manifests itself, and no class of society seems free from it.

The professional man's wife "condescends" to the grocer's wife, the clerk's wife patronizes the mechanic's wife, the "charlady" looks down on the "stepsfady," and so it goes on.

Is it any matter for wonder, then, that those who clothe themselves in purple and fine linen, who fare sumptuously every day, who are surrounded by all the culture, all the beauty, and all the luxury which modern civilization can provide find it hard to believe that a common humanity binds them to people who dwell in hovels, whose hands are begrimed and knotted with barren years of soulless labor, whose backs are bent beneath the terrific burden imposed upon them from their cradles, and who dwell continuously in the company of the grim specters of disease and poverty?

The gulf certainly seems almost impassible, but it must be bridged before any advance can be made in the direction of the abolition of class war and class hatred.—Chicago Tribune.

Go to the militant, thou sluggard. Consider her ways and be helped.

Stiff Joints Sprains, Bruises

are relieved at once by an application of Sloan's Liniment. Don't rub, just lay on lightly.

"Sloan's Liniment has done more good than anything I have ever tried for stiff joints. I got my hand hurt so badly that I had to stop work right in the busiest time of the year. I thought at first that I would have to have my hand taken off, but I got a bottle of Sloan's Liniment and cured my hand."
WILTON WHEELER, Morris, Ala.

Good for Broken Sinews

G. C. JONES, Baldwin, L. I., writes:—"I used Sloan's Liniment for broken sinews above the knee cap caused by a fall and to my great satisfaction was able to resume work in less than three weeks after the accident."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

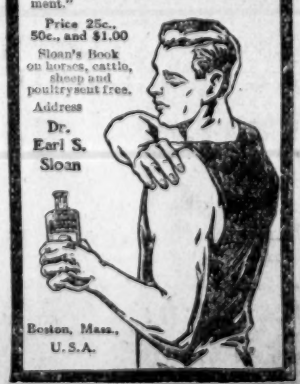
Fine for Sprain

MR. HENRY A. VOEHL, 84 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J., writes:—"A friend sprained his ankle so badly that it went black. He laughed when I told him that I would have him out in a week. I applied Sloan's Liniment and in four days he was working and said Sloan's was a right good Liniment."

Price 25c., 50c., and $1.00

Sloan's Book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free.

Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan



Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, Chicago, Illinois.

Getting Discouraged:—Part 1. It is easy to get blue and discouraged when sick, even though the sickness may be only a cold or a headache, but when more serious troubles arrive real sickness takes hold of you, then indeed it's hard to smile and be cheerful.

I have known invalids, however, hopeless cases, who were always bright and appeared cheerful to others and thus became an inspiration to all who knew them or came under their influence. Some people realize that the cultivation of gloom and despondency lessens their chances of regaining health and so they refuse to look upon the dark side of the picture. While they laugh at the sickness, they at the same time adopt every rational means for restoring health. A sound and well mind will do more for your body than all the drugs that can be read about, while a morbid fear and persistent belief in hopeless disease will counteract the best efforts of the most skilful physician.

One of the most powerful factors in the success or failure of a physician is the confidence of his patient. If he fails to secure that confidence, he is handicapped from start to finish. Confidence, cheerfulness and sensible treatment are the most potent factors for success in health as well as business.

Let me tell you about the case of a dear mother who wrote to the Club from Oklahoma. She just would not give up and be sick, but finally the doctor was called and he said the case was so serious that he wanted the counsel of some other great doctor, well, that, naturally frightened the family and they insisted that she should go to a hospital where she could have the best of care. Now that part was all right, but when the great specialist finally reported on the case he used a vast number of profound medical terms that sent cold chills down the spine of her husband, although they were absolutely meaningless to him.

Club Notes.

I will gladly answer all inquiries for information on health subjects from readers of this publication if same are addressed to Home Health Club, 5039 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago. Send full name and address with 4 cents postage.

Dear Doctor:—I am a young man 31 years of age, do not use tobacco, liquors and am troubled with a very distressing condition. Whenever I go anywhere and become a little excited, the sweat rolls down my face. I feel ashamed of myself, but I cannot help it. I would be grateful if you could suggest anything to cure this trouble.—H. M.

Your annoying complaint is simply a symptom of what is known as Neurasthenia, though in a very light form. It is caused by a high degree of self consciousness and is closely allied to blushing. Your worrying about the trouble, simply aggravates it and you undoubtedly look forward to it and expect it to occur, for instance, in the presence of others. You will have to learn to ignore entirely this tendency, for such it practically amounts to and to do this you must seek the company of others on every possible occasion. As it really is of no consequence, you must stop worrying about it and it will gradually appear less often and ultimately disappear entirely, if you can only keep the idea of it out of the mind. A study of the subject on Dynamic Magnetism contained in Vol. 2 of the Home Health Club books would be of the greatest assistance to you in learning to regain control of your mind and nerves. Medicine is of no use whatever in such conditions.

Dear Doctor:—I am a man nearly 60 years of age, and am getting very stiff, which condition has been coming on gradually for the last 20 years. At first I noticed it only upon getting up after sitting in a chair for half an hour or more on a damp day. Now I am stiff all the time and it is growing worse, though not much pain is connected with it. I have used alcoholic drinks nearly all my life moderately, not every day, but when I do drink i do not notice the stiffness so much. If you think alcoholic drinks bad for me, I will stop their use. There is no fever or swelling in connection with it and I never had inflammatory rheumatism. Could it be chronic rheumatism? I have been told that the baths at Hot Springs, Ark., would cure me, but I am a poor man and cannot afford to go there. Can you kindly suggest something that will help me?—F. W. C.

The condition of stiffness of which you complain is that commonly known as chronic muscular rheumatism. There are other diseases, accompanied by varying degrees of stiffness and involving in one case the bones and joints and in another the nervous system particularly, but the symptoms mentioned by you do not indicate the presence of either of these affections. Chronic rheumatism, though very common, is not yet a well understood disease and there seem to be different varieties due to different causes. The commonest cause probably is the failure of the kidneys, skin and other excretory organs, to entirely eliminate the waste matter formed in the body. To correct this condition the diet and general care of the body must be regulated according to the principles so frequently explained in these lectures and so clearly set forth in the Home Health Club books. In short, the food taken must be easily digested and laxative in nature, at least four to six pints of water drunk daily, meat, eggs, cheese, etc., used very sparingly, if at all; fruits, green vegetables, fats and oils taken in considerable quantities. Tea and coffee should be avoided and also in particular alcoholic liquors. The Hot Springs treatment, undoubtedly would be beneficial, but by taking frequent hot baths or vapor baths, drinking plenty c. water and keeping the bowels active, much good can be derived at home from similar methods. Also be sure to have all defective teeth properly attended to.

"Set."

What is the favorite word of the English language? The Germans have their "schlag" and "zug," which cover many meanings. But we beat them in the one word—not "post"—which you might suspect of the supremacy of ambiguity—but "set." One always thought that "post" was the word that meant all things and nothing. The punster should watch the word "set," which has achieved nearly seventy columns in the new English dictionary. It is a small word, but its meanings are almost unlimited. You should set to work on the word, which you use every day in a hundred senses. And it would be a pleasant, popular game to set down to the number of ways in which you have used that word during the day. "Set to partners" you might call it.—London Chronicle.

California evidently wants to demonstrate that she can raise something beside lemons, prunes and cranges.—Detroit News.

Teulan, a Moroccan city in the Tangier peninsula, has been named the capital, of the Spanish possession in northwest Africa.

But wouldn't war with Japan seriously affect California's Panama Exposition plans?—Detroit Free Press.

Feet Tired— So Tired?

TIZ Makes Sick Feet Well No Matter What Ails Them.

Send at Once for Free Trial Package.

TIZ acts at once and makes tired, aching, swollen feet remarkably fresh and sore proof.

It's the sure remedy, you know, for everything that gets the matter with your feet. It's for sore feet and for sweaty, bad-smelling feet, and for corns, callues, and bunions, too.

"For years I have been troubled with sore and tender feet; suffered intense pains. Have had the assistance of physicians without relief. I bought a box of TIZ, which worked a perfect cure, as it has with a great many of my friends. I would not be without it."—A. F. Dreutzer, Chicago.

TIZ is not a powder. Powders and other foot remedies clog up the pores. TIZ draws out all poisonous exudations which bring on soreness of the feet, and is the only remedy that does.

You'll never limp again or draw up your face in pain, and you'll forget about your corns, bunions and callues. You'll feel like a new person. There are two kinds of people in the world—those that get what they want, and those that get what someone else wants to give them. Be firm—when you ask for TIZ, get it and laugh at the substitute.

TIZ is for sale at all drug stores, department and general stores at 25 cents per box, or it will be sent you direct, if you wish. Money back if TIZ doesn't do all we say. For a free trial package write today to Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

No. Six-Sixty-Six

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

17-19-21 Carroll Building

ROOM 512. 'PHONE 813

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING

Automobile Owners.

We beg to announce that in connection with our Carriage Shops, we have opened a first-class Paint and Finishing Room, and are prepared to handle anything in our line in the most up-to-date manner. Only the best workmen employed. Our work is guaranteed. Bring us your old car and carriage and let us return it to you spick and span.

J. T. BROWN,

Nos 13 and 15 North Third Street

NEW NOVELS

The Lovers of Skye, by Frank Waller Allen
The Gay Rebellion, by Robert W. Chambers.
Guinevere's Lover, by Elinor Glyn.
The Valiants of Virginia, by Hallie E. River.
John O' Jamestown, by Vaughn Kester.
Andrew the Glad, by Marie Thompson Davless.
Roast Beef Medium, by Edna Ferber.
Seven Keys to Baldpate, by Earl Derr Biggers.
Bobbie General Manager, by Oliver Higgins Prouty.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET

Bookseller and Stationer.

ONE APPLICATION RESTORES THE COLOR TO GREY OR FADED HAIR

Simple—Easy—Safe—With Hay's Hair Health

Why have unsightly grey hair—why look prematurely grey and years older than you are—why look unattractive and lose your charm and beauty?

If your hair is grey, faded, streaked looking, Hay's Hair Health will change it—bring back the natural color, life and lustre quickly, effectively. No one can tell that you are using it. You'll be surprised at the quick results from a few applications, the grey hairs will gradually disappear, leaving your hair in its natural, youthful condition, full of life, radiance and beauty.

For those who are troubled with Dandruff there is nothing that will relieve the irritation and itching and cleanse the scalp so quickly and thoroughly as Hay's Hair Health. Dandruff causes the hair to turn grey, become thin and faded, and gradually to fall out. Get rid of it at once.

Druggists will refund your money if you are not satisfied with Hay's Hair Health after a trial.

Free: Sign this adv. and take it to the following druggists and get a 50c. bottle of Hay's Hair Health and a 25c. cake of Harfina Soap for 50c.; or $1.00 bottle of Hay's Hair Health and two 25c. cakes of Harfina Soap Free, for $1.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

DAVID'S

Three Ways to Buy Clothes

YOU buy your clothes in one of three ways. Which do you think is the best way?

1. You may go to a custom-tailor and have them "made-to-order." You have delays; "try-ons"; you don't know what you're going to get; and if he's a cheap tailor—$25, $30, $40—you don't get very much.

2. You may pick out a piece of cloth from a book of samples; send your specifications away somewhere; and wait. If the suit "makes up" as you expected, if it is trimmed as you hoped, if it fits as you want it to, you're lucky.

3. You may come to us for Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes; see them ready, not merely a piece of cloth; see how they look on you, not in an illustration or on a dummy figure; see the linings and trimmings, not merely words about them; see how the suit fits, before you buy, not after; see if it's becoming to you, not just guess at it; and take only a few minutes of your time.

This third way is right; you pay less than in 1; and get more value than in 2. As a demonstration of it, ask us to show you one of our suits at $25.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes, John B. Stetson Hats, Manhattan Shirts.

The Murchison National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,350,000.00
ASSETS : : : : : : 7,000,000.00

Every possible facility furnished at all times to customers and depositors.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, V. President. M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cashier.
J. W. YATES, V. President. W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cashier.

STEAM PUMPS

When you buy a Boiler Feed or a Steam Pump, get the best Brass Lined Bronze Rods and Metallic Valves. We have a stock of all sizes of the Gardner Steam Pump and can supply your wants at once.

We also handle the Brownell Boilers and Engines—Patrol Watchman's Clock—American Saw Mill Machinery. Consult with us. We are prepared to save you in fuel and cash.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

"THE IRON MEN".
Orange and Water Streets.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

PUBLIC OPINION

Holds in high esteem the man who is forging ahead, and frequently honors him with positions of trust and influence.

But no man can go ahead who thoughtlessly squanders his money, losing the confidence and respect of friends and companions.

If you would be a useful man in this community and desire its esteem, we urge you to be diligent in your work, save a part of your earnings and cultivate habits of thrift and regularity.

An account with a good Savings Bank will help you. We invite you to have an account with us.

Home Savings Bank

115 N. Front St., Orton Building.

We Have Recently Opened Up a Nice Line of
DINING :: ROOM :: FURNITURE
Sideboards, Buffets, China Closets, Tables, Chairs.
Let Us Show You.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
126—128 PRINCESS STREET.

PORTLAND CEMENT

Wall Plaster, Rock and Hydrated Lime, Shingles, Laths, Pipe, Etc.
Orders respectfully solicited.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

Phone 789

JAUNTY OXFORDS

You will be jauntily shod—and will be stylishly, smartly shod—if you will wear a pair of our

JAUNTY SPRING $5.00 OXFORDS.

Exactly the style being worn on Fifth Avenue, New York. Made of Russia calf and Gunmetal leather, and so made that they give the maximum of REAL comfortable, long-wearing service. Let's show you how well your feet look in a pair.

Hewlett & Price

24 NO. FRONT ST.

WHEN YOU GO CALLING

a carriage from this livery stable is at your disposal. It will add dignity to your visits and enable you to make more of them. Try it on your next calling day. The added pleasure you will derive and the large number of social debts you can pay are well worth the cost.

City Livery Co.

C. W. MILLS, Mgr.

Some Times a Few Cents

more or less in the cost of your dental work may mean your securing satisfactory work, or temporary work that will soon give way.

We welcome comparison of our work and prices. We do nothing but

Dependable Dentistry

and charge a reasonable price for the services rendered.

If your teeth need attention, allow us to put them in good shape and you will never regret it. Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.

Drs. Culbreth & Culbreth

Front and Princess Sts.

Ladies and Gentlemen

We have

Beta Quinal,
Zintone,
Eptol,
Sulfo Solution,
Sarsene,
Ruetone

and many other toilet requisites, Hair Tonics and the like

Use Rubright Liniment.

Offices for rent over store.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

Wholesale and Retail.
The Quality Drug Store.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Dr. Leland Creese Dr. Lillian Creese

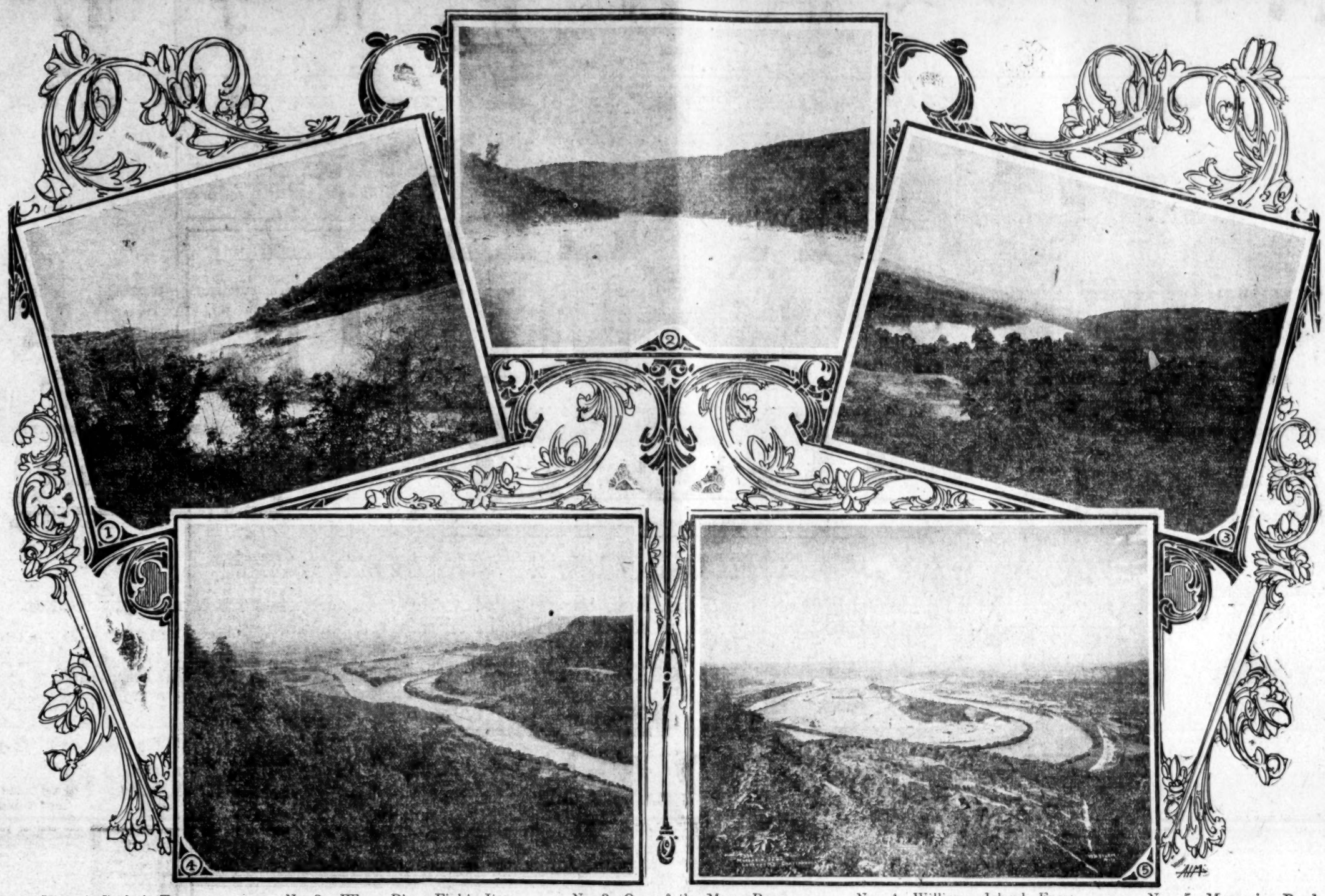
CREESE & CREESE.

CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIANS AND NERVE SPECIALISTS.

All forms of Disease successfully handled—90 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty. Consultation Free.

32-33 Garrell BLDG. 'PHONE 908.
RESIDENCE 'PHONE . . . 1961
ja 10-1f.

The Historic Tennessee River



No. 1—Historic Suck, in Tennessee River Fifteen Miles Below Chattanooga.

No. 2.—Where River Fights Its Way Through the Cumberland Mountains.

No. 3—One of the Many Beautiful Views of the Valley of the Tennessee.

No. 4—Williams Island From Signal Point on Walden's Ridge.

No. 5—Moccasin Bend From Point Park on Lookout Mountain

Picturesque Valley of Chattanooga

BITS OF PIONEER AND MODERN HISTORY OF TENNESSEE RIVER

WHITE SETTLERS AND THE INDIANS

Village of Chickamauga Near Site of Chattanooga.

Nickajack Cave, Historic Cavern of Cumberlands.

Melancholy Fate of Family of Col. William Brown, North Carolina Pioneer.

(By J. G. RICE.)

The Tennessee river for a distance of fifty miles above and below Chattanooga figured conspicuously in the early annals of Tennessee, or rather in the early history of this section of the United States.

A number of Indian tribes fought each other, as only the American Indians could fight, for possession of this stream. From these conflicts that lasted through a long term of years there has come down to the present generation a wealth of legendary history and well established facts that do not grow old by repetition.

When the white man penetrated into the wilderness west of the Virginia and North Carolina mountains, the Tennessee river was his main route of travel. A number of expeditions by white men were made into this territory as early as 1750, but they either lost their lives in the tortuous channels and tumultuous waters of the Tennessee or were massacred by Indians.

The stories of all of these adventures fills volumes and forms one of the most thrilling chapters of American history. Book after book has been written on the topic and the public has read them with great interest. These books and stories are a part of Chattanooga's history.

The Chickamauga Indians.

From all reliable accounts the Chickamauga Indians caused the white pioneers more trouble and annoyance than all others combined in this territory. They were a worthless, murderous tribe, and enlisted under their standard every outcast white man that came among them and would promise to unite with the Indians in their campaigns of pillage and murder.

The Chickamaugas built a village at the mouth of Chickamauga river, some five miles above the present city of Chattanooga. They had for a general meeting place, when too closely pursued by an enemy, a large cave on the side of Sand mountain, thirty miles below Chattanooga. This cavern is known as Nickajack cave, and is in plain view from the depot at Shellmound, Ala., on the line of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railway. A story founded largely on legend has it that this cave was given its present name from the fact that a runaway negro slave from North Carolina made it his hiding place. His name was Jack. The Indians called him "Nigger Jack," and finally named the cave Nickajack cave.

Nickajack is one of the largest caverns in the Cumberland range. The Indians used it as a storing place for the articles stolen from the white man, and for a place of refuge in time of trouble. Finally they built a village near the cave and fortified it against any hostile foe.

From the village near the mouth of Chickamauga river, above Chattanooga, these Indians would glide down the Tennessee in their canoes, conceal themselves in the numerous mountain coves and gorges below the present site of the city, and pounce upon any expedition of white men organized to explore the river. Whole families of white people were butchered by these Indians. Some of the stories of their murderous deeds have no parallel in Indian warfare. Women and children were slain in the presence of husband and fathers, children were carried away to the Indian villages and either burned at the stake or held in the most brutal captivity.

Fate of the Brown Family.

The story of the melancholy fate of the family of Col. William Brown, of North Carolina, a man who fought under Light Horse Harry Lee in the Revolutionary war, is more or less familiar. Col. Brown came down the Tennessee in a houseboat, having with him his entire family, consisting of his wife and seven children. Two of his sons were grown. The other children were small. On the boat were his servants and his cattle, with which he intended to establish a home in the new world. The expedition was attacked in the most treacherous manner by the Chickamauga Indians at Running Water, near the present site of a great hydro-electric plant being constructed by Anthony N. Brady, of New York. Col. Brown and four young men who had asked to be allowed to accompany them on the expedition, were killed. The two grown sons were also murdered. Joseph Brown, a boy of tender years, his mother and two of his small sisters were taken into captivity by the Indians and were saved from death by an old Cherokee chief and his wife.

Joseph Brown lived with these Indians until he reached manhood. He worked his way out of the Indian country, however, and finally guided an expedition of white men to the Nickajack village in 1794 which resulted in the total destruction of the Chickamaugas. This expedition was organized at Nashville under the direction of John Robertson, and was commanded by Maj. Ore. Brown found his mother, sisters and one brother among the Indians, succeeded in rescuing them, and the remnant of the family went to a point near Columbia, Tenn., where Joseph Brown became a beloved divine of the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

The Chickamaugas claimed to be members of the Cherokee nation, but they were in the main outcasts from all Indian tribes. The section around Chattanooga suffered more from them than from all other Indians.

The Tennessee in Peace.

All along the Tennessee river today where these conflicts between the whites and Indians occurred in the latter half of 1700, one sees many evidences of industrial activity. The mountains are rich in mineral wealth, such as coal, iron, phosphate and building stone. This wealth is being developed by Chattanooga's captains of industry, the raw material finding its way into local shops and factories, where it is manufactured into merchantable products and sent all over the south and into foreign countries. The water power, so dangerous to navigation a hundred years ago, has been harnessed and made to produce electric current for manufacturing plants and trolley lines. Obstruction to navigation has been removed by the national government, and the Tennessee is now included in the list of rivers that are to be permanently improved at public expense.

In scenic beauty, the Tennessee river as it flows through the gorges of the Cumberlands at Chattanooga has few serious rivals and is the delight of tourists. During the Confederate reunion in May trips will be taken over the most interesting and historic section of the river from Chattanooga to Hale's bar, where the large power plant and lock and dam are being completed at a cost of $10,000,000. This trip covers the celebrated narrows, whirlpools and shoals that have figured so conspicuously in history.

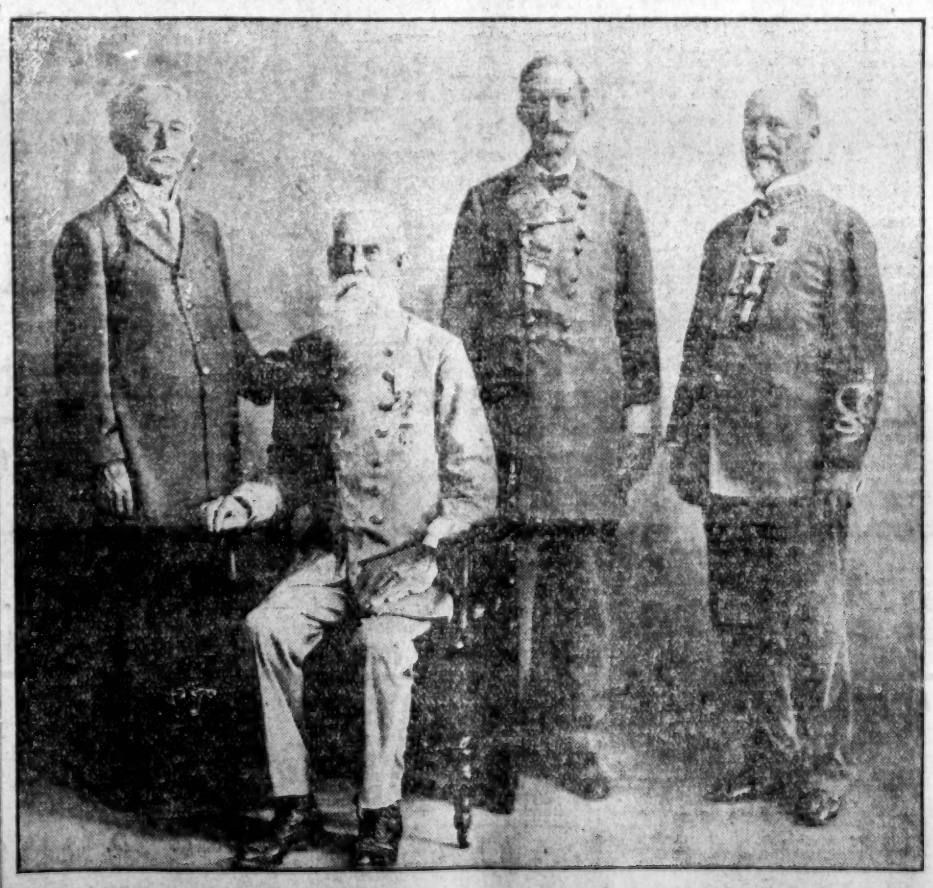
Ramsey's Annals of Tennessee (1853) makes the following reference to the Tennessee river in its passage through the Cumberland mountains at and below Chattanooga:

The Historian's Pen.

"The passage of this river through the several ranges of the Cumberland mountains forms one of the most remarkable features in American topography. It is unique, romantic and picturesque—presenting views at once variegated, grand, sublime and awful. At the great Lookout, or Chattanooga mountain, commences a series of rapids, where, in its tortuous windings along the base of several mountain ranges, the Tennessee river, contracted into a narrow channel, hemmed in by projecting cliffs and towering precipices of stone, dashes with tumultuous violence from shore to shore, creating in its rapid descent over immense boulders and masses of rock a succession of cataracts and vortices. Beautiful and interesting in the extreme to the beholder, these rapids constitute a formidable obstacle to navigation, which is not entirely overcome by the agency of steam. Cherokee tradition is prolific of accident and disaster to the navigation of the aborigines. It is fabled that a fleet of Indian canoes, rowed by Uchee warriors and destined for an invasion of the Shawnees at the mouth of the Ohio, was engulfed in the whirlpool, now known as the "suck." Civilization, skill and experience have diminished these obstacles to commerce and navigation, but three-quarters of a century since it was an achievement of no ordinary kind to pass through them, though at high tide. Even now the voyager must be fearless and vigilant."

It is one of the regrettable circumstances of advancing civilization and improvement that many of nature's wonders and beauties are marred by the hand of man to make way for commerce. Since Mr. Ramsey wrote his book the United States government has spent many millions of dollars removing obstructions to navigation from the Tennessee river near Chattanooga. Huge boulders that in ages past were hurled from the mountain tops and cast into the Tennessee river by some mighty force of nature, have been removed by the federal government and much of the watery tumult destroyed. But the narrows are yet there, the mountain peaks tower as high over the bed of the river as ever and the grandeur of mountain scenery remains. The element of danger, however, always attractive to the American spirit is not so pronounced now as it was when the red man held undisputed sway over the Tennessee river.

CONFEDERATE GENERALS OF ALABAMA



Four survivors who will take part in unveiling monument erected by Daughters of that state on Chickamauga field, during Chattanooga reunion. Reading from left to right: Gen. John B. Fuller, of Montgomery; Gen. B. F. Weathers, of Roanoke; Gen. T. R. Thompson, of Tuscumbia, Gen. H. Austin, of Mobile.

SUNSET PARK CAR LINE EVERY 10 MINUTES TO-DAY

5 Cent Fare

5 Cent Fare

REGULAR WEEK-DAY SCHEDULE WILL BE PUBLISHED LATER

Take the family out and see this beautiful Residential Park of Pines. Go down on RIVERSIDE DRIVE. Benches have been provided for your comfort. The home of the legendary "Dram Tree." See the batteries of old Fort Strong.

Riverside Drive Will Soon Be Converted Into a Beautiful Asphaltum Thoroughfare!

BETTER SELECT YOUR LOT NOW

Fidelity Trust and Development Company

14 Princess Street Telephone 312

AMERICAN OLYMPIC GAMES

(Continued from Page 9.)

furnish entries for about seven events.

Similarly Italian and German residents of Chicago are preparing to enter star athletes representing their respective countries, while the Norwegians are exerting every effort to run even with their Swedish compatriots.

The action of the Greeks displays keen sportsmanship for various reasons. Six months ago there were two flourishing Greek athletic clubs in Chicago, embracing about 150 star men.

Today there are only about twelve members remaining in Chicago, the others having gone back to Greece. Some are still fighting, some have been killed. Likewise the Greek residents of Chicago have already sent $50,000 back to Greece for the relief of the widows and orphans of the soldiers killed in the war.

Notwithstanding this depressing situation, the Chicago Greeks have got together and are doing their utmost to aid the Olympic meet. Thomas Chamales, one of the best known and influential Greeks in this city, started a subscription and is canvassing his fellow countrymen.

"I do this not only for the honor of Greece but because I am for anything that will keep children away from saloons and cafes," said he. "As a cafe proprietor I want to say that I don't want children in my place and I will help you in every possible way."

Mrs. Charles H. Betts, president of the League of Cook County Clubs, when extending the endorsement of the club women, said:

"We are convinced that this is the sociological movement for which we have been striving, though perhaps, we did not realize previously what may be accomplished by athletis.

"Given clean and wholesome athletics to afford an outlet for excess of youthful spirits, we believe that our boys and girls will themselves solve many of the trying vice problems. This movement will prove to be the 'ounce of prevention' that will render unnecessary the 'pound of cure.'"

Beginning Monday, May 5th, one hour per day will be set aside in every school in Chicago and Cook County, to be known as "Olympic Hour." During this period the instructors will discuss with the pupils the object and purpose of the meet.

They will recount the history of Olympic games from their earliest inception in ancient Greece, to the modern revival and the good that has already been accomplished, in raising the standard of athletics all over the world and in generally promoting clean sportsmanship.

Representatives of every railroad and steamship company running into Chicago comprise the committee on co-operation and attendance. Under the direction of Frank E. Scott, chairman, they have already laid plans for a series of excursions from all points of the compass, from far and near.

Colonel Eli D. Hoyle, Sixth Field Artillery, temporarily in command of the Department of the Lakes, with headquarters at Chicago, is a member of the polo committee and is exerting every effort to secure the presence of some of the crack army polo teams at the meet.

His son, Lieut. R. E. DeRussy Hoyle, is captain of the champion army team, located at Fort Riley, Kansas. Major General Leonard Wood has already granted leave of absence from active duty of all members of the polo teams so that they may practice and be in fine fettle.

This means, bar accidents, that the best team in the United States army will compete in the polo tournament, and tentative acceptance has likewise been received from the crack team Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

Teams from Kansas City, St. Louis and Denver are coming to Chicago for the Onwentsia Club polo tournament, just before the Olympic meet, and all have agreed to remain here for the tournament in Grand Park.

Strenuous efforts are being made to bring the crack British teams here after the international polo meet in the East, together with some of the well known American teams from New York and Pennsylvania.

Altogether the indications are excellent that the coming Olympic meet will not only develop some of the greatest athletic events in the history of the country, but will also see a remarkable polo tournament.

TWENTY BRIDES ON SHIP.

Irish and Scotch Lassies Met by Fances and Wed at Island.

New York, May 10.—Twenty bushing brides ran down the gang plank of the steamship California Tuesday into the arms of 20 eager bridegrooms. Gladness reigned until the immigration authorities found that eight of the girls did not have papers to prove their identity, and told them they could not remain less they were married first at Ellis Island, the immigration detention station.

When the other 12 learned this they said they would all stand together, and the 20 couples left for the island to find a clergyman. The prospective brides came from Scotland and Ireland, and the immigration authorities said they were the prettiest, as well as the largest company, that ever came here to be married.

One Thing After Another

(From the James A. Garfield Lodge's Announcement.)

Dear Sir and Bro.: You are invited to attend a special meeting on Wednesday, May 7th, for the purpose of determining the amount of money to be expended for the dedication of our cemetery. There will also be voted on an amendment to our by-laws, if a standing pleasure committee of nine with full power to run pleasure affairs shall be appointed.

Orchardists say this is a wonderful year for blossoms. What consumers would also like to hear is that no part of a big crop will be wasted.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

There is no longer any reason why even the poet can't conscientiously go to the ball game. While there he can listen to the "music of the spheres."—Cleveland Leader.

Cabbage production in Austria amounts to a million tons annually.

Woman's Danger Period

is said to be from 45 to 50. What should be a most natural change in a woman's life, is, on account of modern methods of living, fraught with most annoying and painful symptoms. Women when passing through this critical period should rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it has proved wonderfully successful in carrying women safely through the change of life.

(Advertisement.)

NEW SOUTHERN ENTERPRISES

Number of Industrial Undertakings Announced for Past Week in Baltimore Manufacturers' Record—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, May 10.—Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Arkansas & Memphis Railway Bridge & Terminal Co., awarded contract at about $125,000 for grading for proposed bridge across Mississippi river at Memphis; Company's plans include construction of freight terminals, wagon tracks, warehouses, etc., to cost about $1,000,000; will also construct two subways to cost about $100,000 each.

L. E. Tierney, Powhatan, W. Va., purchased coal lands in Pike county, Ky., for development, will open 15 mines and plans daily output of 15,000 tons.

New Orleans Railway & Light Co., New Orleans, contemplates construction of gas holder costing $350,000, and to have capacity of 5,000,000 cubic feet.

Forest Hill Cemetery Co., Birmingham, Ala., plans to expend $125,000 for improvements to Woodlawn Cemetery Company's property, which it has acquired with additional land; plans to construct dam to form miniature lakes, arrange fountains, drives, flower beds, etc., to cost $50,000 and build stone mausoleum to cost $75,000.

Redland Power Co., Charlottesville, Va., will build dam and power house to develop 2,000 electrical horse power, concrete, steel and brick construction; cost $100,000.

British-American Tobacco Co., Richmond, Va., awarded contract to erect five-story reinofrecd concrete factory building at Petersburg to cost $100,000.

Maryland Steel Co., Sparrows Point, Md., awarded contract to build 120 coke ovens.

Locke Cotton Mills, Concord, N. C., increased preferred stock from $200,000 to $500,000.

Charlottesville & Albemarle Railway Co., Charlottesville, Va., plans to construct 2,000 horse power steam plant on Moore's creek.

Gillespie County Gold Mining Co., Llano, Texas, was incorporated with $30,000 capital stock, to develop gold deposits.

C. & T. Waterproofing Co., Hickman, Ky., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock, to manufacture waterproofing compound and waterproof articles.

American Agricultural Chemical Co., Baltimore, will rebuild plant recently burned at loss of about $100,000.

Hollingsworth Candy Co., Augusta, Ga., will expend $20,000 to erect factory and store building for the manufacture and sale of candy.

Composite Brick Co., Jacksonville, Fla., will alter building at cost of $2,000 and install equipment for the manufacture of about 40,000 common and face bricks daily.

C. D. Burns Lumber Co., Martinsburg, W. Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock.

White Oak Coal & Coke Co., Louisville, Ky., was incorporated with capital stock of $25,000.

White Brick Co., Dallas, Texas, was incorporated with capital stock of $30,000 to manufacture bricks.

George E. Nissen & Co., Winston-Salem, N. C., awarded contract to erect 50x100 foot addition to plant for manufacturing wagons.

White River Phosphate Co., Little Rock, Ark., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to develop phosphate deposits.

Neisette Lumber Co., Statesville, N. C., was incorporated with $125,000 capital stock.

Calhoun Hosiery Co., Penrose, N. C., was incorporated with capital stock of $25,000 to manufacture hosiery.

Brandee Fireplace Heater Co., Henderson, Ky., was incorporated with $25,000 capital stock to manufacture heaters.

Oglethorpe Oil & Fertilizer Co., Athens, Ga., was incorporated with capital stock of $25,000 to establish cotton seed oil mill.

Virginia Hydraulic Brick & Stone Co., Richmond, Va., organized with $50,000 capital stock to manufacture bricks, building stone and paving blocks.

Sumter Stave Co., Sumter, S. C., was incorporated with $20,000 capital stock to manufacture staves, will erect stave mill at cost of $20,000.

Edna Electric Light, Ice & Water Co., Edna, Texas, was incorporated with capital stock of $20,000.

No, Clarissima, the fact that we will have free sugar does nat necessarily mean that the fly population will show a decided increase.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Vancouver, British Columbia, refused to accept $50,000 for library purposes from Andrew Carnegie.

Mexico last year received 54 per cent of her total imports from the United States.

ANNUAL CONFEDERATE VETERANS REUNION

Chattanooga, Tenn.

May 27th to 29th, 1913

Low Round-trip Fares

—VIA—

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Tickets will be on sale on May 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th and for trains scheduled to reach Chattanooga before noon on May 29th, 1913.

Tickets will be limited returning to reach original starting point not later than midnight of June 5th, or if you desire to remain longer, by depositing your ticket with special agent, Chattanooga, and paying a fee of fifty cents, final limit will be extended until June 25th, 1913.

Tickets for this occasion will be on basis of one cent per mile.

For complete and detailed information as to round-trip fares, schedules, special service, etc., ask your agent or address,

J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

S. D. KISER,
City Ticket Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

BIG G Cures in 1 to 5 days unnatural discharges. Contains no poison and may be used full strength absolutely without fear. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. **WHY NOT CURE YOURSELF?** At Druggists, or we ship express prepaid upon receipt of $1. Full particulars mailed on request. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

"Gentle sleep-
Nature's soft nurse."
Shakespeare

Our wisest Poet realized the value of sleep. Do you realize it?

If you wish perfect sleep and comfort, try a Red Cross Sanitary Felt Mattress.

Sterilized Long Fibre Felt, $15.

RED CROSS SANITARY FELT MATTRESS

Made By Southern Spring Bed Co., Atlanta

FOR SALE BY RELIABLE DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

"Red Cross Mattresses always in stock at W. Munroe & Co., Wilmington, N. C."